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MORRISON'S BILL.

MEETING OF THE SUPPORTERS OF THE MEASURE.

At Which They Map Out a Course to be Pursued in Regard to the Tariff Bill—An Address to be Issued to the People—Mr. Randall's Bill—Other Items from Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—[Special.]—The conference of the democratic supporters of the Morrison tariff bill was held at the instance of Speaker Carlisle and Mr. Morrison. They have realized for several weeks the utter hopelessness of passing this bill and anticipating for to-morrow a repetition of last Thursday defeat, wished to determine on some expedient which would soften the disappointment. About one hundred of the one hundred and thirty-six democrats who voted for the bill last Thursday were present. General Bragg, of Wisconsin, presided. Speeches were made by Speaker Carlisle, Messrs. Morrison, Tarsney, of Michigan, Mills, of Texas, Allen, of Mississippi, and King, of Louisiana. Speaker Carlisle and Mr. Morrison explained that the caucus was called to outline some policy on which the friends of the late deceased bill could stand not only in congress but in the coming congressional campaign. They were severe on the democrats who voted with Mr. Randall to refuse consideration to the bill.

After the tariff orators had made all the speeches they had prepared for the occasion, a motion was adopted authorizing the chairman to appoint a member from each state that has a member in the house who voted for the bill to determine what had best be done under the circumstances. This means that the committee is to formulate and issue an address to the people setting forth the reason why the tari ffshould be reformed. The conference was remarkable for its good humor and the harmony of its proceedings. Mr. Morrison has, of course, no hope that his next motion to consider his bill, whether made tomorrow or at at any other time, will prevail. It was rumored that he meant to make it again and again until congress adjourned, but one more defeat will settle it and then the address to the people will be issued.

MR. RANDALL'S TARIFF BILL.

There has been much talk of a tariff bill which Mr. Randall is said to have prepared. It is true that Mr. Randall has such a bill but it is not probable that he will introduce it this session. It aims mainly at a reduction of the internal revenue, re-arranges the iron schedule to some extent, and corrects the errors in the tariff on woolens. The conference tonight practically disposes of the tariff question for this session.

GEORGIA BILLS.

The following Georgia bills were introduced today:

Mr. Crisp—To authorize the Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad to bridge the Flint river.

Mr. Norwood—To extend for two years the time within which the Importing and Exporting company of Georgia may sue the United States for property taken during the war.

Mr. Blount—To pay R. M. Jackson two thousand two hundred dollars for property taken during the war.

The house passed the final appropriation for the Macon public building, and work will soon be begun.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETOES.

President Cleveland sent in vetoes of eleven more pension bills today, and gave congress another lecture of the careless manner in which money is thrown away in the name of pensions. The president's bold stand in this matter has caused a decided reaction on the pension question so far as the expression of opinion by members is concerned. Whether the northern congressmen, who have supreme control of this question, will have the nerve to stop the abuses which have grown up in the pension business, remains to be seen.

PERSONAL.

Congressman Clements went to Georgia this morning for a brief visit.

Senator Brown and family returned tonight from Luray, where they have been recruiting since last Thursday.

F. H. R.

THE RULES AMENDED.

A Motion to Reconsider Debatable—The Army Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—In the senate, Mr. George, from the committee on the judiciary, reported favorably the bill to remove the political disabilities of J. G. Flourney, of Mississippi, and on motion of Mr. George, the bill at once passed, the vote being unanimous.

Mr. Fry, from the committee on rules, reported favorably the Edmunds resolution providing for such amendment to the rules as to admit of debate on a motion to reconsider.

The resolution was agreed to and the rules amended accordingly.

The army appropriation bill was reported from the house of representatives with a message of noncurrence in the senate amendments and asking a conference.

The senate insisted on its amendments and the chair appointed Messrs. Logan, Plumb and Gorman as a conference committee.

The consular and diplomatic appropriation bill was received from the house with a message of non-concurrence.

The senate insisted on its amendments and ordered a conference.

Mr. Plumb gave notice that on Wednesday he would call up the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill.

The naval appropriation bill was received from the house of representatives and referred to the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Vest, from the committee on commerce, reported favorably Senator Plumb's bill to authorize the Kansa City and Memphis railroad and bridge company to construct a bridge over the Mississippi river from Hopefield, Ark., to Memphis, Tenn. The committee has amended the bill so as to provide that if the construction of the bridge is not commenced within one year, the act shall be be void.

Mr. Conger, from the committee on commerce, reported favorably bill recently passed by the house to amend section 4670 of the revised statutes, so as to provide for not exceeding sixteen light house districts and repealing any law or regulation prohibiting the employment in light houses of persons over forty-five years of age, and directing the secretary of the treasury to establish range lights near Fort McRae; to re-establish Fort Barnacas range and to place a day beacon to mark shoals between the anchorage and Black Water bay, Florida, at a cost of $17,250.

A number of veto messages were received from the president which, when read, were laid on the table. The bill to repeal the preemption and timber culture acts was then taken up and its consideration proceeded with.

The bill was discussed until 5:15, when, without action, the senate went into executive session.

At 5:40 the doors were reopened and the senate adjourned.

THE DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Estimates for the Mails—The Naval Appropriation Bill—Other Business.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The speaker laid before the house a communication from acting secretary of the treasury submitting an estimate of the appropriation amounting to $626,714 for the transportation of mails on non-subsidized railroads, controlled by the Central Pacific railroad company. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, the senate amendments to the pension appropriation bill were non-concurred in, and Messrs. Townshend, Wilson and Long appointed conferees.

The house having resumed consideration, the naval appropriation bill was rejected—yeas 99, nays 13.

The motion made Saturday by Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, to recommitt the bill with instructions to the committee on naval affairs to report it back with an amendment making a provision for the completion of the double turrette monitor. The bill was then passed.

At conclusion of the call of states for the introduction of bills and resolutions, on motion of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, the house went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill. There was no general debate on the measure, though it was agreed that when the clauses were reached relative to the public survey, the five minute rule would not be held to apply.

The bill was then read by paragraphs for amendment, and a number of changes made both of insertion and omission, chiefly affecting local interests.

The paragraph relative to the bureau of engraving and printing having been reached, Mr. Dingley, of Maine, offered an amendment requiring the engraving of notes of the denomination of $1 and $2 and other denominations, authorized by law.

The amendment was ruled out, and on an appeal the decision of chair was sustained.

Mr. Warner, of Ohio, offered a similar amendment, which met with a similar fate.

Mr. Warner then attempted to evade point of the order by modifying the amendment so as to authorize the issue of $1 and $2 notes in place of mutilated and cancelled notes of like denomination.

Mr. Randall raised a point of order against this amendment also, declaring that the avowed object of the proposition was to compel a different administration of the law than was practiced at present and, therefore, changed the existing law.

After some discussion, the speaker overruled Mr. Randall's point of order.

A vote was taken and the amendment was lost—75 to 87.

Mr. Warner then offered an amendment of similar purport, but pending action the committee arose.

Mr. Zack Taylor, of Tennessee, offered a resolution reciting the fact that the lower portion of Memphis has been in part destroyed by the caving of the bank of the Mississippi river at that point, and providing for a loan to properly authorized officers of the taxing district of Shelby county, all or enough of barge boat, tools, implements and appliances under control of the Mississippi river commission to be used in improving the river below Peel street in that city.

The resolution was adopted and the house, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

A BATCH OF VETOES.

The President Sends in Fifteen Bills Without His Signatures.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president today sent to congress fifteen veto messages, six of which were sent to the senate and nine to the house. In his message vetoing a bill granting a pension to Elizabeth S. DeKraff, the president says his objection is that it is of no possible advantage to the benificiary; that the present pension laws give her all the advantages which she would receive under the special law. The president adds:

I am so thoroughly tired of disapproving gifts of public money to individuals who, in my view, have no right or claim to the same, notwithstanding the apparent congressional sanction, that I interpose, with a feeling of relief in a case where I find it unnecessary, to determine the merits of the application. In speaking of promiscuous and ill advised grants of pensions which have lately been presented to me for approval, I have spoken of their "apparent congressional sanction" in recognition of the fact that a large proportion of these bills have never been submitted to a majority of either branch of congress, but are the result of nominal sessions held for the express purpose of their consideration, and attended by a small minority of the members of the respective houses of the legislative branch of the government. Thus, in considering these bills, I have not felt that I was aided by the deliberate judgment of congress; and when I have deemed it my duty to disapprove many of the bills presented, I have hardly regarded my action as a dissent from the conclusions of the people's representatives, and I have not been insensible to suggestions which should influence every citizen, either in private station or official place, to exhibit not only a just but generous appreciation of the services of our country's defenders. In reviewing pension legislation presented to me many bills have been appoved upon the theory that every doubt should be resolved in favor of the proposed beneficiary. I have not, however, been able to entirely divest myself of the idea that public money appropriated for pensions is a soldier's fund which should be devoted to the indemnification of those who, in defense of the union and in the nation's service, have worthily deserved, and who, in the days of their dependence, resulting from such suffering, are entitled to the benefactions of their government. This reflection lends to the bestowal of pensions a kind of sacredness which invites the adoption of such principles and regulations as will exclude the perversion as well as insure liberal and generous application of grateful and benevolent designs. Heedlessness and disregard of the principle which underlies the granting of pensions is unfair to the wounded, crippled soldier, who is honored in just recognition of his government. Such a man should never find himself side by side on the pension roll with those who have been tempted to attribute their natural ills to which humanity is heir, to service in the army. Every relaxation of principle in the granting of pensions, invites applications without merit and encourages those who, for gain urge honest men to become dishonest. This is a demoralizing lesson taught the people, that as against the public treasury, the most questionable expedients are allowable. During the present session of congress 493 special pension bills have been submitted to me and I am advised that 111 more have received the favorable action of both houses of congress and will be presented within a day or two, making over 600 of these bills which have been passed up to this time during the present session, nearly three times the number passed at any entire session since 1881. With the pension bureau fully equipped and regulated by the most liberal rules in active operation, supplemented in its work by constant special legislation, it certainly is not unreasonable to suppose that in all the years that have elapsed since the close of war, majority of meritorious claims for pensions have been presented and determined. I have now more than 130 of these bills before me awaiting executive action. It will be impossible to bestow upon them all the examination they deserve and many will probably become operative which should be rejected. In the meantime I venture to suggest the significance of the startling increase in this kind of legislation and the consequences involved in its continuance."

The bills providing for the erection of public buildings at Zanesville, O., and Sioux City, Ia., were vetoed, for reasons that no federal offices were located at either place, except postmasters, and the postal business of these places does not warrant the erection of the buildings by the government for the special accommodation of the postoffice. The president says:

Public buildings now in process of construction, numbering 830, involving constant supervision, are all the building projects which the government ought to have on hand at one time, unless a very palpable necessity exists for increasing the number. The multiplication of these structures includes not only the appropriation made for their completion, but the great expense in their care and preservation, thereafter. While a fine government build, ing is a desirable ornament to any town or city and while the securing of an appropriation therefor is often considered as an illustration of the zeal and activity in the interest of constituency, I am of the opinion that the expenditures of public money for such purposes should depend upon the necessity of such buildings for public uses."

CARDINAL GIBBONS.

ARRIVAL OF THE PAPAL EMBASSY AT BALTIMORE.

Address of Count Muscioli, Bearer of the Zuchetta on Presenting the Same to the Archbishop—His Eminence's Reply—The Formalities of the Occasion—Other News.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The Servia, with the papal oblegate bearing the beretta to Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, arrived this morning. The embassy left for Baltimore at ten o'clock. The Servia was met at quarantine by Rev. Dr. J. S. Foley, vicar general of the diocese of Baltimore; Rev. Dr. A. L. Magnien, president of St. Mary's seminary; Rev. Dr. P. L. Chapelle, of Washington; Major John D. Keily, Jr., of Brooklyn; Colonel John McAnery, of Jersey City; Patrick Farrelly and James McMaster, of this city. The embassy from the pope were Mong. Straniero, Count Mucciola and Rev T. S. Lee. At 4 o'clock this afternoon the zucchetta will be presented to Archbishop Gibbons by the noble guard, Count Mucciolo. The ceremony will be private and without the pomp and display that will accompany the investiture of the berrata, which will take place in the cathedral on June 30th. The count is a young man of 23. Monseignor Staniero is 33 years old. The honor of representing the pope to the Catholic church in America was conferred after distinguished services.

ARRIVAL IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Shortly before three o'clock this afternoon the papal embassy bearing the official notification of the elevation to the cardinalate of Archbishop Gibbons, of the diocese of Baltimore, arrived at Union Station. They were met by a large number of clergymen, including Monsignor McColgan, vicar general of the dioceso, and Bishop Kave, of Richmond. They were all driven to the Episcopal palace, with the exception of Count Muscioli, who repaired to the hotel Rennert, where he exchanged his civilian's dress for the full uniform of the Noble Guards. As soon as his toilet was arranged, a courier was dispatched to the Episcopal palace to notify the cardinal-elect of the approach of the pope's representative. When the palace was reached the count, accompanied by Rev. Father Foley and Major Kelley, was ushered into the handsome south parlor, which is adorned with portraits of the archbishop of Baltimore. Cardinal Gibbons stood silently in the center of the room, robed in archepiscopal vestments and surrounded by a large number of clergymen and prominent laymen. The bearer of the zuchetta entered, bearing the brilliant uniform of the Noble Guard, with a sword and massive gold and silver helmet, and walked directly to within a few feet of his eminence, where he stood and read, in Latin, the following address:

PRESENTING THE ZUCHETTE.

"Your Grace: I have the high honor to bring to you from Rome the first official account of your elevation to the dignity of a cardinal which was decided in a secret consistory held in the vatican, on the 7th of June. I have also the honor to present to you the first insignia of your new dignity, sent to you by the holy father, by my hands. I hope that your eminence may wear it for many years."

Turning to the salver-bearer, who had entered with him, he took from the plate official letters, bearing the impress of the fisherman's ring, which he handed to his eminence, who in turn handed them to his secretary, Rev. Father Foley, who read them.

The first was dated at Rome, June 7th, 1886, and was as follows:

In the secret consistory of this morning, his holiness has deigned to elevate to the sublime dignity of the cardinalate Monsignor James Gibbons, archbishop of Baltimore. The undersigned, cardinal and brother of his holiness, sends notice of this act of pontificial consideration according to the opportune method and from

[Signed] CARDINAL PECCI.

The second letter, written from the apostolic palace of the vatican, was similar in tone to the first, and was signed by Theodolphus, Cardinal Mertel, vice-chancellor of the holy Roman empire.

The count then handed the cardinal the zerchetta, or skull cap, which signifies the physical force of the church, which was inclosed in a dome-shaped casket of red and gold. His eminence placed the cap upon his head and said impressively:

THE CARDINAL'S SPEECH.

Noble count—I beg to thank you most sincerely for the message you bear me from our holy father, the pope, and for the kind language in which you expressed your personal congratulations. In return I tender you a most hearty welcome to the city of Baltimore. Coming as the representative of the holy father, any representative of his, however humble, is sure to be received with open arms when he lands on our shores. But, noble count, I deem it my special duty, inasmuch as you come as the bearer of the insignia of the high office to which he has been pleased to elevate me, Though you are personally a stranger to me, I am pleased the holy father has selected you, as I know you well by reputation. I have no doubt that wherever you go over the broad land you will receive that warm friendship characteristic of the United States. And when you return to your sunny Italy, you will be able to tell the holy father how much he is venerated in this land of the free."

KISSING THE CARDINAL'S RING.

When the cardinal finished speaking all the clergy present approached and kissed his ring, and received the ecclesiastical embrace.

When the congratulations were over, Monsignor Straniero, who bears the beratta to be imposed on the cardinal on the 30th instant., entered the room and was formally introduced to his eminence. The presence of the bearer of the beratta in the house was not supposed to be known to the cardinal-elect until he had received the zuchetta, which really makes its receiver a cardinal. The ambassadors from Rome, together with a large number of invited guests, dined at the arch episcopal palace immediately after the formalities were concluded.

ALL HOPE ABANDONED.

Physicians Say That it is Impossible for Ex-Vice President Davis to Recover.

BLOOMINGTON, June 21.—The family and physician of ex-Vice President David Davis have concluded that his end is approaching, and he has very little chance of recovery. They determined to give this information to the public, believing it to be no longer proper to conceal his true condition. When Mr. Davis was attacked by a carbuncle on the shoulder, about May first, he was already reduced by diabetes. No sooner did the carbuncle improve, two weeks ago, than malignant erysipelas set in, so that he is now suffering from a complication of disorders. He is very weak, and cannot read the newspapers. Visitors are not allowed to see him. A consultation of his family physician and medical men from Chicago will be held today. The consultation of Chicago and Bloomington physicians today pronounced Judge Davis beyond hope of recovery.

A CALL FOR BONDS.

The Treasury Issues a Call For Four Millions—Their Description.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The treasury today issued a call for four million bonds for redemption. The call matures August 1st. Following is a description of the bonds embraced in the call: $50, original number 136 to original number 147, both inclusive. $100, original number 1813 to original number 1883, both inclusive and original number 9922 to original number 9926, both inclusive. $500, original number 825 to original number 843, both inclusive, and original number 4226 to original number 4228, both inclusive. $1,000, original number 5963 to original number 6194, both inclusive, and original number 23730 to original number 23737, both inclusive. $10,000, original number 12966 to original number 13344, both inclusive, and original number 28209.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

An Exposition Building in Boston Destroyed by the Flames.

BOSTON, June 21.—The New England institute fair building was burned this afternoon. Four workmen were killed. The building was occupied as a car shed by the Metropolitan horse railway. The company loses $250,000, fully insured.

The building was built by the New England manufacturers and mechanics' institute for exhibition at a cost of nearly $500,000. Last winter it was purchased by the Metropolitan street railroad company for $300,000. The fire was first discovered by a man working a half mile away and before he could give the alarm, the fire had gained rapid headway. Workmen sought to save their tools and many were badly burned before they could get out of the building, while others were unable to escape. Within the building were about 600 box cars, only one of which was saved. As soon as it was learned that lives had been lost in the building all the streams were turned to the rear of the structure, and the firemen bravely forced their way into the blazing ruins to rescue the bodies. The flames refused to surrender until they had burned everything combustible within range, and the work of rescue was attended with great danger. The chared remains of two were brought out and are thought to be those of William Taylor and a man named Frost, both carpenters. It is believed other bodies are buried in the debris, as several workmen are missing. All is confusion at present, and no correct statement of the loss of life can yet be made. The flames are still burning in the interior of the building, of which nothing is left standing except the lower portion of the walls.

It was at the east end of the building in the carpenter's shop that the most heartrending incident occurred. A man, whose name is not yet known, was driven out of the window of the second story by the flames. He was about to leap, and had put one leg over the window sill, when the roof fell in and pinned him fast to the spot where he was. No ladder company had arrived, and the crowd outside were powerless to render assistance. The flames followed almost instantly, and the imprisoned man underwent agonizing torture before the horrified eyes of his friends below. Two of his fellow-workmen, John McNulty and J. F. Fallon, were horribly burned while trying to scale the wall to reach their dying comrade. His sufferings were mercifully short. The awful furnace flame soon wrapped him about with fire, and the smoke hiding him during his last moments from the gaze of spectators. Not long after the wall itself gave way and nothing more was seen.

There were many men inside when the fire broke out, and all rushed for the rear windows. Most of them were helped out, but while the rush was being made, to one of the windows at which a scorched and bleeding face was seen, the person who had been looking out fell back into the seething mass and was past all help. A colored man, name unknown, went back into the burning building ta save some property and was not seen to come out again. Chester L. Hazeltine and E. L. Farran had plenty of opportunity to escape, but endeavored to pull out some of the cars and were frightfully burned. While thousands of spectators were viewing, from neighboring roofs, the magnificent spectacle, a horrible tragedy was being enacted within, and all out of sight and unknown to the throng. After the flames had been sufficiently extinguished, search was begun among the charred ruins for possible victims, and up to 9 p. m. eight bodies had been removed. most of them burned beyond recognition. It is believed there are four more bodies in the ruins. Total pecuniary loss $400,000.

At 10 a. m. eight bodies had been recovered and no fewer than sixteen persons missing. The ruins are still burning.

TRIAL OF THE ANARCHISTS.

The Chicago Murderers Arraigned in Court—Getting Up a Jury.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The first formal move in connection with the trial of the anarchists was taken before Judge Garry this morning. A large crowd was present. Spies, Schwab, Fielden, Fischer, Engle, Lingg and Neebe were arraigned. When the court had concluded hearing the pleas of jurors to be excused from serving on the panel, Captain Black, as counsel for the accused, asked leave to withdraw the plea of not guilty and entered a motion to quash the indictments, which was argued at some length. The court at once overruled the motion. The defense then made a motion for a separate trial for the accused, for reasons cited in the petition, heretofore telegraphed. The court expressed the view that the interests of none of the defendants would be jeopardized. He overruled the motion and directed that the trial proceed. Defense then renewed the plea of not guilty, and the work of obtaining a jury was proceeded with.

PARSONS MAKES HIS APPEARANCE.

Shortly before three o'clock this afternoon, Anarchist Parsons, who has been missing since the Haymarket riot, walked into the criminal court room accompanied by his attorney. His appearance was a surprise to the court and police and court officials. He is supposed to have remained in hiding in this city since the night of May 3d. He drove up to the criminal court building in a hansom cab and at once hurried to the court room. Captain Black asked that he be tried with the other prisoners. It appears that last Saturday Captain Black had a consultation with Mrs. Parsons. He urged her, if she knew where her husband was, to communicate with him at once and get him to come to Chicago for trial. The woman refused at first, but finally became convinced it was the best thing to do. He was so thoroughly disguised that his own mother would not have known him.

When the court adjourned at noon, the court had accepted four jurors, but in the afternoon they were excused by the defense, and later took up the task of finding four men acceptable to them. When the court adjourned at five o'clock, p. m., two men were on hand who had not formally been accepted by the defense, however, so that first day closed without any actual progress having been made toward obtainining a panel.

MILWAUKEE, June 21.—The trial of the alleged conspirators, indicted by the grand jury at the recent investigation of the labor troubles and riots. was begun this afternoon in the municipal court, Judge Sloan presiding. About thirty defendants appeared at the bar.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 21.—A heavy gale of wind, accompanied by a rain storm, set in here before daylight this morning and continued all day. The wind attained a velocity of over 40 miles an hour. The rainfall up to 7 p. m. was 2.25 inches. Dispatches indicate a heavy rainfall throughout the state, with considerable damage to growing crops

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

A Nova Scotian Who Wants to Annex to the United States.

DIGBY, N. S., June 21.—Agitation of the question of secession at polls has occasioned more frankness of expression by the people in regard to their earnest desire for annexation. Last week, after the great victory by the liberals on the question at issue, a wealthy old sea captain of this place took a hatchet, stripped the limbs from the highest spruce tree on his farm, near town, and nailed the stars and stripes there. Then, pointing at the flag, he shouted:

"That is our next question to vote on, and you will find before long two thirds of us that way of thinking."

RAIN AND HAIL.

SEVERE STORMS REPORTED FROM THE WEST.

A Hailstone Weighing Seven Pounds—Tin Roofs Perforated Until They Resemble Seine Nets—Churches Blown Down—Heavy Loss by Storm in Minnesota—Loss of Life.

GALVESTON, June 21.—Specials to the News from Elgin, Manor and Paige, on the line of the Austin branch of the Houston and Texas Central railway, state that those places and surrounding neighborhoods were visited yesterday evening by heavy storms, inflicting great damage. At Elgin a thunder, rain and hail storm swept over that vicinity, deluging a portion of the town. Nearly every building in the place had windows broken and holes knocked in the roofs. Hail fell, varying in size from a marble to a man's head, perforating iron and tin roofs like sieve nets, a piece of hailstone being picked up that actually weighed seven pounds. The Methodist church was blown from its foundation and demolished. The Baptist church was moved slightly out of line and windows in the north were wrecked. One man was struck down by a hail stone and seriously injured.

HAILSTONES THE SIZE OF A HEN'S EGG.

At Manor the storm did indiscribable damage to the crops, hail stones falling as large as a hen's egg. Three churches and many other buildings were badly damaged.

At Mexia, on the main line of the Houston and Texas Central railway, in Limestone county, the storm struck that place about six o'clock, wrecking one church, several small houses, unroofing others and badly injuring the corn crop. No lives were lost, the people hastily seeking shelter in storm houses when the gale approached.

LOSS OF LIFE IN MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, June 21.—Reports of a severe storm in Minnesota yesterday are coming in. A great deal of damage was done, but no lives were lost at Wedena, Fergus Falls and Barnesville. There was a terrible thunder storm at Deer Creek, during which the store of A. D. Baker was struck by lightning, and George Moody, a clerk, was instantly killed. A. D. Baker and another clerk were struck senseless by the same bolt that killed Moody. The store is considerably shattered.

MINES FLOODED.

Disastrous Results of an Explosion in Pennsylvania.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 21.—Since the recent explosion and cave-in at the Mineral Spring colliery, at Parsons, owned by the Lehigh Valley coal company, the waters of Laurel run, a considerable stream, have found their way through cracks in the surface and are pouring into the mine. Mine No. 3, of the Delaware and Hudson canal company, which connects with the Mineral Spring colliery, is also being flooded, and many men and boys are thrown out of employment in consequence. It is feared that the water will find its way into other collieries of the Delaware and Hudson company, in which case disastrous results may follow.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Among the Committees—The Blair Bill to be Fused With Another Measure.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Mr. Curtin got together his special labor investigation committee today and reviewed a portion of Mr. Gould's testimony. Mr. Hoxie's physical condition is such that he cannot appear before the committee, and it is doubtful if a report will be forthcoming from the committee during this session of congress.

The house committee on invalid pensions today agreed to amalgamate the substitute for the Blair bill, pensioning disabled soldiers, with the bill to increase the rate of pension of soldiers who have lost a leg or arm and attach to the combined bills a clause imposing an income tax to meet the expenditures involved. The clause is patterned after the income tax bill introduced in the forty-seventh congress by General Ewing. Statistics collected at the time the bill was introduced indicated that a revenue of $63,000,000 per annum could be raised in this way. If the bill can be passed promptly, it is expected by the committee that it will prepare the way for favorable action on the bill to extend the date within which claims for arrears of pensions may be filed as to the necessary revenue to pay claims will be available.

A SHIRT FOR A SAIL.

Terrible Experience of a Man at Sea—Six Days of Suffering.

LONDON, June 21.—American ship Frank Pendleton, Captain Nichols, from San Francisco February 13th, has arrived at Queenstown. She has on board the mate of the British bark Arklow, Captain Pye from Manila for Montreal, The Arklow was in a collision on May 8th with an unknown vessel and was cut to the water's edge. The captain, his wife and child and ten seamen took to a life-boat. The mate put off alone in a small open boat. It is feared that the occupants of the life-boat were lost. The mate had a most horrible experience. He was for eight days without food, water or clothing, the stores he had provided himself with having been lost by the capsizing of his boat. He clung to the keel for twenty-six hours and then succeeded in righting the craft. He hung up his shirt for a sail and caught a few flying fish, which he ate. He proceeded slowly for six days, looking in vain for a sail and then became unconscious. While in this condition, the boat was sighted by the Frank Pendledon and he was rescued May 16th.

A Report Denied.

LONDON, June 21.—The earl of Kimberly, British foreign minister, stated in the house of lords this afternoon, that the report that Colonel Lockhart's expedition to the Afghan boundary commission had been captured by hostile natives, is untrue.

The Red Flag Displayed.

ZURICH, June 21.—A meeting of ten thousand people was held today to protest against the government's action against the strikers. The red flag was unfurled at the meeting, but the police preserved order.

Quarantining Against Cholera.

ALEXANDRIA, June 21.—Three days quarantine has been decreed against all arrivals at this port from Trieste.

The North Carolina Press Association.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—About fifty members of the North Carolina press association arrived in this city yesterday morning. They spent the day in sight seeing. Senators Ransom and Vance and Representatives Reed and Cox accompanied the party to the white house and presented them to the presidenr. Tomorrow they will visit Mount Vernon, and on Wednesday they will return home.

A Louisiana Bank Suspends.

MONROE, La., June 21.—The following notice was posted this evening on the door of the bank of Monroe:

"This bank is closed. A statement will be published in tomorrow's paper. Business will be placed in hands of an officer appointed by the court."

Honoring a Rabbi.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—The board of trustees of the university of Alabama conferred the degree of doctor of divinity upon S. Hecht, Jewish rabbi of this city.

GLADSTONE SPEAKS AGAN.

The Premier Addresses the People of Edinburg.

EDINBURG, June 21.—Mr. Gladstone addressed another large and enthusiastic meeting here today. In the course of his speech he said it was irksome to always be compelled to refer to Ireland, but that this was due to the tories, who blocked the way so that the government could not get rid of the question and proceed to other business of the empire. He relied, he added, upon the people's energy to clear the line now, and allow the train of progress to go on to its destination. He denied having cheered Mr. Sexton when the latter followed Mr. Chamberlain in the debate on the home rule bill, and taunted him with being ambitious to be mayor of Birmingham. The premier reiterated his demand upon the Marquis of Salisbury and the Earl of Carnarvon to answer the questions he asked of them last Friday night, and said he thought that Mr. Goschen, formerly a liberal minister, would now make a good tory candidate.

Mr. Gladstone said that he did not complain of the secession of Hartington and Bright, they were a small faction of the liberal party. They had abandoned its traditions which were honorable regarding Ireland. As Fox's speeches and the actions of Fitzwilliam Cavendish showed their descendants were trying to resist that policy which, if it had been carried out, would have saved years of trouble. The land purchase bill was applicable at the time when he introduced it in the house of commons, but he had failed to receive the support of Hartington and others. He did not think England and Scotland received it so favorable as they received the home rule bill. The cabinet were now free to reapproach the whole subject. If they continued in office the cabinet would carry out the home rule programme with regard to their obligations. They desired to secure local self government for Ireland with perfect security to imperial union. He had never, he declared, concealed his ideas from the country when a great crisis had come. People had had the audacity to say that he had endeavored to force this question forward. Last autumn, he said, he foresaw an Irish demand which would sweep into the shade all other legislation. He foreshadowed, but did not foresee that the demand would be so wise and moderate.

Mr. Gladstone further said that he hoped they would not let slip a golden opportunity which does not often occur, especially in the case of Ireland. The rejection of the home rule bill would not settle the question and bring peace, but there would be the same miserable round of contention. He asked them to listen to prayer reduced to the limits of reason and safety.

Mr. Gladstone said he was morally certain that Lord Salisbury knew that Earl Carnarvon's ideas in regard to Ireland, and did not deem those ideas a disqualification for the appointment of viceroy of Ireland. [Cheers]

"Lord Salisbury at the recent mayor's banquet said in effect simply, as I have said it, that everything ought to be given to promote the peace, happiness and contentment of Ireland consistent with the unity of empire and the supremacy of the imperial parliament. I have seen it published that if I had an intention to support Lord Salisbury in the measure of home rule, I ought not to have kept it in my own breast, but ought to have imparted it to him. I say that this is the very thing I did do. I imparted it verbally and by letter to a near relative of Lord Salisbury's, who imparted it to Lord Salisbury, and I received acknowlengment through him from Lord Salisbury. Not only that, I stated it in parliament, and it was acknowledged from opposition benches. [Cheers.] So much for the wisdom, accuracy and intelligence served on the breakfast table for the enlightenment or bewilderment of intelligent people. [Laughter.] Artful attempts have been made in some quarters to prove that the present house of commons is not opposed to home rule." Here Gladstone entered into an analysis of the voting to prove that at least 315 members were firmly opposed to home rule.

COMMENTING ON THE SITUATION.

LONDON, June 21.—The Standard attacks Joseph Chamberlain for what it calls "hinting at reuniting with the liberals." It says:

Mr. Chamberlain has now said enough, and more than enough, about his personal sacrifices. Other men, who are totally silent about them, have made much greater sacrifices than he. Mr. Chamberlain would do well to confine himself in future to the public and general merits of the home rule controversy as much as possible.

The Times commenting on Lord Randolph Churchill's election says it regrets his

"Honest indignation has caused him to lapse into his earlier controversial manner. The vigor and pungency of the manifesto cannot be denied but it would have gained in effect if it had been couched in more chastened language."

The Times publishes what it says is a copy of a private special circular, recently sent by the president of the supreme council to the different "centers" of each republican brotherhood throughout the kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. The document fills a column of the Times in fine print. The gist of it lies in a claim that to the efforts of the Fenians is Ireland indebted for the present advantageous position occupied by the Irish cause, and in a statement that while Gladstone's bill is inadequate because Ireland must have nothing short of independence, it is the duty of Irishmen to support the premier in every way in order to enable him to complete the step he wishes to take. The Times says the document is marked "to be destroyed when read."

Michael Davitt pronounces the so-called Fenian secret manifesto published in the Times an election dodge. Mr. Davitt says the document was written by an ex-editor of an extinct Irish weekly paper which pretended to represent the extreme nationalists.

John Bright will speak at Birmingham next Saturday on the political situation. On Wednesday he will go to Oxford to receive the degree of D. C. L.

Lord Randolph Churchill, in his election manifesto, says:

"The constitution is to be shattered and the liberal party is to be shivered for no other reason than to gratify the ambition of an old man in a hurry. What a frightful imperial catastrophe is necessary to tear Britons from the influence of this fetish, this idol, this superstition, which has caused them and the Irish unnumbered evils, and which is known under the aliases of "The people's William" and "The Grand Old Man."

John Morley's electoral manifesto strongly maintains Ireland's need of a strong government—national in character, responsible for the consequences of its actions and able to exercise a large and liberal measure of real power; not a sham legislature, a puppet of the executive. Otherwise it would be better to leave things as they are. He hopes to support an honest constitutional settlement of the long and disastrous quarrel.

Ludwig's People Dissatisfied.

MUNICH, June 21.—Murmurs are loud on all sides regarding the treatment of the late king. The people ask why his body was not interred in the grave of his fathers in Heatiner church, instead of being placed in a vault containing the bodies of distant relatives, and in which a member of the royal family was never before buried. The official reason given for this course is that the royal vault is already over filled, but the humble classes believe that it is because the king committed suicide.

Strikes in Dublin.

DUBLIN, June 21.—The Dublin shipping companies have combined and resolved henceforth to refuse as quay laborers any men belonging to the Emmet society. This action has been taken in consequence of the present strike by the quay laborers of the city. The strikers are members of the society, and it has succeeded in preventing non-members from securing or obtaining work in the places of strikers.

...ES SALE.
...lumbus Manufacturing ...pany.
J. RHODES BROWNE,
A. ILLGES,
Trustees.
...western & Mont-
...ufaula Railroads.
...ROM ATLANTA.
...WARDS ATLANTA.

THE DAY IN MACON.

RAINY AND DISMAL AND EVERYTHING DULL.

Heavy Rains—Heathen Chinese—Blind Drunk—The Raiders—The New Church—Recorder's Court—United States Court—Denicke will Appeal—Various News Items.

MACON, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—Today has been the longest day of the season, and one of the nastiest. It began raining last night, and all day long we have been treated to a regular suicidal blow from the northeast with a constant drift of rain. It has been very much like a day in late autumn. The effect has been to bring business matters pretty much to a standstill, and everything is gloomy and dull.

Farmers say it is two wet to work, and the weeds and grass are growing an inch an hour, apparently, while the corn and cotton are racing along to try to get out of the way. Gardeners are busy setting out sweet potatoes, and the vines and draws are in great demand.

The river is rising steadily, and the smaller streams are on a boom. The rain has not been heavy, but steady, and the streets are in a deplorable condition.

United States Court.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—Today a motion was made by Colonel West, of Savannah, before Judge Speer in United States court, asking a decree for the foreclause of certain statutory mortgages against the old Macon and Brunswick railroad corporation. It will be remembered that the case went before the supreme court some years ago, and that tribunal set aside the foreclosure, so far as it affected the state of Georgia and its executive. But a remnant of the bill was allowed, leaving the old corporation of the road liable. This motion today was made looking toward the foreclosure as then allowed. No one appearing for the defense, Attorney-General Anderson, who was present, objected on general grounds, and Judge Speer refused the decree; but allowed the petitioners to move in afterwards, provided they make the receiver of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road a party to the will. While this case does not look very big now, there may develop a considerable nigger in the woodpile before it is over with.

The case of Rudolph Denicke will probably be appealed to the circuit court. Judges Speer and Pardee presiding. This trial, it seems, was only in district court, consequently he has the chance of an appeal.

The case against Charles Mattox, white, for illicit distilling, resulted in a mistrial.

The case of Cotman vs. Montezuma warehouse company, was continued for the term.

William Hall, retailing without license, was found not guilty. He run a barber shop and blind tiger in Warrenton.

W. L. Wilder, illicit distilling, was found guilty and sentenced five months in the county jail and $200 fine.

The Heathen Chinee.

MACON, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—Bong Tong and Slap Bang, two Chinese laundrymen, were up before Recorder Patterson today. Yesterday Officer McCafferty passed along and caught the bucks at midday in a very undressed condition, and they were working away regardless of the Sabbath. "Muchee hottee! Heap workee," exclaimed Bong Tong, and Officer Pat grabbed him by the waist-band and said, "Arah, come along wid me. I'll lock ye up." But the almond eyes managed to keep out of the barracks, and today went before Judge Patterson, who inquired into the state of affairs. After a great deal of explanation and pleading they were allowed to go, with the promise that if they did not discard the decollette way of dress and their pestiferous Sabbath breaking, he would fine them $200 each next time.

It is needless to say that half a broad dozen sleeved coats now conceal the bust of the heathen Chinese from vulgar observation, and there is an awesome silence about the laundry where busy hands are fixing up the cuffs and collars of the rising generation.

The New Church.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—The new Methodist church to be built in front of Wesleyan finds many supporters. Since the article appeared in THE CONSTITUTION concerning it, your correspondent has learned something of the plans in regard to its construction. It will be built fronting College street, with the rear end projecting into the valley. A roomy basement will thus be formed, and in this basement the Sunday school rooms will be located. The valley will be beautified by planting trees, flowers and shrubbery therein, and the place will be charmingly adapted to its intended use. Out under the shade of the trees in this miniature park the children may play, and invalids can find a nice, quiet place to enjoy the fresh air. If the project is carried out it will be one of the most notable events in the improvements of Macon.

Recorder's Court.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—Today has shown the biggest docket of the season. Forty-four cases were enrolled and variously disposed of. The fifteen jolly baseball boys, not regular club men, but kids, were frightened about out of their wits when Judge Patterson fined them $25 apiece. They felt greatly relieved when the judge remitted the fine and cautioned them against a repetition of the offense.

The crop of drunks and disorderlies were variously disposed of in the usual manner, the fines amounting to $122.50.

Six cases go to the chaingang today, and eight serve out their sentences in the city prison.

The case against Roberts, who struck Walter Lagerquist with his fist, and then threw a chair at him, was continued in recorder's court, and since then a warrant has been sworne out for Roberts in the city court.

Blind Drunk.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—This morning a young white man got blind drunk on the avenue, and the officer on duty attempted to arrest him. He reared and kicked and cavorted, splashing mud around right lively. Officers Bennett Jones, McCloskey, Frank Thorpe and Dick Kennedy finally got hold of him, and were joined by Officer Lowenthal. The first four got him on their clubs, and on this impromptu litter they bore him to the barracks, struggling and cursing with all his might. He was put in a cell and allowed the remainder of the day to sleep off his drunken stupor. This young man is well connected, and it is a shame the way he conducts himself.

Another Goose Egg.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—Jim Greene got to cutting up a row on Bridge Row today and threw all of Herdingsfelder's eggs at the negroes, using them for rocks to drive away the Fifth street negroes into the river. Complaint was made, and Officers Johnson and Bamp would set out in search of him. They found him near the baseball park and arrested him. He was very drunk.

The Raiders.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—Two of the Fifth street gang, who raised such a row yesterday, were fined today. A third was dismissed, and the fourth has not been caught yet. Two of them hold good positions in the city, and the others have heretofore been considered not over wicked.

Spicy Specials.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—Price Davis got into a row with old man Nelson Evans, out at Wippler's today, and struck the old man over the head with a shovel. The police are after him.

City court will be in session on Wednesday, for the setting of cases. The Scott case will probably be tried then.

Mr. Huhn yesterday made, easily, five miles and back, with the "Gentle Annie," his little river steamer.

The public school closing exercises will occur as follows: High school and Orange street school Wednesday, 23rd; Mulberry street, Fourth street and East Macon schools Thursday, 24th; Second street, Vineville and North Macon Friday, June 25th. All exercises opening at 9 a. m. and closing at 1 p. m. each day.

Clay Marshal, the young Jones county man accidentally shot some days ago, died yesterday from his injuries.

The committee on public property were to have met today at Alderman Johnson's office, but rain prevented.

Megee, who broke out of the barricks some days ago, assaulted J. M. Brown this morning because he refused him liquor. He will be arrested on a warrant for assault.

Personal Paragraphs.

MACON, June 21.—[Special.]—The eleven-year old daughter of J. Slocum, Jones county, died yesterday, and was buried today, J. J. Clay furnishing the coffin.

C. C. Clay, of Americus, has been visiting his brother, J. J. Clay, this city.

Dr. Clifton is now sworn stenographer of both the district and circuit courts of United States. He is also stenographer for the city court.

Mr. B. O. Strange, of Ellaville, is in the city.

Hon. J. C. Redding and Colonel Hunt, of Barnesville, are in the city.

Editor W. L. Glessner, of Americus, passed through the city this evening on the way home from Atlanta.

The Misses Flagin, of Americus, are visiting friends in East Macon.

Colonel J. C. Marshall, of Savannah, is in the city today.

Miss Gussie Peyser is home from a visit to Americus.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

Marriage of Colonel W. R. Mason and Miss Lizzie Backus—Other Notes.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—Colonel W. R. Mason, of Fredericksburg, Va., and Miss Lizzie Backus were married at the Episcopal church at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Rev. W. C. Hunter officiated. Colonel Mason and bride left soon after the ceremony for Old Point Comfort, carrying with them the best wishes of a host of friends.

The ordinary has ordered an election for the 13th of July for a county treasurer to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Tim Markham.

Mollie Jones, a woman whose reputation extended throughout this section, died in this city at 12 o'clock last night. For the past thirty years she had been the proprietress of houses of ill-fame in this city. Her real name was Mollie Hobbs, and she came to Columbus from north Georgia.

While Mr. Peter Cosby, of Geneva, was driving home from his sawmill Saturday night, somebody stopped his horse and commanded him to give up his money. He ran his hand in his pocket, as if to get the money, and pulled out a pistol. The robbers took to their heels and Mr. Cosby fired on them several times, but does not know whether he did any damage.

Mr. T. H. Dyer, an old citizen of this city, died yesterday. He was seventy-two years old.

IN MEMORY OF THE DEAD.

The Annual Confederate Decoration at Cassville.

CASS STATION, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The annual celebration of the Memorial association of Cass, came off at the Confederate cemetery on the old Cassville battle-field. This had been deferred for reasons deemed wise by the lady managers—the usual time being on the 26th of April.

There was a large gathering of citizens, with many ladies bearing their offerings of flowers. The stand was tastily decorated and the hundreds of graves, with their stone headboards placed in excellent order, reflecting great credit upon Mrs. Chunn, Mrs. Heading and Mrs. Quillian, the vestals in charge of this flame. Colonel Henry Capers presided over the meeting as the representative of the ladies, who introduced Rev. Dr. Walker as chaplain. In an eloquently impressive prayer, Dr. Walker invoked the Divine blessing upon the association and the occasion. Colonel Capers for the ladies, read their annual report, and then in one of his happiest efforts, most impressively reviewed the noble work of these devoted women. Major Foute was then introduced to the audience, who delivered a carefully written and well worded oration. Manly and true to the record of gallant soldiers and citizens, our friends acquitted themselves handsomely. These exercises over with, the members of the association re-elected the same vestals for another year who have so long and faithfully guarded this sacred place. The audience was then adjourned to the cemetery, and the graves of the many noble heroes strewn with flowers.

The grand monument erected by the donation of the state and private subscriptions is in excellent preservation, and will remain here for centuries the lone and eloquent offering of a people who honor themselves in thus honoring their dead defenders.

Desecrating a Jewish Cemetery.

ROME, Ga, June 21.—[Special.]—It was discovered yesterday that the Jewish cemetery in south Rome had been recently desecrated by unknown wretches. Part of the fence was torn down, and one marble tombstone was taken from a grave, carried some distance and broken in two. Several head stones were also displaced. There is no clue to the perpetrators of this dastardly outrage, and no cause can be assigned for such vandalism.

CAUGHT IN THE GATE.

A Douglasville Snake Which Barks and Bellows.

DOUGLASVILLE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The man who saw the milk white snake has come to the front with another snake story. Friday night he went home after dark. When he closed his front gate, which he found open, he heard a loud noise, something beating against the gate. On examination he found that he had caught the head of a large snake between the gate and the post, near the gate hinge. The snake was left in this position until morning, and measured four and a half feet in length and nine and a half inches in circumference. Its species is unknown, and when its head was first imprisoned by the gate it barked like a dog and bellowed like a bull.

The Escape of Tom Marston.

CONYERS, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—Mr. O. Seamons, the ordinary of this county, received a telegram this morning from Milledgeville notifying him that Tom Marston, who, several years ago it will be remembered, burned the Methodist church of this place to the ground, and fired several other houses, had escaped from the asylum, and to have him arrested if he came this way.

It is not known how he escaped, as the ordinary did not get the particulars. Our officers and citizens will be on the lookout for him. This is the second time he has been free since he was sent there.

Held for Stabbing.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., June 21—[Special.]—Yesterday Ned Hayer, colored, was before County Judge Campbell charged by Albert Hail with assault to murder. The negro and himself had hot words about a debt due him by the negro. A fight was the result, during which the negro cut him below the calf of both legs with an ugly looking pocket knife. The wounds are painful, but not serious. After hearing the negro was required to give bond for his appearance at the superior court in the sum of $200 to answer the offense of stabbing, not in his own defense. The bond was given.

Out of Her Mind.

DAWSON, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—A writ of lunacy was issued by the Hon. H. S. Bell, ordinary, on Saturday, to inquire into the sanity of the widow of the late B. Talbot. After hearing the testimony, the jury decided that Mrs. Talbot was non compos mentis, and the ordinary will take steps at once to secure accommodations for the unfortunate lady at the asylum.

Ice Cream in Dawson.

DAWSON, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The ice cream festival given by the ladies Friday evening at the park was a delightful affair and a financial successs. The Dawson cornet band added much to the pleasures of the occasion by their splendid music. The proceeds realized from the entertainment will be used to pay for seats put in the park.

Carter's Little Liver Pills may well be termed "Perfection." Their gentle action and good effect on the system, really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them.

BISHOP JOSEPH S. KEY.

HIS APPEARANCE BEFORE EMORY COLLEGE.

The Imposing Religious Services at the College Chapel—Bishop Key's Sermon—Some Interesting Features of the Day—The Progress of the Commencement.

OXFORD, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The cool breezes of Saturday night and early Sunday morning made the weather delightful and most favorable for the assembling of a large congregation, composed of visitors, students and citizens of Oxford, Covington and vicinity. The spacious chapel church was well filled at the 11 o'clock hour.

Rev, Bishop Joseph S. Key, D. D., who preached the sermon, has a host of admirers at commencement, who had rejoiced at his being selected as a bishop by the late general conference at Richmond.

The bishop presents a handsome and commanding appearance. He is an alumnus of this college, and is a scholarly gentleman of broad culture. His sermon was worthy of the occasion and gratifying to his friends, who do not hesitate to say that he will take high rank in the present college of bishops of the Southern Methodist church.

The rostrum this morning was occupied by the trustees of the college and the large Oxford church choir. Miss Mamie Haygood, the accomplished daughter of the president of the board of trustees, Rev. Dr. A. G. Haygood, presided with grace and ability at the organ.

Just before the services were begun, the senior class, numbering thirty-nine young men, came into the church in a body, and occupied the pews in front of the pulpit, which had been specially reserved for them.

When the young men were seated, the choir began the services by singing as a voluntary: "We praise Thee, Oh, God!" after which Rev. A. M. Wynn, of the South Georgia conference, announced the opening hymn: "Jesus, Thou everlasting King," etc., which was spiritedly sung by the large congregation. Mr. Wynn led in an able and earnest prayer, after which the bishop read the morning lessons; one from the Gospel of St. Luke, 1st chapter, the other from St. John, 1st chapter.

Rev. T. F. Pierce, of the North Georgia conference, read the second hymn: "Sweet the moments, rich in blessings," etc. Mr. Pierce, in appearance, resembles his illustrious brother, the late Bishop George F. Pierce, and it is said that in some of his sermons the "mouth of his brother's eloquence seems, in a measure, to rest" upon him.

President Hopkins announced the programme of the further exercises of the commencement.

The bishop's sermon was developed from First Timothy, third chapter and sixteenth verse:

"And without controversy great is the mystery of godliness. God was manifest in the flesh, justified in the spirit, seen of angels, preached with the Gentiles, believed on in the world, received up into glory."

This being his first sermon delivered here since his elevation to the episcopacy, the bishop prefaced his discourse by a few appropriate remarks upon the dignity and sacredness of his office, the importance of the occasion to the young men, and the responsibility resting upon him to present more than mere platitudes.

His theme was the presentation of the successive stages in the "unfolding of the greatest event concerning men and angels, the incarnation of Christ." The beginning of the incarnation antedated the creation of man; its consummation was the realized ideal of humanity. "It is the illustration and perfection of all that is highest and best in man." The bishop showed that angels and men were both interested in the incarnation, that men are the younger brethren of angels, both being "created in the image of God." A mere synopsis of the sermon would do it an injustice and will not be attempted. It abounded in fine thought and elegant sentences.

Rev. E. A. Cook, of the south Georgia conference, read the closing hymn and lead in a fervent, eloquent prayer. After the doxology the congregation was dismissed by Bishop Key.

In the afternoon a service of song was furnished the audience who assembled in the church at 4 o,clock. Miss Dora Rankin, a lady missionary from China, by request, made most interesting remarks concerning the mission work on the other side of the world. Miss Rankin is in America on a visit to friends and relatives. She arrived in California about six weeks ago, and will return to China in October next. Miss Rankin is an accomplished lady who is devoting her life to the work in which she is engaged.

At night Rev. John D. Hammond preached an able sermon to "young men who are called to the ministry."

MONDAY'S EXERCISES.

A considerable rain and cold wave visited Oxford last night and this morning, so that there was a small attendance upon the sophomore declamation this morning.

Prayer was made by Rev. W. H. Potter, D. D., editor of the Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

After music the following programme was rendered:

J. A. Ardis, Downey City, Cal.—Unveiling Hill Monument—Hon. J. C. C. Black.
E F. Cook,† Griffin, Ga.—The Choice—Horace Mann.
S. J. Cole,* Ellijay, Ga.—Patriotism—John B. Gordon.
Music.
G. W. Swearingen,† Bainbridge, Ga.—Industrial Education in the South—B. H. Hill.
H. V. Hardwick,† Oxford, Ga.—The Crisis—Lyman Beecher.
E. S. Kelly,* Palmetto, Ga.—U. S. of Europe—Victor Hugo.
Music.
J. L. Key,† Atlanta, Ga.—The Cause of Temperance—J. B. Gough.
A. H. Merry,* Berzelia, Ga.—Unveiling Lee Monument—J. W. Daniel.
J. E. McRee,† Stephens, Ga.—Southern Chivalry—M. W. Ransom.
Music.
J. C. Parker,* Tennille, Ga.—Conservatism—Spencer.
W. B. Dillard,† Crawford, Ga.—Spartacus to the Roman Gladiators.
A. A. Tilley,* Cave Spring, Ga.—First View of Heaven—Mitchel.
Music.
B. H. Trammell,* Smarrs, Ga.—The Deathbed of Arnold—Lippard.
W. E. Vaughn, Shannon, Miss.—Pyramids not all Egyptian—Barnes.
J. E. Warren,* Griffin, Ga.—Phigenia, the Model of the East—Anonymous.
*Phil Gamma.
†Few.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. John D. Hammond.

Your correspondent awards the medals to W. B. Dillard and H. V. Hardwick.

"Spartacus to the Roman Gladiators" was deeply buried by the very fine burlesque thereupon as declaimed by Mr. Dillard.

Prominent among those in attendaoce upon the exercises yesterday was Hon. Robert U. Hardeman, treasurer of the state. Mr. Hardeman is very popular here and there are some who predict that one day he will be known as Governor R. U. Hardeman, of Georgia.

Hon. and Mrs. C. M. McLoud and family, of Asheville, N. C., are in attendance upon commencement, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Stewart. Misses Dora Rankin, of China, Laura and Irene McLoud, of North Carolina, Ada Murphy, of Barnesville, and Mamie Holtzclaw, of Perry, are visiting the Misses Stewart and Annie Hyer.

Professers Ike W. Hill, of Sparta high school, J. H. Calloway, president of Marion college, Clinton, Ky., W. R. Thigpen, principal boys' high school, of Savannah, and Mr. E. R. Cook, of Macon, are in attendance upon the commencement.

Twelve states and territories are represented by students at Emory this year.

Quite a number of young ladies from Wesleyan female college, Macon, Ga., are taking in commencement and the boys likewise. It is quite entertaining to observe the interest they manifest in the present gubernatorial contest. They appear to be universally enthusiastic in their admiration and support of the gallant John B. Gordon.

Conspicuous among the gentlemen upon the stage were Chief Justice James Jackson, of the supreme court of Georgia; Dr. Henry L. Wilson, of Atlanta, and Hon. J. J. Jones, whose name will be prominently presented, though not at his own instance, to the convention next month for the gubernatorial nomination.

John O. Ponder, a leading merchant of Forsyth, and Rev. W. F. Smith, of Macon, are among the visitors here.

Misses Maggie and Tilly Morton, of Athens, and Josie Nichols, of Rome, three charming young ladies, are the guests of Mrs. Harry Stone.

A WEEK OF EXHIBITION.

The Commencement Exercises of Sandersville High School.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The commencement exercises of the Sandersville high school occurred on Tuesday, the 15th ultimo.

For years past this popular educational institution has been one of the most successful in training the youth of our land in the state. The corps of instructors are able and painstaking, and when the pupils graduate from this school they are well equipped for the duties of life. Everybody anticipated the exercises this year with pleasure, well knowing that they would be well entertained.

On the morning of the 15th Watkin's hall, where the exercises were conducted, was comfortably filled, and the programme of the day was fully carried out, consisting of declamation by boys, recitation by girls of graduating class or first grade of high school department and charades, drills, tableaux and music by entire school. The diplomas and Peabody medals were presented by Dr. H. R. Holifield in a very neat little speech, one to Miss Mary Kittrell, of the high school departments, and Miss Emma Lawson, of the grammer department, for scholarship in these departments. Colonel S. G. Jordan, after an elegant address, delivered the prizes to the following pupils in their respective grades for the highest average of scholarship:

First grade—First prize Miss Mary Kittrell; second prize Mr. Harry Evans.

Second grade—First prize shared by Misses Rosa Taliaferro, Mary Martin and Mattie Harris.

Third grade—First prize shared by Miss Sallie May Burnett and Mr. Daniel Harris, and honorable mention of Misses Jewel Johnson and Carrie Roberts,

Fourth grade—First prize shared by Misses Nora Hopkins and Clara Robson and Mr. Byrd Lovett, and honorable mention of Misses Mattie Tarbutton and Annie Harris.

Fifth grade—First prize to Miss Emma Lawson, second prize to Miss Claudia Martin, and honorable mention of Misses Bessie Sparks and Earnestine Davis.

Sixth grade—First prize shared by Misses Lizzie Harris and Maud Hollenbeck, and honorable mention of Misses Pauline Johnston, Lizzie Chapman and Mattie Robson.

Seventh grade—First prize shared by Miss Addie Lee Martin and Master Eddie Cohen, and honorable mention of Misses Edith Lang, Deanie Joyner and Hattie Weddon.

Eighth grade—First prize to Miss Zettie Durloo for highest average in this grade, and a prize to Master George Chapman, and honorable mention of Misses Alice Hollenbeck and Mamie Sparks.

Ninth Grade.—First prize to Master Gainer Summerlin, and honorable mention of Master Eddie Sullivan.

One hundred and seventy students have attended this term of the school.

On Tuesday night the hall was packed with the friends and patrons of the school to witness the closing exercises. An attractive programme was presented, which kept the large assemblage present highly entertained for several hours.

DALTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A Fine Sermon by Bishop Hargrove—The Attendance.

DALTON, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The commencement sermon of the Dalton Female college was preached Sunday at the Baptist church by Bishop Hargrove, of Alabama. The audience was the largest, perhaps, ever assembled in Dalton, every available space being occupied in the largest audience room in the city, and many turned away. The bishop delivered a masterly discourse upon the subject: "The Model Woman"—from Proverbs 31:10—"For Her Price is Far Above Rubies." The sermon was chaste, elegant, erudite, eloquent and able, and listened to with the profoundest attention. The bishop is a man of splendid physique, of most pleasing address, and exceedingly attractive in his style of oratory. He preached at night before another very large audience, upon the subject of "Jesus Asleep in the Ship"—a charming discourse, winning every heart to himself and his theme; and above all, to the Master who is ever "awake" to every call of prayer, and omnipotent over every force of nature in behalf of his helpless disciples.

The music upon the occasion was rendered by Professor Schoeller and his choir, embracing for the occasion the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian choirs of the city. It is needless to say that the very best music of which Dalton was capable was afforded the congregation. Dalton can boast of fine music and the best of teachers.

The commencement exercises of the college will begin today and continue through the week up to Wednesday night, Most attractive programmes will be presented, and Colonel Jones, the president, and his most accomplished lady and son may congratulate themselves with the high favor they sustain and with the increased efficiency and prosperity of the institution over which they preside. Everybody is pleased—delighted with the college and its faculty, especially with Mrs. Lester, who presides over the primary department, the programme of whose exercises was sent you last Friday evening, and which evinced such remarkable and thorough training of that large class of little ones.

A Notable Sermon.

CALHOUN, Ga, June 21.—[Special.]—One of the most interesting sermons delivered in Calhoun for some time past was that of Rev. Lofton, at the Gordon county university building yesterday. A large and appreciative audience was present and listened to the eloquent divine with marked attention for one hour and a half. His subject, "Education is Discipline," and "Train up a Child in the Way he should Go," was handled in a most logical and eloquent manner. The discourse was one fully commensurate with the reputation of the distinguished speaker. Today and tomorrow will be devoted to examination exercises. Tomorrow night the exhibition and literary address of Hon. A. G. Clay. The address of Mr. Clay is anticipated with much interest.

A Successful Term.

CAVE SPRINGS, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The closing exercises of the Cherokee Wesleyan institute occurred on last Wednesday night and were greeted by a large audience.

The recitations and charades were well presented, and the frequent applause of the audience was indicative of its full appreciation of Professor Stewart's earnest efforts.

The fall term of the school will open in September. Under Professor Stewart's management the success of the school is assured. Our community is satisfied with his management.

Southern Female College.

LAGRANGE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The primary department of this institution, under the charge of Mrs. Lane, had its usual concert.

'Red Lion" Elixir for pains in the bowels.

Death of an Old Lady.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—Mrs. Sarah Henrietta Myers, aged 87 years, was buried yesterday afternoon. She was the widow of Colonel Mordecai Myers, born in Georgetown, S. C. She leaves two daughters and seven sons, one of whom is Frank Myers, of Atlanta.

Use SOZODONT when you have eaten;
Use SOZODENT your breath to sweeten;
Use SOZODONT to aid digestion;
Use SOZODONT and ask no question;
Preserve your molars and you won't
Regret the use of SOZODONT.

"Red Lion" Elixir for indigestion and dyspepsia.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

COLLATED FROM THE PRESS AND THE MAILS.

The Increasing Death Rate of Savannah—Cadet Cooper's Progress—A Young Man Crushed to Death—A Dangerous Wild Cat—Cyclone in Forsyth—Murder in Texas.

Baker county farmers are cheerful over their crop prospects.

Mr. J. D. Whaley was married to Miss M. E. Cofer, both of Gwinnett county, last week.

The citizens of Cedartown meet tonight for the purpose of considering the establishment of public schools.

A water spout passed over a portion of Dawson county two weeks since. A wagon, a number of plows, etc., belonging to one man were carried quite a distance down a creek. Crops were absolutely ruined in its path.

A week or two ago Dr. Hockenhull, of Dawson county, took three hundred and forty rocks the size of a pea from a boy six years old, which the little fellow had swallowed as a pastime, and which had become impacted in his lower bowels.

The Valdosta Times says: "That wild cat which killed twenty-six chickens, five geese and several shoats at Mr. William Martin's last week went to a negro house the next day and attacked a grown hog at the gate. The negro shot and killed it. It was four feet and three inches long."

Cadet George F. Cooper, of Americus, who has been attending the naval school at Annapolis, Md., recently graduated, and has been assigned to duty on the Vandalia, Captain Harrison, now at the Brooklyn navy yard. On first entering the school, George was in a class of sixty-five, only twenty-five, of whom graduated, and he was fifteenth in his class.

On last Tuesday night an attempt was made by Willis Hudson to escape from Clay county jail, but it happened that some parties in passing along the street heard the noise and reported it to the sheriff, who got there in time to prevent him breaking out. Some one had furnished him with an ax. By ropes they managed to get it through the bars and close enough fer Hudson to get hold of it, and the ax being attached he drew it up.

A dispatch to the Galveston Daily News, from Tombstone, Arizona, contains the following: "The latest murders by the Apaches, are Thomas Hunt, well known in this section, near Harsawa, and an unknown man in the San Pedro valley, six miles from Benson. The band contained eighteen well clad bucks, all mounted on good American horses, and leading several others. Tom Hunt was born and raised at Clyatville, in Lowndes county, and is a brother of Jim and Taylor Hunt, of Valdosta. He went out west about fourteen years ago, and was home on a visit to his relatives about two years ago. The many people who knew him in his boyhood, will regret to learn of his sad fate.

The death rate in Savannah last week was greater than it was a week ago. The health officer's report shows a total of 53 deaths, against 51 during the previous week. The percentage of deaths among the blacks was somewhat less. A week ago the rate was 122.94 for blacks and 12.19 for whites in a population of 44,000. Last week it was 103.8 for blacks and 30.4 for whites. The number of deaths of blacks was 38 and of whites 15. The majority of deaths were children under 5 years old. The number under 5 years that died was 31. Of this number 25 were blacks. There were six deaths from measles, all blacks; six died from cholera infantum. Only four fatal cases of fever were reported. Of the deaths of persons over 5 years of age, three were between 5 and 10 years, four between 10 and 20, three between 30 and 40, two between 40 and 50, two between 50 and 60, two between 60 and 70, and one between 70 aed 80 years.

Dahlonega Signal: On Thursday evening, 10th inst., a young man, J. B. Lewis, of Fannin county, seventeen years old, met with a horrible death while working in a tunnel at the Calhoun mine, two and a half miles south of town. In his death we plainly see the sad effect of not heeding the warning of older persons. He was told only a few minutes before he met with this accident not to go into the tunnel, as it was not safe. He replied with an oath that he would go if he got killed; and in disobeying advice he made the venture, and in a few moments the timber gave way, letting the overhead fall. He was instantly crushed to death. He was excavated in about thirty minutes, when life was entirely extinct. He was terribly crushed and a horrid sight to behold. In failing to obey Mr. Crisson, who controls the works, he met with a premature death, and was rushed headlong into eternity with profane language on his lips.

Madisonian: Usury never cleared an acre of ground or planted a kernel of the golden grain, but it has reaped where it did not sow. It has never built a single workshop; or a factory, or a schoolhouse, or a church, or put up a telegraph pole, or invented an engine or built one. Usury never aided in producing a particle of wealth, but it has absorbed the earnings of labor until the usurers own all the cart roads, and all the telegraphs, and all the mines, and many of the workshops, and the factories, and the churches, and have mortgages on one-half of the homes of all the people in town and country. Usury never built up a town, but has destroyed many. We once knew a man who desired to ruin a prosperous little town, and devoted his time to usurious business, and he succeeded and killed the town. Where once was business thrift and commercial activity is now the silence of death. All industries are dead; property is almost valueless; young men are forced to move away; there is no employment, no labor, no thrift, no trade, no enterprise in that town. And all brought about by usury. We leave it to our readers to apply the moral.

Witnessing an Ordination.

WOODVILLE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—There was a large congregation present at the Woodville Baptist church at the evening service on yesterday to witness the ordination of two deacons, Mr. W. P. McWhorter and Mr. E. B. Moody. The presbytery was composed of Rev. J. S. Callaway, Rev. J. R. Young, Rev. J. F. Cheney and Rev. J. F. Edens, their pastor. Rev. J. F. Cheney preached the ordination sermon, which was an able discourse upon the duties of deacons and their relationship to the church.

What a Prominent Horseman Says.

OFFICE JAMES BENNETT'S BOARDING AND SALE STABLE, Cleveland, O., April 15, 1885.—This is to certify that I have been using Gombault's Caustic Balsam for the past eighteen months, and that I have never found or known a remedy that was so reliable and valuable. I have used it for hip lameness, incipient spavin, windgalls, splints, curbs, enlarged and weak weak tendons, ophthalmia or weak eyes, and all throat diseases, in every case deriving satisfactory benefits from it. I would sooner be without all other veterinary remedies than Caustic Balsam in my stables. I would also say that it can be diluted and used as a liniment for all kinds of simple lameness, strains etc., with more satisfaction than any other preparation that I ever tried. Truly yours,

JAMES BENNETT.

Mr. James Bennett is proprietor of one of the oldest livery and training stables in Cleveland, and is well known as a skillful, well-informed horseman, and a gentleman of integrity and character. Lawrence, Williams & Co., Cleveland, O., are the sole proprietors for Gombault's Caustic Balsam. For sale in Atlanta by Bradfield & Ware, 26 Whitehall street.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

An infant child of Professor R. H. Cullen, of Bainbridge, died on Friday of cholera infantum.

Mr. Joe Wooten, an old, highly esteemed citizen of Bainbridge, died at the residence of his son, Mr. George Wooten, Friday night, of typhoid dysentery.

A Man Who Preached in His Sleep.

From the Chicago News.

Dr. Haycock, the eminent Oxford divine, would often rise from his bed at night, give out his text, and, while sound asleep, deliver an excellent sermon upon it. He was frequently watched, but no amount of tugging, pulling or pinching ever succeeded in rousing him.

Proprietary Medicines.

OH! MY BACK
Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. PURITY. Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.
THE BEST TONIC
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
Strengthens the Muscles, Steadies the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.
DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best Iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."
MR. W. F. BROWN, 537 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and Burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c. STADIGER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but will CURE all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a waxy, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the BEST ALTERATIVES and PURIFIERS OF THE BLOOD, and is A VALUABLE TONIC.
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HOMEOPATHIC

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20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
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27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
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4 THE LIVER. THE KIDNEYS. THE STOMACH. THE BOWELS. 4
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
3 DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE 3
The Great Renovator. Used, recommended and endorsed by Physicians all over the world. The only remedy that acts on all of the great organs of the human system.
Dose:—One to two teaspoonfuls. Genuine CRAB ORCHARD SALTS in sealed packages at 10 and 25cts. No genuine Salts sold in bulk.
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Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.
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merits the confidence o
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"For FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIATING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD and MY NOSTRILS. The discharges were so offensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my hard earnings during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I have tried patent medicines---every one I could learn of—from the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (57 years of age) have met with a remedy that has cured me entirely—made me a new man. I weighed 123 pounds and now weigh 146. I used thirteen bottles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is that being in the humble walks of life, I may not have influence to prevail on all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me—GUINN'S PIONEER BLOOD RENEWER.

"HENRY CHEVES,
"No. 267 Second St., Macon, Ga."

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Georgia, merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. HUFF,
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COVINGTON AND MACON.

ATHENS AND ATLANTA THE PROBABLE NORTHERN TARMINI.

A Conference that was Not Held—The Builder of the Road Favorable to a Branch to Atlanta—Enterprises Connected with the Road—Other Railroad News.

Public interest once more centers in the Covington and Macon railroad.

Some time ago THE CONSTITUTION estimated that it was probable a combination would be formed which would result in giving Atlanta new and important railroad connections. The intimation had reference to a proposition then pending to place the northern terminus of the Covington and Macon railroad in Atlanta. On the 29th of last April, Mr. E. C. Machen, the builder of the road, was in Atlanta for the purpose of conferring with certain citizens. The object of the conference was to secure to Atlanta the northern terminus of the road. Owing to the general abandonment of business incident to the unveiling of the Hill monument and the reception of Mo. Jefferson Davis,

THE CONFERENCE WAS NOT HELD,

but was postponed until a more favorable time. In the meantime, Mr. Machen returned to New York and has not since visited Georgia. In consequence, no steps looking to the consummation of the object of the proposed conference have been taken, unless by letter.

THE CONSTITUTION has already announced that Athens has secured the northern terminus of the road. It is not probable, however, that Athens will obtain the entire benefit of the arrangement. It has been the policy of Mr. Machen to encourage branch roads to all important towns within easy reach of the Covington and Macon, and it is known that he is favorable to a branch to Atlanta. Should it be built, Atlanta would be as much the northern terminus as Athens. In fact, the branch to Atlanta would be more important to the road than that part of the main stem which will terminate at Athens.

THE REASON IS EASILY UNDERSTOOD.

Atlanta is a great distributing point; Athens is not. Atlanta offers several opportunities for combinations with other roads; Athens does not. In other words, Atlanta is the railroad center of Georgia, and it would be natural that the Atlanta connection of the Covington and Macon railroad should be its most important connection.

The Covington and Macon railroad is an independent enterprise. It has been repeatedly asserted that it is an offshoot of the Richmond and Danville system, but the assertion has just as often met with a denial from Mr. Machen and his associates. Mr. Machen has never been averse to forming a satisfactory combination with the Richmond and Danville, nor, for the matter of that, with any other system. In building the Covington and Macon railroad he and his associates have had

MORE THAN ONE OBJECT IN VIEW,

and there is, as yet, no reason to doubt that they will successfully execute their plans. One of those objects is the construction of a line from Macon to the gulf shore of Florida. Another is the settlement of the vacant lands along the line. Another is the development of the timber business in middle and south Georgia. Another, and a very important one, is the utilization of the magnificent water powers in Newton county. Plans to attain these objects are well under way, and unless unanticipated obstructions should be met, Mr. Machen and his associates claim that their plans will be speedily carried out.

In the meantime the Covington and Macon railroad is a monument to the enterprise and pluck of Mr. Machen, the builder, Colonel L. F. Livingston, the president, and Colonel B. W. Frobel, the engineer in chief. Their success with the enterprise has been attained in the face of numerous and vexatious difficulties.

CHESAPEAKE AND NASHVILLE.

The Road Will Probably not be Built at Present.

The interest which the people of Nashville feel in the fate of the Chesapeake and Nashville railroad has almost died out, says the Nashville Union, but occasionally something transpires that causes it to again be brought to the surface. It was understood that a meeting had been called at four o'clock yesterday evening, at the merchants' exchange and that a committee from the Middle and East Tennessee road would submit a proposition to the Nashville stockholders of the Chesapeake and Nashville road which would be of material consequence to both roads. Messrs. John Fite, of Carthage, J. J. Turner, of Gallatin, Major Blanchard and Mr. Caruthers, of Huntsville, were present, but only four of the Nashville bondholders put in an appearance, namely, Messrs. Hamilton, Justi, Richardson and Throne. The proposition was to the effect that if the Nashville stockholders would transfer one-half of the stock of the Chesapeake and Nashville subscribed in this city to the construction company, headed by Huntington, and to which has been already awarded the contract for building the Middle and East Tennessee road, work would be at once commenced between Nashville and Gallatin and both roads would be completed simultaneously. While the great desideratum of the Nashville people is the completion of a road which will afford direct competition to northern cities, yet there appears a growing want of confidence in the Chesapeake and Nashville ever proving a success. This is the feeling of many of those who were first its warmest indorsers, and the cooling of their ardor was not without cause.

A reporter of the Union met a prominent stockholder of the Chesapeake and Nashville last night and inquired the reasons why the Nashville committee were in favor of declining the proposition. He said:

"In the first place President Zimmerman and the other officers besieged the city council, the county court and the merchants to lend a helping hand and assist them to get into Nashville independent of the Louisville and Nashville road. Stock was subscribed by citizens; liberal grants made by both county and city, and every obstacle removed that could in the least hinder its immediate construction. Notwithstanding all this, the managers of the Chesapeake and Nashville road have not moved a step toward building the road between Gallatin and Nashville, and it is openly said that the Louisville and Nashville track will be used between these two points, provided the Chesapeake and Nashville is ever completed beyond Gallatin, which does not seem at all probable from the progress made during the past year.

It did not serve to increase the Nashville merchants' faith in the enterprise, when such a proposition as the one just mentioned was made. After subscribing the stock, granting the rights, etc.—in fact, offering every inducement—the managers of the road send a proposition that if the Nashville people will transfer so much stock to the construction company, they will get the road built; and this proposition is backed up by a committee from the Middle and East Tennessee road, which, it seems, is in the same predicament.

"You see this matter, to a man up a tree, looks like as though Mr. Huntington was playing a double game. His construction company has already been awarded the contract for building the road from Scottsville to Glasgow, taking the pay in first mortgage bonds. Now, if he could secure the same arrangement between Gallatin and Nashville he would then have both ends of the road under his thumb, and have things all his own way.

"One more point: It will be noticed that Eugene Zimmerman has not been around in some time—in fact, he has been elected vice-president of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, which has recently passed into the hands of the Huntington syndicate. Including this last scoop, which occurred the other day, Huntington has recently expended $7,500,000 in railroad enterprises in the north, and it is not very probable that he will exert much effort toward the work on the Chesapeake and Nashville.

"After viewing the matter in every light we can not take any definite action on the proposition until we know more about the guarantee for the fulfillment of the promises made in that proposition. There has been too much of a disposition on the part of the Chesapeake and Nashville railroad to build air castles instead of railroads."

The gentlemen from the neighboring counties appeared greatly disappointed because Nashville did not jump at the chance, and were not inclined to talk much. They have not despaired, however, and will try and make arrangements for another meeting.

The Sheffield and Birmingham Railroad.

MONTGOMERY, June 21.—The contract was closed today for the completion of the Birmingham and Sheffield railroad, and the erection at Sheffield of a second iron furnace with 100 tons capacity.

HEADLIGHT FLASHES.

The Southern passenger rate committee will meet at the Swananoa hotel, Asheville, N. C., tomorrow morning.

A small colored excursion left Atlanta for Vining's station, by the Western and Atlantic railroad yesterday morning.

The Georgia Pacific carried three extra coaches, containing two hundred and twenty-five passengers, to Salt springs, Sunday.

Mr. Fred D. Bush, district passenger agent for the Louisville and Nashville road, leaves Atlanta for Louisville, Ky., this morning.

Mr. George S. Barnum, general passenger agent for the Georgia Pacific railroad, arrived in Atlanta from Canada, on Saturday night, on his way to Birmingham.

George L. Harrison, general traveling passenger agent of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, headquarters Chicago, arrived in the city on yesterday, and stopped at the Kimball house.

Mr. J. H. Hollabird, passenger and ticket agent at Cincinnati for the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroad, left yesterday at 4:30 p. m. for Birmingham, Jacksonville, and other points south. When his tour is completed, he will return to Cincinnati.

Mr. J. A. McDuffie, general freight and passenger agent of the Brunswick and Western railroad, was in the city yesterday. He was accompanied by his wife. They left in the afternoon, by the Piedmont Air Line, to attend the meeting of the southern passenger rate committee at Asheville, N. C.

On a recent trip to New Orleans, Mr. C. W. Chears, assistant general passenger agent of the Piedmont Air Line, received a severe injury to one of his eyes by a cinder. He consulted Dr. A. W. Calhoun yesterday, and had the cinder removed. Mr. Chears will attend the meeting of the Southern passenger rate committee at Asheville, N. C., notwithstanding the unpleasant condition of his eye.

Mr. S. C. Stovall, the popular Air-Line conductor, related an amusing incident yesterday morning. He said that on Saturday morning a colored individual lost his hat near Doraville, about fifteen miles north of Atlanta, and jumped off the train while it was tearing along at the rate of thirty miles an hour. Conductor Stovall did not know of the affair until a mile away. He then telegraphed the agent at Norcross as to how the man had fared. The answer came like a lightning flash: "Nigger all right. Fell on his head!"

A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT.

The Concert, Cantata and Tableaux Given Under Direction of Dr. and Mrs. Goodrich.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 21.—[Special Correspondence.]—Tuesday evening, the 15th inst., was about the warmest of the season, but notwithstanding this untoward circumstance, in combination with the imminence of rain, an appreciative audience awaited the rising of the curtain upon the entertainment provided at the opera house by Dr. and Mrs. Goodrich, assisted by Professor Weigand and the best ameteur musical and dramatic talent of Augusta.

The Harmonic society inaugurated the programme by tastefully rendering "The Forest," under the directorship of Professor Weigand. Miss Pritchard of Summerville, followed with graceful manner and sweet voice, and gave the pretty song "Market Day."

The third feature of the programme was the duett "Star of Love," which was well rendered by Miss Kean and Dr. Goodrich.

Fourth in order was a piano solo, "a Bravura of Warrens," that was extremely well performed by Mrs. Greenleaf.

The concert closed with the gem of the evening, a trio from Ernani, rendered by Dr. Goodrich, Mrs. Goodrich and Mr. Pelot.

Dr. Goodrich sustained his reputation as one of the first tenors in the south.

Mr. Pelot's bass was most excellent—rich and full in melodious consonancy.

Mrs. Goodrich's voice, at all times lovely and peculiarly adapted to the interpretation of poetic sentiment from its quality of pathos, was on this occasion surpassingly sweet and sympathetic. One was left in doubt whether it was the exquisite grace of the highest art or the rare soulfulness and verve of her rendition that produced such charming effects upon the senses.

Such singing was a glorious prelude to the cantata entitled "New Years' Eve," which was opened by "a gentle Ariel sent by gentle May," in the person of Miss Katie Platt, who personified "Spring," and in her train brought the three spring months represented by Misses Kean, Williams and Cocke, respectively, with two little wood-nymphs, Ervine Branch and Emmie Webb as attendants.

They were succeeded by pinks and roses, fair as any that may have blossomed on Italian slopes. Then comes "Summer," in the person of Miss Kittie Walton, her retinue being Misses McWhorter, Simmons and Emma Williams, and the two sprites, Birdie Sheppard and Louise Butt. Their beauty seemed enhanced from rambles through golden gorse, purple heath and rippling fields of wheat. "Autumn," presented by Miss Susie Wallace, had as her subject months. Misses Pritchard, Crane and Carter, with fairy-like Mabel Clark and Ferdinand Phinizy as attendants.

The performance of this quartette was of special excellence and notably so that of the fair queen. Last came "Winter," represented by Miss Maud Stovall as queen, and accompanied by Misses Vason, Stafford and May Wallace—the attendants being the youthful damsels, Anna Stovall and Lillie Vaughan. The fair queen of this icy season realized, entered into the true spirit of her role with charming grace.

The "Last Rose of Summer" was here introduced and had the effect of an improvisation. It was sung by Miss Conway with fine powers of execution.

Throughout the performance Dr. Goodrich personated the hoary Scythe-Bearer, and was as good in the dramatic as in the lyrical requirements of the character.

The tableaux were as fine as have ever been presented in Augusta, and reflect great credit on the designer and the performers. Assuredly, there is no lack of histrionic and musical talent in Augusta, and with Dr. and Mrs. Goodrich to direct it, no reason why it should not be frequently utilized on other as on this occasion "for sweet charity sake."

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, disordered stomach, &c. Try them.

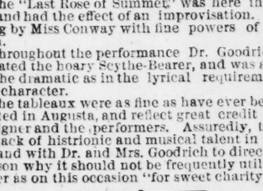
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain and cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Do not despair of curing your sick-headache, when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE,
Advantageous in Dyspepsia.

Dr. G. V. DORSEY, Piqui, Ohio, says: "I have used it in dyspepsia with very marked benefit. If there is deficiency of acid in the stomach, nothing affords more relief, while the action on the nervous system is decidedly beneficial."

CLINGMAN'S TOBACCO REMEDIES



The Greatest Medical Discovery of the age. No family ought to be without them.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO OINTMENT

THE MOST EFFECTIVE PREPARATION on the market for Piles. A SURE CURE for Itching Piles. Has never failed to give prompt relief. Will cure Anal Ulcers, Abscess, Fistula, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Ringworms, Pimples, Sores and Boils. Price 50 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO CAKE

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Cures all Wounds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Bone Felons, Ulcers, Sores, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Bunions, Corns, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Orchitis, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Milk Leg, Snake and Dog Bites, Stings of Insects, &c. In fact allays all local irritation and inflammation from whatever cause. Price 25 cts.

THE CLINGMAN TOBACCO PLASTER

Prepared according to the most scientific principles, of the PUREST SEDATIVE INGREDIENTS, compounded with the purest Tobacco Flour, and is specially recommended for Croup, Weed or Cake of the Breast, and for that class of irritant or inflammatory maladies, Aches and Pains where, from too delicate a state of the system, the patient is unable to bear the stronger application of the Tobacco Cake. For Headache or other Aches and Pains, it is invaluable. Price 15 cts.

Ask your druggist for these remedies, or write to the

CLINGMAN TOBACCO CURE CO.
DURHAM, N. C., U. S. A.

Manhood RESTORED. Remedy free. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple, self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham-street, New York City.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

THE LIVER

Secretes the bile and acts like a filter to cleanse impurities of the blood. By irregularity in its action or suspensions of its functions, the bile poisons the blood, causing jaundice, sallow complexion, weak eyes, bilious diarrhœa, a languid, weary feeling, and many other distressing symptoms generally termed liver troubles. These are relieved at once by the use of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA the great blood resolvent.

DR. JOHN BULL.—I have been for a number of years severely afflicted with a mercurial headache and a dull, heavy pain in my liver. Three bottles of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA gave me more relief than all the others combined.
T. H. OWENS, Louisville, Ky.

DR. JOHN BULL.—I have examined the prescription for the preparation of DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA, and believe the combination to be an excellent one, and well calculated to produce an alterative impression on the system. I have used it both in public and private practice, and think it the best article of Sarsaparilla in use.
M. PYLES, M. D., Louisville, Ky.,
Res. Phys. St. Lou. Marine Hosp.

KIDNEYS

Are the great secretory organs of the body. Into and through the Kidneys flow the waste fluids containing poisonous matter taken from the system. If the Kidneys do not act properly this matter is retained and poisons the blood, causing headache, weakness, pain in the small of back and loins, flushes of heat, chills, with disordered stomach and bowels. BULL'S SARSAPARILLA acts as a diuretic on the Kidneys and bowels, and directly on the blood as well, causing the great organs of the body to resume their natural functions, and health is at once restored.

DR. JOHN BULL.—I have used BULL'S SARSAPARILLA for rheumatism and kidney trouble, and my son has taken it for asthma and general debility. It has given us both great relief.
Yours truly,
THOS. H. BENTLEY, Rossville, Ill.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.
BULL'S WORM DESTROYER.
BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP.
THE POPULAR REMEDIES OF THE DAY.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

DYSPEPSIA

Variable appetite; faint, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, heartburn, wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and it can in all cases be traced to an enfeebled or poisoned condition of the blood. BULL'S SARSAPARILLA by cleansing and purifying the blood, tones up the digestive organs, and relief is obtained at once.

DR. JOHN BULL.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe your SARSAPARILLA to be the best medicine manufactured for the cure of Scrofula, Syphilis, and many other cutaneous and glandular affections, having used it with entire success in numbers of the above cases.
JAMES MOORE, Louisville, Ky.

DR. JOHN BULL.—I procured one bottle of BULL'S SARSAPARILLA for my eldest son. Among the remedies and various prescriptions that he has tried for weak lungs and chest, this one bottle has been of more benefit to him than all. It has cured me of Dyspepsia as well.
JOHN S. MCGEE, Horse Cave, Ky.

SCROFULA

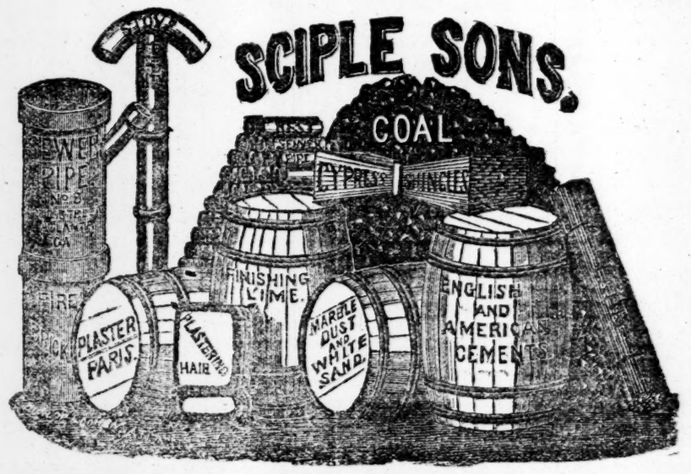
Is a peculiar morbid condition of the system, caused directly by impurities in the blood or by the lack of sufficent nourishment furnished to the system through the blood, usually affecting the glands, often resulting in swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, sore eyes, blotchy eruptions on the face or neck. Erysipelas is akin to it and is often mistaken for Scrofula as it comes from the same cause, impure blood. BULL'S SARSAPARILLA by purifying the blood and toning up the system forces the impurities from the blood and cleanses the system through the regular channels.

DR. JOHN BULL.—It is my opinion that your preparation of SARSAPARILLA is decidedly superior to any other now in use, and I will take great pleasure in recommending it for the cure of Scrofula and all diseases of the blood and kidneys.
B. B. ALLEN, M. D., Bradford, Ky.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE:
631 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
$1 PER BOTTLE.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE.

apr9—d&w fri sun tues & wky 8m full det rd mat top col



The Brown Cotton Gin Co.,
NEW LONDON, CONN.



Manufacturers of the "Old Reliable" Brown Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers.

All the very latest improvements: improved roll box, patent whipper, two brush belts, extra strong brush, cast steel bearings, new improved Feeder, enlarged dust proof Condenser.

Strong, simple in construction, durable gins fast, runs light, cleans the seed perfectly and produces first class samples.

DELIVERED FREE OF FREIGHT at any accessible point. Send for full description and price list.

Address THE BROWN COTTON GIN CO., New London, Connecticut.
A. A. DELOACH & BROTHER, AGENTS, ATLANTA, GA.
Name this paper. may1—d5m sat wed

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Hard, Rock-Bottom Prices in the Following Lis t

Refrigeraters,	Ice Boxes,	Velocipedes,
Ice Cream Freezers,	Baby Carriages,	Fly Fans,
Clothes Hampers,	Water Coolers,	Baskets,
Bird Cages,	Boys Wagons,	Filters.

Every Variety of Garden Tool Made.

ONLY MANUFACTURER OF

WIRE GOODS IN THE STATE.

Office Railings, Window Guards, Tree Guards, Trellises, Arches, Fences, etc., made to order and guaranteed to please.

Special Attention Given to Cemetery Work.

C. S. SCHUESSLER.

42 Peachtree and 25 Broad Streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

Syn Tues, and Fri.

LADIES desiring PERFECT FITTING SHOES, ask your dealer for Hough & Ford's Rochester, N.Y., make Prize Medal Shoes.

dec22—d6m tues thu sat

Election Notice.--"Fence or No Fence."

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, June 1st, 1886.

To the Lawful Voters of Said County:

A PETITION HAVING BEEN FILED IN THIS office by as many as fifty freeholders of said county, for the benefit of the provisions of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the code of Georgia of 1883, known as the "stock law," in said county, and it appearing that the notices of said petition required by law have been given, and that no counter petition of freeholders has been filed thereto; it is ordered that an election be held on Wednesday, the 7th day of July next, in said county, at the court ground in each militia district, and under the same rules and regulations as provided for members of the general assembly, in which the question shall be submitted to the lawful voters of said county of "fence" or "no fence." It is further ordered that the returns of said election be made to the undersigned as provided by law.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.
je 9, 15, 22, 29.

GUARDIAN SALE,

Conducted by Samuel W. Goode and E. M. Roberts & Co., Real Estate Agents, N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT OF ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, issued at the May term thereof, I will sell the following property at public outcry before the court house door in said county, on the first Tuesday of July next, between the legal hours of sale: Lots Nos. one and ten of the sub-division of the W. C. Jackson estate property, lot No. one fronting 102.4 feet on west side of Peachtree street, with a depth on south line of 172 feet, and on north line 228 feet, with front of 76.8 feet on Atwood street; and lot ten aforesaid fronting 73.4 feet on east side of Atwood street, with an average depth of 150½ feet. Sale made by me as guardian for Mamie Waldren, Jackson and Ida May Jackson, minors. Terms one-third cash, the balance, in 6, 12 and 18 months, with 8 per cent interest.

HENRY M. JACKSON,
je 8, 15, 22 and 29. Guardian.

PILES. Instant relief. Final cure in 10 days and never returns. No purge, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy free, by addressing C. J. MASON, 73 Nassau st., N. Y. tu th sa sun 6m

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

In addition to his usual large stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS,

Tobacco, Cigars, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Hardware, Hollowware, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, Crockeryware and Varieties, would most respectfully inform his numerous customers both in town and country, that he has now on hand

WHITE AND RED ONION SETS,
SEED IRISH POTATOES,
GARDEN SEEDS, MILO MAIZE,
GERMAN MILLET, AND
ALL KINDS OF GRASS AND RED CLOVER SEEDS.

That he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. All orders promptly filled. Terms cash.
April 8, 1886.

The Opium Habit Cured in 15 Days

I CAN CURE THE OPIUM HABIT AND WILL charge nothing if I don't cure you. board included. Will cure you for less money than any other doctor in the world. For particulars address
J. A. NELMS, M. D.,
feb2—d1y Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga.

STREET CONTRACTORS

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the Commissioner of Public Works until 12 o'clock meridian, Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1886, for macadam pavement on Crow street, from Peters street to Crumley street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

M. MAHONY,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Help Wanted---Male.

WANTED—SEVERAL ACTIVE MEN TO WORK in the sewing machine business in this state or in either of the adjoining states; state age, experience and reference. Address P. O. box 31, Atlanta, Ga. june 13 sun tues thurs 1m

WANTED—IN MONTGOMERY, ALA., TWO first-class Tin Roofers, well acquainted with the use of Duble-Seeming Tongs, and all outside work. Wages $2.50 per day. Apply to C. H. Cheatham, No. 17 Ferry street, Montgomery, Ala. tw

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A new business at their homes, easily learned in an hour; no peddling; 10c. to 50c. an hour made daytime or evening; 24 working samples to commence on free. Address at once Albany Supply Co., Albany, New York, U. S.

WANTED—A CARRIAGE BLACKSMITH, ALSO a carriage body maker. None but first-class workmen need apply to J. M. Smith, 85 Broad St.

WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESMAN OF experience, ability and energy, possessing highest references, to sell the first-class Drug and Grocery Trade, by a large Cigar Distributing House. Address BLANK, 72, Murray St., New York City.

Help Wanted---Female.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AT SALT Springs hotel. Call at the station.

WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED WHITE LADY AS housekeeper. Apply at No. 185 East Filmore street.

WANTED—RELIABLE WOMAN TO DO GENeral housework for two in family. Must be good cook. Apply at No. 355 Whitehall st. tf

WANTED—A COMPETENT WHITE SINGLE woman of good moral character to act in the capacity of house servant in private family. References required and given. Address P. O. Box 43, Marshallville, Ga.

Situations Wanted--Male.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT druggist. Address Druggist, Constitution office.

For Rent--Houses, Cottages, Etc.

DECATUR, GA.—SEVERAL NICE COTTAGES to rent. E. M. Word, real estate agent. je 22-tues thu sun

Ladies' Column.

OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED AND curled by artistic workmen, also kid gloves cleaned and dyed. I. Phillips, 13 N. Broad st. tu th su tf

Money to Loan.

FARM AND CITY LOANS, 3, 4 OR 5 YEARS. Rates low and loans promptly made. Alfred Gregory & Co., 34 1-2 Peachtree street. tuthusun

For Sale--Books, Stationery Etc

A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES with mortgage clause; costs sixty cents, and is a good investment for the business man. We will send the book, post paid, upon receipt of sixty cents. Address The Constitution. tf

DO YOU WANT A NICE RECEIPT OR DRAFT book? We send a book containing one hundred receipts or drafts, post paid, upon receipt of thirty-five cents. Address The Constitution. d & w tf

FOR SALE—WE CARRY A STOCK OF SUPERior composition for making printers' rollers, which we sell at forty cents per pound. We are also prepared to have rollers cast. Address The Constitution. tf

Business Chances.

SMALL LICENSED HOTEL FOR SALE ON EASY terms. Very good business location, in largest watering place in America. J. C. Johnson, P. O. box 420, Atlantic City, N. J., or agent, Atlanta. jan 23—thu, sat, mon, 12t

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—A FINE OPPORTUnity is offered to buy a first-class drug store in the city of Atlanta, Ga. It is central in location, on one of the most thronged streets and known for many years as a drug store. A fine business awaits the purchaser, a trade well established. For particulars address Dr. J. S. Pemberton, No. 107 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. May, 27—dim.

Boarders Wanted.

WESTMINSTER, ASBURY PARK, NEW JERsey, 4th avenue. Full ocean view. First-class house, accommodating 100. Abundant table. Southerners solicited. $10 or upwards weekly. Wright & Frost. je 22-tues, thu, sun.

BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE ATLANTA FEmale Institute until September 1st. tf

Agents Wanted.

$1000 SALARY TO AGENTS—ADDRESS AT once, Dr. Scott's Electric Goods, 842 Broadway, New York. The only genuine. m ays-d3m sat tus thu

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR MRS. CAMPbell's new "Combined Skirt and Bustle." Adjustable, light, comfortable, can be laundried, and sells as fast as shown. Our Urbana, Ill., agent sold 48 in five days and made $48. Just the thing for summer canvassing. All corset agents should handle it. Full line of furnishing goods for ladies and children. Address, with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 181 West Randolph street, Chicago. tues thur sat sun.

AGENTS WANTED FOR GOUGH'S PLATFORM Echoes and M. Quad's Field, Fort and Fleet t Address N. D. McDonald & Co., Box No. 249 Atlanta, Ga. tue thu sun f

Wanted--Miscellaneous.

WANTED—CAPITOL CITY LAND AND IMprovement Co. stock. The Tolleson Commission Co., 49 Gate City Bank. tuthfrtf

I HAVE AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO buy out one of the best established wholesale and retail business in Atlanta and want a live man with $2,500 or $3,000 to engage in the business with me. Address "Confidential Man," care Constitution. 4t

WANTED—BUSINESS MEN TO SEND SIXTY cents to The Constitution for a book of 100 ironclad mortgage notes, waiving homestead and the garnishment of wages. tf

Auction Sales--Real Estate.

LEAK & LYLE, AUCTIONEERS—WE SELL on Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, 22nd inst., that splendid piece of property, No. 114 Washington st. A large 10 r house, fronts the street, with small house on alley and stable in rear. On the south side is an alley extending clear through to Crew street, and an alley from Fair street gives approach to the north side. The lot has frontage enough to make two large, roomy building sites, and each lot with alley facilities. Terms on this, ¼ cash and balance 2 years, with 8 per cent interest.

At the same time we will sell one of the finest vacant lots in the city, situated just two blocks beyond above mentioned property, and on the northeast corner of Washington and Clarke streets. This lot has a frontage of 53½ feet by 200 feet deep to a 10 foot alley; is level and just the right height above the street. Terms on lot ¼ cash, balance 6 and 12 months with 8 per cent interest.

Both pieces of property are located in the heart of the best residence portion of the "South Side," and in surroundings, neighborhood, etc., cannot be surpassed in the city. Get a plat at our office and go and see property, and be sure and attend sale. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street.

Lost.

LOST—A LADY'S SCARF PIN, A GOLD-MOUNted rabbit's foot. Suitable reward paid if left at Markham house with proprietor.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., June 19, 1886.

Commencing Monday, June 21, 1886, the following schedule will operate on this road. Trains run by 75th meridian time—one hour faster than Atlanta time.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 53	No. 51
Leave Athens	8:45 a m	5:25 p m
Arrive at Harmony Grove	9:42 a m	6:25 p m
Arrive at Lula	10:24 a m	7:45 p m
Arrive at Atlanta	1:30 p m	10:40 p m
Arrive at Clarksville	12:57 p m	
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	1:50 p m	

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No. 50.	No. 52
Leave Tallulah Falls	8:25 a m	
Arrive Clarksville	9:03 a m	
Leave Lula	11:10 a m	8:10 p m
Arrive Harmony Grove	12:15 p m	9:34 p m
Arrive at Athens	1:20 p m	10:30 p m

Tallulah Falls Accommodation.—Operates on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

No. 1.	No. 2.
Lv Tallulah Falls 6:40pm	Lv Cornelia 9:10pm
Ar at Clarksville 7:20pm	Ar at Clarksville 9:34pm
Ar at Cornelia 7:50pm	Ar Tallulah F'ls 10:20pm

Close connections made at Lula and Cornelia with passenger trains on Richmond and Danville railroad, both east and west. Ample time for supper at Lula on evening trains. Superb sleeping car accommodations. The shortest and quickest route between Athens and all points north, east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
Athens, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS, G. P. A., Richmond, Va.

THE CONSTITUTION

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT $1 PER MONTH, $2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR $10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS, SOLICITED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 22, 1886.

RED. BLUE.

Indications for Atlanta and Georgia, taken at 1 o'clock a. m: Local rains, stationary temperature. Georgia, Florida, Alabama, North Carolina and South Carolina: Local rains, stationary temperature, variable winds, becoming northerly.

Tennessee: Local rains, followed by fair weather; nearly stationary temperature, variable winds.

MR. GLADSTONE made another speech in Edinburg yesterday in the interest of his home-rule principle. The old man seems to be in earnest.

STORMS of rain and hail are reported from different parts of the country. Hailstones of enormous size fell in Texas, and much damage was done to property.

THE papal embassy arrived yesterday and proceeded to Baltimore, where the first formalities in elevating Archbishop Gibbons to the cardinalate were gone through with.

A BARBECUE is a great deal worse—in fact, a great deal better—than brass bands, and yet the Bacon campaigners are indulging in barbecues. Isn't this really horrible?

IT is left for the Bacon organs to print untoothsome remarks about Mr. Bacon. Such a rare campaign we have never seen. Mr. Bacon is terribly handicapped by his organs.

THE democrats of the house who voted for considering the Morrison tariff bill, held a meeting last night in Washington, and a committee was appointed to issue an address to the people.

WHILE Captain Howell appreciates very much the kind personal reference of the Augusta Evening News, it is almost needless to say that the suggestion as to his name being brought before the gubernatorial convention is absurd. Even were it not certain that General Gordon would be nominated he would not consent to it under any circumstances. He is earnest in his support and friendship of General Gordon. But any discussion of the question is useless, as there being only two candidates, there will, if any, be but one ballot. We believe, however, that General Gordon will be nominated by the convention without opposition and without a ballot.

The Late Judge Junius Hillyer.

In the death of the Hon. Junius Hillyer, Georgia loses one of her purest, ablest and most distinguished sons.

Judge Hillyer belonged to a family gifted with exceptional intellectual brilliancy. At an early age, his talents and attainments placed him in the front rank of the legal profession. He was drawn into public life by the wishes of his constituents, served with distinction in congress before the war, and filled a high position in the United States treasury. As a judge, he was noted for his clearness, firmness and impartiality.

Throughout his long and honored life of four score years, Judge Hillyer continued to grow in the love and esteem of all who knew him. His was, in every sense of the phrase, the model career of a model man. But it is not enough to speak of him simply as an eminent lawyer, an able statesman, and a learned judge. He rose to a still higher plane. He illustrated a grand type of Christian manhood. In all the relations of life his noble spirituality made itself felt—made itself an influence for good. The death of such a man will be widely mourned, and the bereaved relatives will have the sympathy of all in their hour of affliction.

The Telegraph's Little Table.

We have had frequent occasion to call the Macon Telegraph to taw about the little table by which it sets so much store. Time and again we have shown how utterly unreliable it was, and how wickedly it put false figures in that table in order to bolster up Major Bacon's failing cause. Of course we cannot point out all of its inaccuracies. That would take to much time and space, but we hit them occasionally in order to show its perfect unreliability.

On Sunday morning, when it was important to make its table show that Gordon had increased his lead over Bacon as little as possible, it actually credited Wilcox county to Bacon, and added up its two votes in the Bacon column. A dispatch, which we print elsewhere, from Hawkinsville, will show that the people of Wilcox county in mass meeting assembled on last Saturday, ordered a primary which will take place on June 30th. The Telegraph cannot dispute this, for it is the record. How can it have the face to put in the Bacon column the two votes of a county that does not elect delegates until June 30th?

We appreciate the desperate straights to which the Telegraph was put on Sunday morning. It had editorially promised the Bacon men that the friends of Major Bacon "would reverse General Gordon's lead by Sunday," meaning last Sunday morning. It was very hard for it to be forced in the face of this promise to show that not only had Bacon failed to reverse Gordon's lead, but that he had actually fallen in the rear. We are inclined to pardon, therefore, the miserable pretense which they tried to play on the people, when they put Wilcox in its table, thinking, doubtless, that it would not be noticed, and that only the total would be looked at. But in the interest of truth, to which THE CONSTITUTION devotes most of its time and talents, we are compelled to unmask this little trick, and set the Telegraph right. The Telegraph was ashamed on yesterday to correct the table after the Wilcox county trick had been discussed, and in Monday's paper it left the table out altogether. This is not treating its readers fair. It promised early in the campaign when Bacon was ahead that this table would be found in its columns every day until the end of the campaign, and would be a beacon light by which the people could read the signs of the times. We knew then that we would make them crawl in a hole and pull that table in after them, but we hardly hoped to do it so quickly. In the interest of the Telegraph's readers we hereby call upon them to take Wilcox out of their table, and correct its totals and put the table on record again.

Money Thrown Into the River.

For forty years or more a persistent effort has been made to commit the general government to the scheme of building and keeping up the lower Mississippi levees. It will be recollected that several years ago a plan was reported to congress providing for a permanent system of levees at a cost of about $50,000,000. The government was staggered by the figures, and has ever since fought shy of the levee business.

Still, the general government from first to last, has thrown a good sized pile of money into the Mississippi, and since 1874 has been dumping it in at the rate of $1,000,000 a year. The Father of Waters seems to be very unhappily placed. He cannot support his own offspring, and shows a disposition to meander over the country, passing the hat around everywhere. Altogether this Mississippi outlay has been immense. At first the levees were built by the planters, but in 1828 the state of Louisiana took a hand in the work. Up to 1861 Louisiana had spent $24,000,000; Arkansas, 1,000,000; Mississippi, $14,500,000; Missouri, $1,640,000, and private individuals, $41,000,000. Besides these amounts, it took $2,000,000 annually to repair the levees.

In this fight between man and nature, man has made but little headway. Year after year the spring floods sweep away the levees and overflow many miles of territory. It is evident that the river improvements of the future must be on a much larger and more costly scale than anything that has been attempted in the past, but it is now pretty well settled that the country at large does not propose to foot the bill. The states needing the levees will have to build them, and they cannot afford to neglect the matter in the vain hope of shifting their burden upon the government.

The War and Our Humorists.

The London Spectator has made a queer discovery. It says that American humor is of recent growth, and did not make its appearance in print until the war. According to the Spectator:

> That tremendous event shook the people up together, so to say. In the huge armies, men from all parts got mixed and shuffled; and ideas and notions and dialects from extreme localities were rubbed together, and experiences of all kinds were exchanged. Moreover, the custom of "swapping stories" was largely indulged in. Somehow, a great deal of fun was got out of the incidents of the great struggle, and it certainly seems that the modern form of American humor had its rise at that time.

There is some truth in this; but, as a whole, it is ridiculous. Our humorists started with the first printing press set up in America. They flourished during the revolutionary period, and later. Before the war, we had a flood of comic weeklies and monthlies, and humorous books were numerous. Our older readers, when they were boys, laughed over Irving, Brackenridge, "Jack Downing," "Sam Slick," "Simon Suggs," "Georgia Scenes," "Major Jones's Courtship," "Big Bear of Arkansas," "Sut Lovengood," "John Phœnix," "Doesticks," "Artemus Ward," and a host of others. It is a common thing to attribute many blessings and evils to the war, but it is a mistake to give it credit for all the fun in the country. In the main, the war was a very serious piece of business. It produced more tears than smiles; and bayonets had more to do with it than jokes. If the Spectator enjoys American humor, it should, by all means, go back to our earlier writers. It will find them fully as entertaining as the later school.

Eccentric Weather.

A few weeks ago we called attention to the fanciful speculations of a certain weather prophet, and intimated our disbelief in very plain terms. At that time the predictions seemed improbable. The weather man laid out an absurd programme. He declared that until September nearly every day will be cool and cloudy or rainy, and that overcoats would be in demand on the first of July.

We had our laugh at the expense of the weather prophet, but our mirth was, like his weather, unseasonable. Things are beginning to assume a serious aspect. With the exception of one hot wave, the weather for June has been just what was predicted. For the past three days it has been autumnal.

Take this sample. Yesterday, at midday, the mercury stood at sixty-one: Perhaps it will be said that this is not cold weather, but it is nevertheless a fact that such a drop on the 21st of June, when people naturally expect to see the thermometer in the nineties, is a surprise, if not a shock. The prediction of overcoats for July begins to look reasonable.

But July is not here yet, and there is time for all sorts of weather. Up to this date it must be admitted that the prophet has had it all his own way. Not only did the clouds and rain come, but the cool weather also, and with it, in Texas, at least, a series of destructive tornadoes. This is enough. The weather man may claim it as a vindication. He has made a lucky hit with his guess-work this time, but if July fails to down him, then we shall admit that we have indeed fallen upon evil times.

Melons for Market.

A few timely words about melons are in order.

One of the oldest melon men in the south is opposed to the shipment of melons not fully ripe. Melons gathered for even distant markets should not be unripe or over-ripe. An unripe melon will ripen, it is true, but it will be insipid and unpalatable. When over-ripe it soon sours.

The way to do is to go over a melon patch every day and pull everything that is ripe. With proper care the fully ripe melon will keep several weeks, but it must be kept in a cool place out of the sun.

Another point is important. None but large, well-shaped melons should be shipped. They sell best. A car load of big, fine-looking melons, will bring more money than they would with the addition of a hundred or two small, insignificant looking melons.

If the melon industry is to be developed, all these requirements must be attended to. The Georgia and Alabama melons will always be in demand north and west if the shippers exercise judgment and caution. But the traffic will not take care of itself. It must be nursed.

THE question in republican circles now is, will Brother Blaine's nomination unite the republican party? We hope the republican party can be induced to believe so.

THE esteemed Savannah News has some mighty ideas about a dark horse in the present campaign. There will be no dark horse. The next governor of Georgia will be General John B. Gordon.

DIXIE for June is out today, and is a number of more than usual attractiveness and interest. It is the first issue since the incorporation of the "Dixie company," and speaks well for the liberality and enterprise of the management. It has enlarged from forty-eight to sixty-four pages, and it is promised that the enlargement will be permanent. The contents embrace: "The Minerals of Georgia," by Wm. Waring Habersham; "Mountain Campaigns in Georgia," third paper, by Jos. M. Brown; "Timber Wealth of the South," fifth paper, Alabama, by Chas. H. Wells; "Southern Railway problems," fourth paper, by Jno. B. Peck; "Birmingham," illustrated, by Wales Wynton; "Cotton Seed Oil Making," third paper, by E. W. Thompson; "In the Carolina Mountains," by Chas Edgar Jarvis; "Art and Home Decoration;" "Mechanical Matters;" "Editor's Department;" "Dixie's Resources and Development," and "Humor Illustrated and Typed." Altogether it is a capital number. The illustrated article on Birmingham is alone worth much more than the price of a single number. It is gratifying to see Dixie's success.

A WASHINGTON correspondent with a turn for statistics has discovered that of the seventy-six senators fourteen chew tobacco, and fifty-eight use it in one form or another, while of the 325 members of the house only a few abstain wholly from tobacco. Over half of the southern members both smoke and chew. In the senate those who chew tobacco are Beck, Call, Edmunds, Fair, George, Harris, Hearst, Jones, of Florida, Logan, McPherson, Morrill, Saulsbury, Vance, Voorhees, Whitthorne and Wilson, of Maryland. Nearly all of them smoke also.

THE people do not seem to be afraid of the "Atlanta ring," but the Bacon organs continue to make it an issue. How little these touters understand the democratic voters of Georgia!

IT is thought that the Bacon campaign committee have made arrangements to withdraw Dr. Felton from the stump. The damage has been done, however.

EDITOR JOSEPH MEDILL, of the Chicago Tribune, has been interviewed by the New York Mail and Express. He says the Blaine fever is epidemic out west, and predicts the nomination of Blaine and Logan in 1888. Editor Medill says Blaine is the American Gladstone. He also remarks that the solid south is still solid, and says the republicans must carry New York if they elect the president.

A FEW days ago the Baltimore Sun mentioned the mysterious disappearance of Miss May Hatch, a beautiful young lady of that city. For several days all trace of her was lost. It is now known that the young lady took passage on the steamship Chatham, bound for Boston, and it is supposed that she leaped from the deck of the boat into the sea when near Block island. She had not acted in a way to attract special attention, and the passengers on board the steamer were greatly surprised on finding that she had disappeared from the boat. It was expected the body would go ashore near Newport or Narragansett. It has been recovered and an inquest has been held. The medical examiner found on the throat of the deceased young lady several severe bruises, as though an attempt had been made, either by herself or some one else, to strangle her. The Block islanders believe that other hands than those of Miss Hatch caused the marks on the throat. One of the island physicians said that if the young lady had been alive when she struck the water her body would not have floated so soon, and it is very certain that if she became unconscious by her own hands she could not have thrown herself from the steamer. There is a mystery about the case, but, despite these facts, some of the officials believe it was a case of suicide.

THERE is talk of secession in Canada. This secession business will extend to New England after awhile, and then the south will aid in thrashing that gifted section back into the union.

URSULA LENA HEER was a protege of Paul Weber, the celebrated landscape painter of Munich, Bavaria. Her mother lives in Chicago, and the fair Lena decided to cross the ocean and visit America. She sailed under the charge of a St. Paul lawyer named Knox, who was a friend of the Webers. He cared for her as if she had been his own daughter. On board the vessel Ursula met Louis Hanersmith, and in the seventeen days of their ocean trip Louis was exceedingly attentive, and at last proposed marriage. Ursula objected, but her guardian put in a plea for the impatient lover. Well, the young folks were married on their arrival in New York, just a week ago. A happy honeymoon was spent prior to the trip to Chicago, the home of the bride's mother. Then the husband got his wife's valuables transferred to a chest which he said he would check to Chicago. But, alas for Ursula, alas for chest. The husband disappeared, the chest and valuables are gone, and the lonely little wife weeps over broken vows.

THE queerest caper in this campaign is the fact that the Bacon organs give publicity to a gross and despicable slander on their candidate, and declare that if the Gordon newspapers do not deny it they will be held responsible for it. We commend this sort of business to the attention of the people of Georgia.

IT is hinted that Brother Blaine will take the stump for Mr. Gladstone. This shows that Brother Blaine still has prejudices against the Irish. Brother Blaine, in England, would embarrass the Irish cause greatly.

IN the great printing press establishment of R. Hoe & Co. a very fine apprentice system is in use. There are about two hundred and fifty boys serving an apprenticeship in the factory. They are taken only on agreement to work five years at least. During the day the boys work in the factory, "knocking off" at five and then going to a school near by, where they study until half past six. Many of the boys are studying geometry and algebra. The boys are advanced in the work in which they seem most likely to excel.

SOME of the papers of the country are commenting on the fact that three-fourths of the prizes in the schools this year are carried off by girls. The prevailing impression is that the boys will have a good deal more studying to do as soon as the girls get a fair chance in the colleges. The cigarette, fine cut tobacco, and a weakness for getting grown very early in life, will operate against the boys. The boys will have to wake up. The fittest will survive whether the unfittest like it or not.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

JOHN P. IRISH, editor of the San Francisco Alta, having been mentioned as a candidate for lieutenant-governor, responds through his paper in this eminently Irish fashion: "He feels too much respect for an office great enough to have been filled by John Daggett to wish that it should fall to a fellow about whom he knows so many things that won't bear discussion. Therefore, he wishes to say that he is not a candidate."

THE dog question in hotels will be on hotter than ever this year. A great many pugs and poodles will accompany the families to summer resorts. A case at a leading hotel in Cincinnati has just occurred, where a lady paid full fare for her pug rather than allow him to associate with ordinary dogs and eat "scrap."

A LUNAR rainbow, one of the grandest sights of nature, was seen by hundreds in Decatur, Ills., Saturday night. The reflected rainbow was likewise perfect. The spectacle lasted fully ten minutes.

MODJESKA and her husband have been doing the Yosemite valley, being the first party of the season to reach the falls, and sleeping in a tent during the tour. The actress is now recuperating at Monterey, and spends much of her time in sea bathing, of which she is passionately fond. She swims in deep water for half an hour at a time easily and finds the exercise very beneficial.

THE court of chancery in New Jersey has just rendered an opinion holding that a witness in that state who swears by the Bible is not bound to kiss the book.

CHARLEY SHEEHAN, thirteen years old, of LaFayette, Ind., went in bathing, accompanied by his dog. The boy could not swim, and while paddling about in water nearly up to his neck, the dog got on his back and pushed him down. As fast as he came up the dog pushed him under, and the boy was drowned.

MRS. CHAMBERLAIN, of Clevelend, so well known as the mother of Miss Jennie Chamberlain, upon whom the prince of Wales smiled, was among the passengers on Saturday's Etruria sailing from New York. Both Miss Chamberlain and her younger sister were with her, the name being spelled Chamberlayne on the ship's register. Mr. George Gould is on the same vessel. Mr. Gould has money and Miss Chamberlain beauty, and if young hearts should prove susceptible, Mr. Beecher is right at hand on the same steamer, a convenient minister.

CHARLES S. WOLFE, the new prohibition leader in Pennsylvania, says he has left the republican party forever, because he sees no chance of purging it of its bad features and the corrupt elements which have secured control of the organization. He thinks the prohibitionists will this year secure all the dissatisfied voters in both the other parties, and expresses confidence that they will poll fully 100,000 votes in Pennsylvania.

A CORRESPONDENT of a San Francisco society paper declares that in making a call he never knows what to do with his hands and feet, and asks advice on the subject. The shrewdly judging editor thereupon suggests that he take his hat with the former and his departure with the latter. If all writers on etiquette were as practical as this one they would not be the useless persons they are now.

CITY PARSON—Going to have the hay fever this year?

Country Parson—No. My congregation can't afford it.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

New York Sun: Mr. Locke, of the district of Columbia, has been locked up for six months for the larceny of an umbrella. So, after centuries, is a great principle established. An umbrella is the subject of property after all.

Washington Star: If the convicted murderer Brooks escapes the gallows through the indiscreet utterances of some of the jurors that tried him, the next jury panel in a capital case in St. Louis had better be drawn from the local deaf-mute asylum.

New York World: The sheriff has only one course to pursue. He must empty Ludlow street jail tomorrow of all who are entitled to their liberty under the provisions of the new law and let the attorneys of the creditors take their own course. There must be no trifling with the law, which is insufficient enough as a humane measure, at the best.

Chicago Herald: Sub rosa it is whispered that the recent ebullition of billious sarcasm from Senator Logan was owing to a slight misunderstanding between himself and the public concerning a historical work in which he had an interest. He thinks they ought to buy it and the public thinks differently. There are phases of soul-envenoming disappointment which are known only to authors.

New York Star: The suggestion is now made that young Thompson who murdered his wife and killed himself, was insane. This theory is born of a kind of sympathy that is not to be commended. The young man was probably weak, and certainly wicked. His falsehoods had got him into an embarraseing position, and he murdered the poor girl he had deceived rather than let her discover his poverty. He deserves no sympathy, and will receive none from people with healthy minds and sound morals.

KILLED BY HIS PETS.

A Rich Indiana Farmer Stung to Death by Cross Bees.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 21.—Benjamin Zehner until morning was one of the most active and prosperous farmers in Delaware county. He owned several hundred acres of land, valued at $50,000. He was sixty-five years of age. His chief delight was the care of bees, many colonies of which he had about his premises. These he looked upon as his pets. Early yesterday morning a young colony of bees came forth. They were observed by Mr. Zehner, who, calling his wife, proceeded to place them in a hive. The bees were cross, but after some difficulty were soon secured. In the operation Mr. Zehner was stung in several places.

Two bees lighted upon each side of his nose and simultaneously inflicted the little wound so familiar to bee keepers. Mr. Zehner at once complained of the pain as being unususlly severe and different in effect to any he had ever before experienced from the same cause. He became deathly pale. His breathing was labored and difficult. His aged wife, the only person about the premises, hastened to the house to bring camphor, hoping its application might give relief to her suffering husband. He sat in the shade of an apple tree to await her return. Her absence was of but short duration, but when she came she found him dead. He had apparently died in great agony. Medical aid was summoned, but too late. It is the opinion of the physicians that the bee-stings caused paralysis of the heart, resulting in his death.

POINTS ON DUELING.

The Kind of a Duel in Which it is Necessary to Say "Sacre" and "Parbleu."

From the New Orleans States.

The French method of fighting a duel is meeting with much favor in New York as a means of settling affairs of honor, and it bids fair to become a craze during the coming winter, which will be keenly enjoyed by the dudes.

According to the French code the combatants appear on the field in faultless attire and fight only with swords. They wear buttonhole bouquets to distinguish them from their seconds, and wax their mustaches so that the ends rear up like the horns of a beetle. This is done in order to furnish the element of fiereeness which is supposed to characterize every affair of the kind. The combatants are placed opposite each other and far enough apart to prevent the point of a sword being thrust into the body of either of them. When placed in their respective positions the combatants toe the mark with their right foot, hold the sword with the right hand, curl the left arm backward and above the head like a woman in the act of throwing a brick, and at the word, commence thrusting at each other.

At each thrust one combatant says Sacre! and the other Parbleu! It is absolutely necessary to say Sacre! or Parbleu! in order to make the duel thoroughly French, and the man who wins the choice of position also has the choice of the word.

How Fashions Repeat Themselves.

I have before me, says a writer in London Queen, an old album with cuttings from fashion books, date 1786, just 100 years ago. History and fashion alike repeat themselves; but it is curious that at this moment fashions in millinery certainly are repeating themselves on their centenary. The hats have the same enormous high crowns, with trimming placed principally at the back, or, at all events, starting from the rear, and one of them has a sort of jelly bag made of gauze crossing the top of the crown, the point falling above the left ear. I have seen such trimming within the last week in London. The helmet shaped hats or bonnets which are now made in straw were worn in 1801, when they were called Minerva; now a straw bonnet with two wings of straw placed behind the crown at the back is called Mercury; and in that particular year they had also melon-shaped crowns which are sometimes worn at the present day. The large shady hats now in fashion, bent slightly to the face, were worn in 1820 and edged as at present with a full ball of lace, placed quite at the brim. In 1839 the hair was combed from the nape of the neck upwards, exactly as now, but instead of being supplemented by coils of hair loops of hair stood upright with a high comb behind.

A Happy Subscriber.

From the New York Sun.

The Sun subscribes for THE CONSTITUTION, paying cash in advance, and studies it with joy and gladness and gratitude that such a truly good paper continues to exist.

JONES AND SMALL DENOUNCED

The Action of the Baptists of Columbus Mississippi.

COLUMBUS, Miss., June 21.—[Special.]—At a full meeting of the First Baptist church here, the pastor, Rev. C. E. W. Dobbs, made a statement of the recent charges preferred by the evangelists against the Baptists of Columbus. Rev. Dr. T. C. Teasdale offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by a standing vote:

Whereas, In a letter of Rev. Sam Jones, which was read publicly by Rev. Sam Small in their meeting in Indianapolis, Indiana, on Monday, the 6th inst., Mr. Jones admits that he said, in his meeting in this city, "that all who said that immersion is the only and exclusive form of baptism, are liars." And

Whereas, In his excuse for using this offensive language to the Baptists in this city, and to the millions of immersionists throughout this country, he alleges that the Baptists "were engaged in an open and aggressive system of proselytism, especially among the younger people." And that "they went so far as to confuse the minds and conscience of many converts, and to imperil their new born faith. In some instances the children of parents of other than the Baptist were urged while thus absent from their homes and friends to join the Baptist church, upon the positive statement that its mode of baptism alone could be to them the seal and sure witness of their soul's salvation. Others were led to understand that they would be damned if they were not immersed. They were thus led to doubt the reality of the religion of their fathers, mothers and families from time immemorial, and in this dilemma to draw back from their profession of Christ. In this emergency of danger to so many souls, produced by a spirit so jesuitically at variance with the union work of evangelism in which we were engaged, and which God was favoring so mightily, I indignantly protested against this species of proselytism." Now, therefore

Resolved, 1, That as a church and people, we do solemnly declare that no such system of proselytism, as is here charged against us, was adopted, or pursued, or countenanced by us, in any way, during the meetings of Jones and Small in our city; and we challenge Mr. Jones to give his authority for so grave and unjust a charge against the Baptists of this community.

Resolved, 2, That no Baptist minister or intelligent layman in Columbus, ever taught that our "mode of baptism alone could be to the converts the seal and the sure witness of their soul's salvation." And the man or woman cannot be found in our church, who ever taught, or believed that the converts "would be damned if they were not immersed." In the first place, we do not believe that either baptism or the Lord's supper is a seal of salvation. We hold, as we think the New Testament most clearly teaches that the blood of Christ alone is the seal of the sinner's salvation. And in the second place, we totally repudiate the doctrine of baptismal regeneration. We believe that a man might be immersed seventy times in the Jordan, and if he had not true, heart faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, it would profit him nothing. Indeed, it is a fundamental principle of faith, that a man must be saved before he can be properly admitted to the sacred rite of baptism. It is said, Acts ii. 47: "And the Lord added to the church daily the saved;" and we adopt that principle most heartily.

Resolved, 3, That it is due to us, as a church, and to the large and respectable denomination to which we belong, that Mr. Jones should retract the allegations which he has made against the Baptist church of Columbus. It is possible that he was misinformed in relation to the things whereof he affirms so positively. If so, he should give us the names of the parties by whom he was so grossly imposed upon. We challenge him to produce a single example of proselytism, on our part, either in the schools, or in the city generally, during the progress of his meetings in our midst. We are quite sure that no such case occurred.

Resolved, 4, That it is an undeniable fact, that the Baptists generally co-operated heartily with Jones and Small in their meetings here. They assisted as ushers, collectors and contributors; and as Mr. Maxwell, their musical leader, knows, they rendered important assistance in conducting the music on the occasion. Our ministers and members co-operated in prayer and in the inquiry room and did what they could to make the meetings a success; and we respectfully submit to all who love candor and fair play that we deserved decidedly more honorable treatment than that accorded us by Mr. Jones.

Resolved, 5, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Mr. Jones, and that the city press and Baptist papers throughout the country be requested to publish them.

POWDERLY'S LATEST.

A Secret Circular that Has Caused a Great Deal of Excitement.

NEW YORK, June 18.—A dispatch from Philadelphia says a great deal of excitement was caused here this morning by the publication of a circular from General Master Workman Powderly. It was sent secretly to those whom it most concerns.

It is designed to prevent the packing of the general convention at Richmond next October. The circular reads:

"A member of the order employed by a wealthy corporation places the following letter in my hands. It is printed in circular form, and the presumption is that similar letters have been placed in the hands of the trustworthy men.

"The name of the firm sending out the document is withheld, in order to shield the member to whom it was sent. It is quite evident that the sender of the document did not know that the recipient was a Knight of Labor. The letter of instruction reads:

[CONFIDENTIAL.]

Dear Sir: You have been named as a reliable, trustworthy man, in whom confidence can be placed. You have it in your power to confer a lasting benefit upon your employer and at the same time advance your own interests.

We wish to know something concerning the secret workings of the Knights of Labor. You are urged to join that body and become thoroughly informed upon the minutest details of the management.

If you can secure an election as delegate to the annual conclave of the supreme assembly of that order, it will be gratifying to those who furnish employment to you.

If, while acting in the capacity of delegate, you secure the passage of radical or revolutionary legislation, we will not regard it as being inimical to our interests.

If after your admission to the Knights of Labor you succeed in initiating the most prominent local politicians of your neighborhood, regardless of party, we feel that you are working in the interest of your employers.

We feel that, having thrown out these hints, you will at once place yourself in communication with those who will secure for you an election to the association named.

We have given the key note to future action and will expect a faithful performance of duty on your part.

Should you be discharged for any action you may take in the labor movement your time will go on. Respectfully yours.

Mr. Powderly then continues: "Let the word go along the line from district assembly to the newest recruit, to put none but Knights of Labor on guard at the next general assembly.

"Scan well the characters, the records and the abilities of those who will go to Richmond in October. Send no politicians there. Send no creatures of corporations there. Send no member there who would stamp the impress of communism or anarchy on the constitution of the Knights of Labor. Send no members there who were not pledged to vote for the best men for the positions to be filled; send no members there who will not plomise to do their part to enact just laws and to demand obedience to them when passed; send no members because of their fine speech or oratory. Remember the warning: Put none but Knights of Labor, true and tried, on guard at Richmond."

Budronch-White (Unlimited).

From the New York Sun.

"We want to be married for three years," said a man who headed a party of Poles that yesterday entered the office of Clerk Robinson of the Jersey City police board, who is also a justice of the peace.

Leaning on the man's arm was a well dressed young woman, who smiled cheerfully and nodded assent to the expressed wish.

"Why, I can't do that," said the squire, "it's against regulations."

"Well, make it five years, then," pleaded the man.

The young woman, easy to please, again nodded acquiescence.

"Can't do that, either," said the justice. "All marriages in New Jersey are for life, unlimited, and for better or worse."

The man seemed greatly disappointed. There was a consultation, in which all the party took part. The young woman made no objection to any of the plans proposed, save that of abandoning the project of getting married at all. The man seemed inclined to that rather than marriage without limitation, but he finally consented to the only contract which the justice would ratify and the marriage ceremony was performed.

The bridegroom gave his name as John Budronch, and the young woman said she was Kate White. Both said they resided at 408 Henderson street.

No Effete Alps for Him.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

A Chicago man, recently back from Europe, was asked what he thought of the scenery in Switzerland. "I don't think much of it," he said, "it's too hilly. Give me Illinois for scenery every time."

Of a Dog.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A little after the war I knew a southern youth in Virginia—he had never smelled powder—who had a dog named Reb. If you gave him a piece of bread or meat and said "yankee," he would not touch it.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

A subscriber in this city sends the following problem:

"EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I wish to ask you a question that greatly perplexes me, and if you or any of your readers can answer it, I will be very much obliged. The question is this: Why is it that when a young man calls on a young lady with whom he is only slightly acquainted, her mother will try to make him believe that her daughter does not receive company, and that he is the first to have the privilege of calling on her? A few Sundays ago I called on a young lady. Her mother came in the parlor and said: 'Lula's father does not allow the young men to visit her. She is only a school girl. You may think she is a grown young lady because she wears long dresses, but she is not.' The mother went on to say that under no consideration was her daughter allowed to go with young men to picnics and other places of amusement. One month after I had been told this I saw the young girl away out in the country with a gawky red-headed boy. Now, will you please inform me why the mother told me this, when her daughter did receive company?"

This correspondent, who signs himself "Henokee," has indeed stumbled on a curious problem. There is an old saying that boys will be boys, and I suppose that girls will be girls. Certainly mothers will be mothers. There can be no doubt that they are justified in trying to convince the admirers of their girls that the bloom is still on the peach, so to speak. There are other things to be taken into consideration in regard to the special case cited by the correspondent. Everything the young lady's mother said may have been true. The gawky, red-headed boy may have been the young lady's cousin, or her uncle, or her nephew; or he may have been a schoolmate whose presence was not regarded in the light of "company." If the situation is problematical from the correspondent's stand-point, he is to be pitied, for he is destined to meet with deeper and darker problems than these when he comes to study womankind. The fair sex has been a puzzle since Eve, the fairest of them all, was induced to partake of the forbidden fruit.

Speaking of these delightful creatures, I am reminded of the continual protest of the newspapers against the habit which young girls have of calling themselves by their baby names. Even Editor Dana, who is an unusually wise editor, joins in the protest. Calling attention to an Omaha paper's society column, he says: "Nebraska girls, like their sisters of the east, prefer to call themselves by baby names, and the ten columns of the Herald's fashionable intelligence are filled with Hatties, Mamies, Lulus,Letties, Tillies, Jessies, Maggies, Minnies, Mollies, Bessies, Fannies and Matties. But we discover what is a new nursery name to us—'Miss Mellie Butterfield, of Hastings.' Mellie—Mellie? What is the young lady's real name? Melissa? Mellicent?"

It gives me great pleasure to predict that the powerful newspapers of the country will never be able to break up this delightful habit of calling young girls by their baby names. It is a tribute to their youth, beauty and general sweetness that everybody is willing to pay except sour editors and cross-grained cynics. When a young girl is called "Elizabeth" by her friends and the public, we know that there is something frigid about her; it is a prophecy of old maidenhood, but when she is called "Bessie," we know just how fresh, and sweet, and affectionate she is, with her dainty girlish ways. Ah, no! Let the darling creatures cling to their pet names. It will be time enough, when they have settled down to the real experiences of life, to lay these names on the shelf, or to give them to their own little ones. After awhile their happy youth and the charms thereof will be but a faded memory.

I am told that several Atlanta young men had a very hilarious time at Cumberland island some days ago. One of them clomb, or clum (what a desperate affair this Georgia dialect is!) a tree after a coon—clomb up after him and came down with him, enjoying himself as only an Atlanta young man can. It is said that Osgood Sanders can relate this story of the coon-hunt with inimitable gravity, or could have done so, but for the fact that the shining sun raised some serious blisters on his back and in the neighborhood of his gizzard. This freak of the sun was a very trying one—perhaps I should say a very frying one. Dr. E. W. Hammond, of Orlando, Fla., who happened to be visiting in the vicinity, treated Mr. Sanders. He applied cold cream, and wound up with mustard plasters. These appeared to irritate Mr. Sanders and he uttered several undisguised protests. Mr. Sanders has returned, however, and he says that the next time he "goes in a washing" with the girls he will not wear a Mother Hubbard with flowing sleeves. I am glad to see our young men in the humor for making such resolutions as these. The fact is an evidence that those who are to come after us to govern have large hearts and a fiery determination. All honor to our young men who hunt Cumberland coons and bask in the noonday sun.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Patti and Nicolini.

J. B. S., Auburn, Ala: 1. What is Patti worth? 2. How many times has she married Nicolini?

1. About $1,000,000. 2. We do not know. The newspapers have reported several marriages. In 1878 she married him in a Greek church in Russia. Then she married him in 1882, or 1883, we are not certain which, in Paris. A year or two later, November 8, 1884, the good girl got a divorce from her husband, the bad Marquis de Caux, because she wanted to simplify matters. Last week she married Nicolini again in Paris, and then went across the channel and began to marry him as hard as she could in Wales. We stopped counting then.

The South's Property Loss.

Subscriber, Biloxi, Miss: How much property did the south lose by the war?

In 1860 the value of all property of the fifteen slave states was $5,426,042,724. In 1870 it was, approximately, $3,553,757,000. So the property lost about two-fifths of its value. In some states the showing was much worse. In Georgia the property in 1860 was assessed at $672,000,000. The first return made after the war aggregated only $170,000,000—about one-fourth what it was before the war began. The loss, however, includes the slaves, of course.

The Troublesome Duke.

From the Temple Bar.

There are several stories related by the court chaplain respecting the eccentricities of the king's brother, the duke of Cambridge, who would give vent quite loudly to the thoughts current in his mind during divine service. When the clergyman said "Let us pray," the duke added audibly "With all my heart." On another occasion, as we have heard, he said "Why the devil shouldn't we." Once, as the unfortunate curate was reading the story of Zaccheus "Behold the half of my goods I give to the poor," the duke astonished the congregation by saying aloud "No, no! I can't do that, that's too much for any man—no objection to a tenth." In answer to "Thou shalt not steal" the duke remarked "No, I never did steal anything except some apples when I was quite a little boy."

Once the duke objected to the prayer for rain on account of the wind. "No use praying for rain in a northeast wind." The prayer for rain sometimes causes quarrels in country parishes. We knew a case of a farmer rushing to the squire to complain of his parson's selfishness. "Directly he gets up his own rubbishing piece of hay," said the irritated agriculturist, "he begins to pray for rain." The court chaplain informs us that the curate of Kew got so nervous at the continual interruptions of his royal highness that he resigned his appointment.

Mills to Start.

CHATTANOOGA, June 21.—[Special.]—The South Tredegar iron mills, which has been shut down for a month on account of the decline in nails, will resume operations Monday in all departments.

The Summer Girl.

Though her hair be black, or her hair be red,
  Or her eyes be hazel, or brown,
She's fairer by far than the lily or the rose,
  The girl with the muslin gown.

The haughty queen, in her royal robes,
  With her sceptre and golden crown,
Is not so fair in the month of June
  As the girl with the muslin gown.

On nothing fairer upon the earth
  The sun or the moon looks down:
She's as sweet and fresh as the morning breeze,
  The girl in the muslin gown.

IN SANDERSVILLE.

CROWDS TURN OUT TO MEET GORDON,

The Rain Does Not Prevent the People from Greeting Their Old General—The Audience Enthusiastic—News from All Parts of the State About the Campaign.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—A terrible rainstorm prevailed here today. Notwithstanding this the courthouse was jammed, many ladies gracing the occasion with their presence. General Gordon made a fine impression, and the audience of about six hundred were intensely enthusiastic; four-fifths of whom were for Gordon.

THAT EASTMAN CONVENTION.

A Few Samples of the Business Transacted There.

EASTMAN, Dodge County, Ga., June 19.—Editors Constitution: In my communication of 17th instant, after stating that Dr. E. H. Bacon, chairman of the executive committee and a kinsman of Major Bacon, was chairman of the mass meeting held in this county to elect delegates to the gubernatorial convention, I used this language:

"I would be glad if everybody could read the proceedings of that mass meeting and observe the arbitrary and unparliamentary rulings of Dr. Bacon, the chairman, in the interest of his kinsman, Major Bacon."

Perhaps it was not altogether fair for me to say that Dr. Bacon's rulings were arbitrary and unparliamentary without stating what his rulings were in order that the public might judge for themselves, whether they were parliamentary or not. Will you, therefore, do me the kindness to publish the facts, and then I will not encroach upon your columns again about the matter.

The mass meeting was held by order of the executive committee, May 15th, to elect delegates to the gubernatorial and congressional nominating conventions.

Quoting from the secretary's report of the meeting, Judge James Bishop offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, by the democracy of Dodge county in mass meeting assembled, that the election of delegates to the gubernatorial convention be postponed until the state executive committee shall have called a state convention, in order to give all candidates an opportunity to be heard by the people."

This resolution was declared out of order by the chairman, and when Judge Bishop attempted to advocate his resolution he was ruled out of order and not allowed to speak.

A motion was then made to elect the delegates by ballot, to which an amendment was offered that they be elected by acclamation and instructed to vote for A. O. Bacon, and Judge Bishop offered a substitute that they be instructed to support John B. Gordon, and endeavored to advocate his substitute, but was interrupted by much disorder on the part of Bacon's friends, and when he spoke of the merits of General Gordon the chairman ruled him out of order.

I then arose and insisted upon a fair hearing, polite treatment, and our right to be heard, and I continued to speak, dispite the disorderly interruptions by Major Bacon's friends and the occasional rulings by the chairman that I was out of order whenever I alluded to the merits or record of General Gordon as reasons why the delegates should be instructed to vote for him.

The chairman was ready and quick to declare me out of order every time I mentioned the merits or record of General Gordon, but it never once occurred to him that Major Bacon's friends, who tried to drown my voice by disorderly noises and frequently interrupted me while I had the floor, were out of order, and that it was the duty of the chairman to call them to order.

Again, when one of Major Bacon's friends arose and interrupted me, stating that my remarks were premature, the chairman could not see that such conduct was unparliamentary and that it was his duty to declare it out of order, as an impartial presiding officer, but as soon as I alluded to the premature action of the executive committee in ordering a mass meeting to elect delegates to a convention that did not exist and had never been called, the chairman was quick to pronounce these remarks out of order and to rule that I had no right to thus criticise the action of the executive committee.

And finally, the chairman was so afraid that the mass meeting might do something else besides electing and instructing delegates for A. O. Bacon, that when I offered a resolution indorsing the present state house officers, upon objection, he promptly declared even this resolution out of order, though I see that other counties have taken the bold liberty of indorsing these officers.

It really seemed that the object of the meeting, as to gubernatorial matters, so far as the chairman had any interest in it, was to elect and instruct delegates for A. O. Bacon, and he was determined that nothing should be done to interfere with this programme if he had the power to prevent it.

It does appear to me that his power as an impartial presiding officer was used arbitrarily and not according to parliamentary usages. Respectfully,

J. BISHOP, Jr.

WHAT FELTON DID SAY.

The Truth About the Recent Social Circle Meeting.

NEAR SOCIAL CIRCLE, Ga., June 21.—Editors Constitution: The report of the meeting at Social Circle contained in the Telegraph is anything else but correct. It states that five hundred people were present, when there was not over three hundred. It states that when Dr. Felton left to go to the train half the audience followed him, when not over twenty-five followed him. It also states four to one of the audience were for Bacon, when a majority of the entire crowd present, according to the best judges, were for Gordon. The worst of all is it tries to make Dr. Felton's answer to Colonel Glenn's question, as to whether or not he will become an independent candidate, sound altogether different from the answer he gave. Colonel Glenn asked Dr. Felton this question: "Will or will you not become an independent candidate for governor if General Gordon is nominated?" Dr. Felton's reply was these words—no more, no less: "I am not a candidate for any office, neither do I expect to be." You see it leaves the way open for Dr. Felton's candidacy, and puts the matter of his answer in a different light altogether from the report of the Telegraph. These are facts.

I give you the above as facts, and they will be sustained by the best citizens who were present.

WILCOX TO VOTE BY PRIMARY.

The Report that it Went for Bacon Found to be False.

HAWKINSVILLE, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—The attempt of the Macon Telegraph to bolster up its table by claiming that Wilcox county had acted for Bacon on Saturday, is amusing, in view of the facts of the case.

Wilcox county did not select delegates on Saturday, and hence could not have instructed them for Bacon. In every test vote taken in the mass meeting there was not more than seven or eight difference. Finally, on demand of the Gordon men, and passed by three votes, it was resolved to have a primary on the 30th of June.

So it will be seen that Wilcox county is still missionary ground.

The Vote of Hancock.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: As you know from information furnished you in advance of the election in Hancock, the result was no surprise to General Gordon's friends here. As to the general result, therefore, we make no complaint. As to the use being made of it, and the misapplication and misrepresentations of facts connected therewith, we do complain, and now make some statements of the facts and some deductions therefrom. In the first place, as to the contest here, it was for time on the part of General Gordon's friends. We were beaten in the convention or mass meeting held at the courthouse on the first Tuesday of this month, on the question of fixing the date for the election, the contest being between the 20th of July, advocated by General Gordon's friends, and the 18th of June, "fixed" by the friends of Mr. Bacon; "fixed," too, by a vote of 109 to 94 in this agricultural community, in the face of the hardest year and the "biggest grass crop" seen in Hancock the first of June for many years.

The first published account we see of our election was in the Macon Telegraph. It showed the vote in a number of Bacon districts, only—did not say whether these were all the county districts—did not mention the 107th, which gave General Gordon two votes to Mr. Bacon's one. Of course it did not give the vote in the 109th district, for that had not been heard from. There were only two or three Bacon voters in that district. Some of General Gordon's friends there left their farms and went to the precinct (one man walking six miles) to find a good number of Gordon voters there, and no election papers, and no explanation have we yet heard of their absence, except that one of the managers said they could not come to Sparta to make the return. Nothing was said about this obstacle in the way when the papers were given to this manager, and he is a Bacon man. Had this vote been taken and included in the returns, you can see that General Gordon's friends made a good fight. We are not ashamed of it. Some of Mr. Bacon's friends admit that we would have carried the county if we had been allowed till July 20th to work. Mr. Bacon's chief manipulator told a Gordon man Saturday that if we had beat them on the date they would have given up the contest then. Of course, we don't believe it, for the county was "promised." The "delivery of the goods" had to be made at any sacrifice.

One more point: In and around the immediate suburbs of Sparta there are less than one hundred votes by actual count. In the country surrounding the town, the honesty, intelligence and uprightness of the people will compare favorably with the rest of the county, or of any county in the state. Many of them have "daily mail facilities," and "heard the joint discussion." In fact, four-fifths, we think, of the audience who heard the candidates speak come from the town and this section around it. In the language of the Augusta Chronicle, as to these people, the "verdict is in," and in a vote of 245 it is for Gordon by 95 majority.

This county has been worked for Mr. Bacon for three campaigns. If a county could be "fixed," it ought to have been. He was here last year in person and secured some valuable pledges. He is and has been supported by Messrs. Northen, Moore, Culver, Binson, Butts, Jordan; in fact by nearly every man in Hancock county who is or has been in politics, with I think, one or two exceptions, and every candidate for the next legislature. These being the facts, is it not fair that the truth should be known as it is and all the truth, and Mr. Bacon ought not to take or claim more than he has received from our good old county, especially when he has the political support here, which we have indicated above, and in General Gordon's following here is NO POLITICAN.

Hancock County, June 21st, 1886.

The One-Armed Veterans for Gordon.

DALTON, Ga., June 21.—Editors Constitution: The Macon Telegraph has the following statement:

A ONE-ARMED VETERAN FOR BACON.

ATLANTA, May 29.—Hon. H. C. Hamilton, clerk of the court in Whitfield county for many years, and now, was in the city yesterday. He is considered a strong man. He is a one-armed veteran, and will support Major Bacon.

Every statement in the above is true except the last one—that he will support Bacon. He authorizes the statement, and the fact is notorious here, that he is, and has always been, a strong supporter of General Gordon.

John W. Bridges, of this county, says he has often, on the march, seen General Gordon dismount and give his horse to a tired, footsore soldier, and Mr. Dantgler, of this county, is one of the soldiers who received this favor.

The Telegraph Wouldn't Answer.

AMERICUS, Ga., June 20, 1886.—Editors Constitution: So soon as General Gordon obtained the lead in the gubernatorial campaign I addressed the following inquiry to the Augusta Chronicle and Macon Telegraph:

"AMERICUS, Ga., June 14, 1886.—Solely for the interest of democracy, we desire to know if, at the convention on July 28th, General Gordon should be nominated by the party for governor, will you support him? Very respectfully,

M. B. COUNCIL."

To this the Chronicle made a prompt and manly response, saying it would support him, as appears in that paper of June 16th, and Mr. Walsh, the editor, also wrote me privately to the same effect.

Up to this date (20th) neither the Macon Telegraph or its editor has made any reply.

M. B. COUNCIL.

The Villa Rica Election.

VILLA RICA, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—We had an election here Saturday for justice of the peace. There were four candidates in the field: N. H. Humphries, John M. Moore, Jas. R. Mathews and Alf. Cobb, colored. The last three canvassed the district in every nook and corner. Mr. Humphries remained at home and kept his farm work going—but his friends were putting in some good work. It was the biggest election we have had since the days of '66-'68. Liquor was abundant and buggies and hacks were running, but the Humphries men remained sober and at the polls, and the result was, Humphries 123; Moore 72; Mathews 21; Cobb 0.

Won't the Statesman Answer?

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 21.—Editors Constitution: Mr. Walsh, in yesterday's Chronicle, wants to know who paid the expenses of the Gordon turnout in Warren Saturday. He seems to think that it was paid by THE CONSTITUTION.

The Gordon men down here would like to know who paid for the free hacks and wagons that plied between the courthouse and the mills here to bring voters for Bacon down, and also for the free whisky the Bacon men got so full of on mass meeting day? Perhaps he knows. Yours, etc.,

OLD VET.

Gordon's Friends in Jackson.

HOSCHTON, Jackson County, Ga., June 21.—[Special.]—After having traveled over the larger portion of this county we find five for Gordon to two for Bacon. The people of Jackson county are not wanting in fealty for the gallant Gordon, who fought for the principles inculcated by those great men, Robert Toombs and the Cobbs. Jackson county may safely be counted for Gordon.

Gaining All Along the Line.

LITHONIA, Ga., June 21, 1886.—Editors Constitution:—DeKalb is as sure for Gordon as the day comes. So is Rockdale, and if the people are allowed a fair chance Gwinnett will follow suit. It is funny to read the Gwinnett paper and then go among the people and hear them talk. Gordon is gaining all along the line. We have rain, rain. Wheat very poor; oats good. Our community is a progressive one—all for Gordon. ROCK.

As Viewed From Carolina.

From the Charleston News and Courier June 19th.

Forty-three of the counties in Georgia have elected delegates to the state democratic nominating convention. Of the 112 delegates so far elected sixty are pledged to support General Gordon, forty-six to support Mr. Bacon and six are instructed to vote for J. J. Jones. General Gordon's nomination seems to be already assured. Of course Mr. Bacon will vote for General Gordon, if he is nominated, and then there will be a resumption of "friendly relations" between the two candidates. It would be a generous act if Governor Gordon would offer Mr. Bacon the position of private secretary. Such an office would doubtless be acceptable to the statesman from Macon. It would at least give him a place very near the office of the governor.

Campaign Notes.

Colonel James H. Fannin, of LaGrange, is announced as a candidate for congress from the fourth district. The colonel is well known throughout Georgia, and will have a large following in the district.

Mr. J. H. Stone, of Smyrna, writes: "We polled fifty-two votes today—every vote for Gordon."

CHATTANOOGA POLITICS.

The Primaries to Select Delegates to a County Convention.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 21.—[Special.]—The democratic primaries to select delegates to the county convention to meet Monday for the nomination of a county ticket, convened tonight. The chief contest is over a county judge. Ex-Mayor Whiteside and Judge McRee, the present incumbent, are the two candidates. The primaries tonight in this city were almost unanimously for Whiteside. The friends of Judge McRee did not turn out on account of a very stormy night, while Whitesides' friends turned out in full force. Mr. Whiteside will be nominated. There is much dissension among the republicans, and it is believed that Mr. Whiteside will be elected.

A Suit Against the Nashville and Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 21.—[Special.] City Auditor J. P. Wilkinson today instituted a suit against the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad for illegally and improperly ejecting him from a coach belonging to the company, and for transportation on which he held the company's ticket. Mr. Wilkinson was a delegate, and purchased a return ticket to Nashville on the 14th instant, and the ticket was so stamped on the back. On the face of the ticket "Good till the 13th" had been written and erased, but just above it the word figures 22d had been written. Mr. Wilkinson refused to pay his fare or to get off, and he was forcibly ejected at Tullahoma. The question will doubtless prove an interesting one to be settled by the supreme court.

Money to loan on Atlanta real estate.
A. J. WEST,
Real Estate and Loan Office, 25 Peachtree St.

Accident to a Tourist.

BALCONY FALLS, Va., June 21.—Two young men, tourists from Dayton, Ohio, arrived at Clifton forge on Saturday, having with them two small boats with which they intended to make the descent of James river to Richmond, stopping at intermediate points. When they reached a rope ferry in Bedford county, one of the boats, occupied by a man named Whorton struck a rock and Whorton was thrown into the water and drowned. His body has not been recovered. The name of Whorton's companion is not known.

Lost in the Regiment.

From the Richmond State.

A wretched looking white woman who gave her name as Lou Palmer Terry, was before police court this morning charged with using abusive and obscene language in the streets. The police justice asked her where she came from, and she replied, "I don't know exactly, sir, where I came from: I was lost in the regiment during the war, with my folks, and I have not seen them since; but I have some friends in Manchester." She was held in default of surety.

Loss by Fire in Hamburg.

HAMBURG, June 21.—The sugar and cotton warehouse of Paul Jacobs, in this city, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is $250,000.

"Red Lion" Elixir for colic and cramps.

COLONEL N. J. HAMMOND'S

Heavy Supplement of His Salary.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Voter has written two articles appearing in THE CONSTITUTION of Saturday and Sunday last, making hypercritical mention of Mr. Mynatt's record in the constitutional convention in two particulars, neither of which has anything to do with the congressional race. One relates to the basis of representation in the legislature, the other to the granting of irrevocable charters.

As to the first, Mr. Mynatt thought and argued before the convention that population ought to be the basis of representation, and not extent of territory. I invite the public to look to his speech as published in the proceedings of the convention. The published report is a very meager one.

As to irrevocable charters, the writer is under the impression, and thinks the record will show, that Mr. Hammond voted as Mr. Mynatt did on this subject. I deem this matter of so little importance that I do not take the pains to turn to the record.

But since Voter is so fond of the record, and seems so intent upon adverse criticism of Mr. Mynatt, we will ask Voter to the consideration of a part of Mr. Hammond's record immediately preceding the convention. Mr. Hammond's greed of office is such that he has been in office ever since the warand during the war. At the time of and before the constitutional convention of 1877 he was attorney general for the state of Georgia. As such attorney general he was entitled to a salary of $2,000 per annum—Code of 1873, §1640. In addition to this, by the same code, §1648, he was entitled "for suits for collection of money on account of the state out of the circuit in which he resides, when litigated 10 per cent upon amount collected, and $50 if not collected; if not litigated, fees of solicitor general." It is well known to the public that immediately following the administration of Governor Bullock, information were authorized by the acts of 1871 against the officers of the Western and Atlantic railroad and those in complicity with them, to recover any moneys or any property improperly detained from the state. Judge Stephens was employed to represent the state. The informer in every case had his counsel. Judge Stephens died soon after the passage of the act, and before he had proceeded far with the cases. By resolution of the legislature of 1872 the attorney general was authorized to take charge of the pending suits and of any others it might be necessary to institute, and for his services was to be paid such compensation as the governor should consider reasonable. Mr. Hammond proceeded to appear with the counsel of the informers, and in all the collections made, which were very large, Mr. Hammond retained ten per cent. In the case of the Georgia national bank Mr. Hammond reports to the governor on the 10th of February 1874 that he had paid to himself three thousand five hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty-eight cents ($3,544.58). There was no litigation in this case after the death of Mr. Stephens, and Mr. Hammond's connection with it was simply to agree upon terms of settlement. This case is mentioned as a very prominent one, and the facts appear in a manu crip report in the governor's office. There were a great many suits of this character, in several of which large amounts were collected. There seems to be no record of these matters kept any where, showing in all the cases what Mr. Hammond received, but the writer presumes Mr. Hammond will not deny retaining ten per cent of the amount collected. About the same time a large number of executions were issued by the comptroller general against the same class of defaulting debtors to the State road. The comptroller's books show no return of these fi. fas. The books only show that they were put in the hands of the attorney-general, Mr. Hammond. There is nothing to show, so far as the writer can find, what amounts Mr. Hammond received upon these collections, but it is well understood that Mr. Hammond will not deny that he retained ten per cent of the amounts thus collected. These sums were very large, and ten per cent upon the amounts made several thousand dollars annually that Mr. Hammond received in this way. The records of the executive office do not show that Mr. Hammond had any order to take these large amounts of money. The suits were all within his own circuit, and there is certainly no law authorizing him to supplement his $2,000 salary with these vast amounts. Now, Mr. Voter, as you seem very familiar with the record, please rise and explain.

MERCHANT.

BLOUNT SPRINGS is formally opened under the new management of A. W. King, of Columbus, Miss., assisted by Colonel C. H. Hulcher and lady, of the Alexander hotel, Louisville. This well known watering place is directly on the line of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, thirty-three miles north of Birmingham. Hot sulphur baths a special feature. Those waters are too well known to need further notice. Board reasonable. For particulars write general manager, A. W. King.

GREENVILLE GRADUATES.

Brilliant Commencement Exercises at Greenville, South Carolina.

GREENVILLE, S. C., June 20.—[Special Correspondence.]—The commencement exercises which closed here the past week, were in point of interest and brilliancy far ahead of any in her former history.

On last Sunday a large audience was present at the spacious apartments of the Baptist church, to hear the Rev. A. A. Marshall, of Gainesville, Ga., who preached the annual commencement sermon.

Monday morning, bright and early, the stream of visitors and residents flooded every principal avenue of the city in their march to the opera house, to witness the calisthenic exercises by the fair pupils of the female college.

At night the house was again crowded. This time to hear the best speakers of the Philosophian Debating societies of the Furman university. The subject of discussion was:

"Resolved, That the following provisions of the Blair educational bill are entitled to the support of the southern states, to-wit:

First, that the federal government give the states and territories $79,000,000 in eight yearly apportionments for the common schools.

Second, that this be apportioned according to illiteracy.

Third, that there be no discrimination in favor of color.

Fourth, that the governors of the states be required annually to file with the secretary of the interior the full statistics of the schools.

Fifth, that no state or territory receive more than it expended in the previous year from its own revenues for common schools.

Six, that samples of school books be filed with the secretary of the interior.

Seventh, that congress have the right to withhold subsequent appropriations if the above conditions be not complied with."

S. M. Hughes, of South Carolina, from the Adelphian, and A. R. Calhoun, of Columbus, Ga., from the Philosophian, represented the affirmative, while Henry Grady Ferguson, of Greenville, from the Adelphian, and G. L. Calloway, of Greenville, from Philosophian, negatived. Rev. John Stout, Rev. A. A. Marshall and Rev. J. M. Rose, judges. Both sides were strongly presented, and each speaker evinced the fact that he had delved deep into the merits and objections to the measure. The judges rendered a unanimous verdict for the negative.

The morning of the third day was taken up by the annual exhibition of the Greenville military institute, Captain John B. Patrick principal. The principal features of this programme being recitations, dialogues and original orations by the older and more advanced scholars.

One of the special features of attraction was the concert given at the opera house at night by the students of Professor Decamp's conservatory of music. Hundreds were turned from the door being unable to gain entrance on account of the immense crowd that had packed into every space early in the evening. After the exercises were completed, the vast audience repaired to the Greenville Female college, where a reception to the graduates was being held.

On Wednesday morning at the opera house, Rev. E. J. Forester delivered the annual address to the alumni of Furman university. Mr. Forrester's subject was the life and career of John Stuart Mills.

At 6 o'clock in the afternoon the banquet of the alumni was had in the main room of the Mansion house.

On Thursday morning the opera house was again crowded to witness the graduation of W. J. Thackston, F. W. Pickle and Henry Grady Ferguson, of the Furman university. After the delivery of the essays by the graduates, Hon. Fabius H. Busbee, of North Carolina, delivered an admirable and practical address to the literary societies.

THE FEMALE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

At night, despite a drenching rain, the opera house was honored with a large crowd who had gathered to witness the most brilliant of the week's entertainments, the commencement of the Greenville Female college. A piano quartette from Figaro by Misses Putman, Manley, Stradley and Bishop started the programme. Next after prayer by Rev. R. H. Pratt, was a German fantaisie, played by Miss Josephine Willingham. The salutatory for the graduating class was read by Miss Carrie Gray Hill, of Greenville, an honor which was unanimously voted her by her class. After a vocal duet by Misses Susie Cleyburne and Emma Anderson, accompanied by Professor Decamps on the piano. The Rev. W. R. L. Smith, of Virginia, delivered the address to the Judson literary society. At the conclusion of Rev. Smith's admirable address, Miss Stradley played a piano solo; after which Professor Townes advanced to the front of the stage, and the eighteen lovely and beautiful graduates formed a semi-circle around him, when, in a few farewell remarks, he presented them with diplomas of graduation.

The full graduates were: Misses Julia Lide, Darlington, S. C.; Mary Lou Breazeale, Greenville, S. C., and Lucy Rebecca Hoyt, Greenville, S. C. The graduates in other classes were: Miss Claude Bernice Holiday, Horry, S. C.; Miss Lela Ada Poore, Anderson county, S. C.; Miss Lila Jones Lucas, Chester, S. C., Miss Lela Jackson Huntly, Cheraw, S. C., Miss Josephine Willingham, Barnwell, S. C., Miss Georgia E. Ackerman, Colleton, S. C., Miss Annie N. Barr, Greenville, S. C., Miss Lidie F. Burgiss, Greenville, S. C., Miss Lucia P. Charles, Greenville, S. C., Miss Sadie M. Herbert, Greenville, S. C., Miss Carrie G. Hill, Greenville, S. C., Miss Anna J. Roberts, Greenville, S. C., Miss Sallie E. Wilson. North Carolina, Miss Hattie E. Stradley, Greenville, S. C., Miss Liliam E. Cureton, Greenville, S. C.

Miss Georgia Ackerman delivered the valedictory.

The past session has been the most prosperous one in the history of the female college, and to the untiring energy and zeal of Professor Towers and his able and faithful corps of helpers it is entirely due. The Furman university is also in a most prosperous condition, and today ranks with any similar institution in the state. The Greenville military institution has grown so rapidly in public favor within the past few years that it is now recognized as one with few equals.

See notice of scarf pin lost.

The Sunday-School Meeting.

The union Sunday-school meeting will meet next Sunday week at Evan's chapel. The meeting last Sunday was held at the Fifth Baptist church and was a decided success. The church was well filled with teachers and children, who seemed to enjoy the exercises. Mr. A. C. Briscoe was the first speaker, and held the closest attention of the audience. He was followed by Rev. W. P. Thirkields dean of Gammon school of theology, in a fifteen minutes' speech of great power and beauty, which was greatly enjoyed. Rev. T. P. Cleveland gave the audience a delightful talk of the value of five minutes. Major Campbell Wallace was loudly called for, and made a short but earnest speech upon the sin of Sabbath desecration, and called attention to the Sunday concerts at Grant Park and Ponce de Leon springs. Rev. Mr. Norcross closed the exercises in a few well-chosen words and the happy company dispersed.

"Red Lion" Elixir is the "go."

Death of a College Professor.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—Dr. J. E. Dunklin, professor of Latin in the Agricultural and Mechanical college, at Auburn, died last night. He was an eminent scholar.

"Red Lion" Elixir is perfectly harmless.

"Red Lion" Elixir for rigors and general debility.

D. H. Dougherty & Co.

Our advertisement in last Sunday's issue holds good all this week. Notwithstanding the rain yesterday we were crowded with customers. Bargains will tell, and we have more of them than ever before.

"TAPER OFF" on "Red Lion" Elixir.

Homes For All.

The Capital City Land and Improvement company is prepared to sell vacant lots or to build such houses as purchasers may desire upon any vacant property the company may own, on the installment plan. A small cash payment down and balance in monthly installments, being but little if any more than rent would be for similar property. For further particulars apply to the secretary

JACOB HAAS,
d tf 5p Room 8, Gate City Bank.

HOTEL ST. GEORGE, 51 Clark St., Brooklyn, fire proof, best construction, splendidly located on Brooklyn Heights; close to Bridge, handy to central points of New York city and Coney Island, with more luxury at ⅓ prices; 400 rooms, all electric lighted (100 Bath rooms) handsomely decorated: very best upholstered furniture; finest bedding; conceded to be one of the finest hotels in the country. Transient rates $2.50 per day, with private toilet. Single rooms $1 per night; open all night, cuisine unsurpassed. tu thu su 5p

Hymeneal.

LYNCH—KIRKPATRICK—On the morning of the 17th instant, near Hillsboro, N. C., at the residence of the bride's father, Dr. William Lynch, of Chapel Hill, N. C., was united in marriage to Miss Maggie B. Kirkpatrick, Rev. Dr. A. W. Mangum of the University of North Carolina, officiating.

Funeral Notice.

EVANS—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Evans and I. P. Harris and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. A. W. Evans, from 49 Hood street, at 10 o'clock this morning.

HOLBROOK—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Holbrook are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their infant son from their residence, 296 Collins street, this (Tuesday) afternoon at three o'clock.

HILLYER—The friends and acquaintances of Judge Junius Hillyer and family, Mayor George Hillyer and family and Mr. Henry Hillyer and family, are invited to attend the funeral services of Judge Junius Hillyer, from the family residence in Decatur to Oakland cemetery, at three o'clock this afternoon. Funeral sermon by Rev. Dr. Henry McDonald. A special train has been provided which leaves the union passenger depot at 2:45 this afternoon, and return at 4 o'clock for the accommodation of all who desire to attend.

FRANK X. BLILEY. JOHN F. BARCLAY.

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"Has fallen in closely behind the three leading magazines of this country."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

For Sale by All Newsdealers.

CONTENTS FOR JULY.

I
The First Day of Real War, Illustrated, F. G. DeFontaine.
II
Old Time Service, J. M. Wright.
III
John H. Morgan, W. R. McAdoo.
IV
The Trappist Abbey of Gethsemane, Illustrated, Morton M. Casseday.
V
Fra Benedict, Charles J. O'Malley.
VI
The War in Missouri, R. H. Musser.
VII
Charles Gayarre, Paul H. Hayne.
VIII
Placid Englehart, Illustrated, L. T. Cunningham.
IX
Southern Summer Resorts, Illustrated, Felix L. Oswald.
X
The Summit of Chillowee, Wm. Perry Brown.
XI
Comment and Criticism.
XII
Editor's Table.
XIII
Salmagundi.

Send 20 cents for Sample copy.
One Year, $2 00. Six Months, $1.00.
Bound volume for the year ending May, 1886, sent on receipt of $3.00. je 22 24

Swell Society on the Comstock.

From the San Francisco Post.

"What I object to in San Francisco," said a young gentleman from the Comstock whom I met in the office of the Palace, "is that society here is so very mixed. If you're invited out here, you know, you cawn't possibly tell whom you're going to meet. You're just as likely as not to get into conversation with a man without a dollar as you are with a millionaire. It's disgusting. Now, in Virginia City, we do things better. Once it was just as bad there as it is here. Why, d'ye know when I arrived you'd occasionally encounter a shift boss, and even a common miner! Fact. A few of us got together and drew the line. At first we admitted engineers, who are paid $6 a day, but some months ago we decided to exclude them. Now nothing under a timekeeper can get in. Timekeepers get $1 a day less than engineers, but their work is clerical, you know, and on that account we overlook the wages. Of course, we don't admit all timekeepers. Some of the superintendents don't like to meet their own timekeepers socially, though they consent to associate with timekeepers from other mines. The assayers kick a bit, but hang it, this is a republic, you know, and we cawn't be altogether too strict. I'm sure if we bank clerks don't object, the assayers can stand it. What does society do to amuse itself? Oh, we have a lawn-tennis club, and a kettle-drum now and again. But the principal fun is that we refuse to speak to people not in society, except in the way of business. It makes them furious, you know."

"You must live an enviable sort of existence."

"Enviable!" cried the sagebrush swell. "I should say so. Everybody envies us. We're the most exclusive society on the coast. Why, the feeling against us is so high that we really have to go armed."

Tommy Atkins and His Pipe.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The anti-tobacconist society will groan and be sore troubled in soul at the recent concession to the hated weed that has been made by the field marshal commanding-in-chief of the British army. Instead of being absolutely forbidden to smoke in the streets, Tommy Atkins is now allowed to enjoy his pipe like other mortals in the public thoroughfares after 5 o'clock in winter and after 6 o'clock in summer. To the general public who hear of this restriction for the first time the order will make no difference: but to the private soldier the relaxation of the regulation will be regarded as a great boon, which far more than compensates him for the recent abrogation of his old privilege of wearing his hat in a court of justice.

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Decatur St. Store & Residence.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES ON TUESday, 29th June, at 4 p. m., lot number 254 Decatur street, 25x80 feet to a 20 foot alley, with store and two rooms adjoining for residence. There is an extra fine well of water on the lot. The store is a neat frame building, adapted for drug or grocery business. The property fronts on Belgian block, gas and water main, paved sidewalks and street car line, and is just the place for a man who wants a store and residence combined. Sale absolute. Titles indisputable. Terms cash. G. W. Adair.
20, 22, 24, 27, 28, 29

G. W. ADAIR .... Auctioneer.

4 Handsome Vacant Lots in a Grove.

I WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. m., in the cool of the evening, four nice vacant lots on Fowler and Lovejoy streets, between Pine and Hunnicutt. Parties wanting lots for small, cheap homes, convenient to Spring street, now handsomely graded, and in that old grove of the Payne property, should procure a plat and attend the sale. The property belongs ro a non-resident, who wishes to sell without reserve.

Look out for a bargain, and be there. Terms—one-half cash, balance six months, with 8 per cent interest. G. W. ADAIR.
28,22,24,25

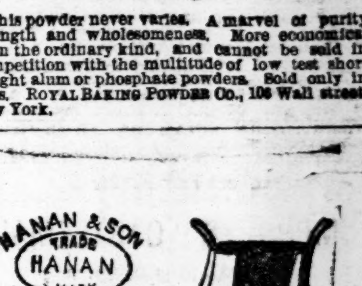
MRS. M. E. SMITH, vs. J. C. SMITH, LIBEL for divorce, Fulton Superior Court. A petition for divorce having been filed in the above stated case, returnable to the fall term of Fulton superior court, and it appearing that J. C. Smith is not a resident of the state of Georgia, it is ordered that service be perfected by the publication of this order in the Atlanta CONSTITUTION once a month for two months, as the law requires.
MARSHALL J. CLARKE,
Judge S. C., A. C.
HOKE & BURTON SMITH,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
may 20—june 22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PARTnership heretofore existing between THOMAS N. BOYLAN, of the city of New Orleans, state of Louisiana, JAMES E. WILKINSON, of the city of New York, state of New York, and MATHEW V. O'BRIEN, of Atlanta, Ga., under the firm name of FARRELL'S COMMERCIAL DETECTIVE AGENCY, with its domicile at New Orleans, La., and branches at New York and Atlanta, Ga., has been dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of May, 1886. From and after this date the parties to the said late partnership shall not be responsible for any debt contracted on account of Farrell's Commercial Detective Agency.
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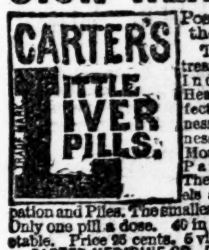


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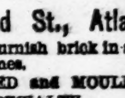
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For EXCELLENCE, PURITY and EVENNESS OF QUALITY, the above are Unsurpassed by any Whiskies in the market. They are entirely FREE FROM ADULTERATION, and possess a natural flavor and fine tonic properties.
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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

howing the arrival and departure of all trains from the city.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R.

Arrive	Depart
*Day Express from Sav'h &Fla. No. 14 12 05 n'n	*Day Express North, E. and West No 14 12 15 pm
*New York Lim. From North. No 15..12 55 pm	*Day Express Phil & N. Y., No 12..... 6 15 am
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from North, No. 11. 11 55 pm	*New York Lim. North N. Y. Phila. etc. No. 16 .... 5 40 pm
*Day Express from North No. 13.......... 3 30 pm	*Cannon Ball South for S'v'h & Fla. No. 15 .... 9 15 am
*Day Ex. from Savannah and Brunswick, No. 16........ 5 35 pm	*Fast Express South for S'vh & Fla. No. 13 5 00 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
From Savannah* 7 32 am	To Savannah*...... 6 00 am
" Barn'sv'll* 7 50 am	To Macon*........ 3 10 pm
" Macon*.... 1 35 pm	To Savannah*.... 6 50 pm
"Savannah*... 9 35 pm	To Ba'nesville*. 4 30 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chata'ga* 7 25 am	To Chattanooga* 7 50 am
" Marietta ... 8 58 am	To Chattanooga* 1 50 pm
" Rome....... 11 05 am	To Rome.......... 3 45 pm
" Chata'go*.. 2 30 pm	To Marietta...... 5 15 pm
" Chata'ga*.. 6 35 pm	To Chattanooga* 5 55 pm
	To Chattanooga* 11 00 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Akron....* 7 15 am	To Selma*...... 1 15 pm
" Selma*.... 2 25 pm	To Akron*...... 11 30 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*. 6 40 am	To Augusta*...... 8 00 am
" Covingt'n.. 7 55 am	To Decatur....... 9 00 am
" Decatur..... 10 15 am	To Clarkston..... 12 10 pm
" Augusta*... 1 00 pm	To Augusta*...... 2 45 pm
" Clarkston.. 2 20 pm	To Covington..... 6 10 pm
" Augusta*... 5 50 pm	To Augusta*...... 7 30 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.

From Lula........ 8 25 am	To Charlotte*.... 7 40 am
" Charlotte*. 12 40 pm	To Gainesville... 4 30 pm
" Charlotte* 9 40 pm	To Charlotte*.... 4 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

From Bir'g'm*.. 7 20 am	To Birming'm*.. 8 05 am
" Bir'g'm*.... 3 55 pm	To Birming'm*.. 4 30 pm

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

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South Western R. R. Stock.
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WM. A. OSBORN & SON, N. W. Corner Marietta and Broad streets, Real Estate Agents and Attorney at Law

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S. A. REID, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eatonton, Ga. with Judge Turner. Also office over Western Telegraph office, Mulberry street, Macon, Ga.

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New York exchange buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

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New Ga., 4½ 30 year	108¼	109½
Ga. 6s 1889	107	108
Ga. 7s, gold	112½	114
Ga. 7s, 1896	124	126
S. C. Brown	107	109
Savannah 5s	99	101
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	126	128
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	114	116
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	122	124
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	118	120
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	110	112
Atl'ta 6s, S.D.	101	104
Atlanta 5s	107	109
Augusta 7s	103	105
Macon 6s	110	112
Columbus 5s	94	96
ATNANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta Nat'l	200	—
Merch'ts B'k	113	—
B'k State Ga	120	150
Gate City Nat	105	110
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Ga. R. 6s, 1897	109	111

R.R. BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. 6s, 1910	111	113
Ga. R. 6s, 1922	114	116
Cen. R. 7s, 1893	111	113
C. C. & A. 1st	114	115
A. & C. 1st	123	125
A. & C. inc	105	107
M. & A. ind	100	103
W. of Ala. 1st	103	105
do. 2d	108	110
Ga. Pac. ind	109	111
Ga. Pac. 2d	43	46
Am'cus, Prest. & L'mkn 1st 7s	102	104
M. & N. G. 1st		102½
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	182	184
At. & Char	100	105
Southwest'n	118	120
S. Carolina	5	10
Central	—	70
Central deb	97	99
Aug. & Sav	119	121
A. & W. Pt	101	103
do. deb	102	—
C. C. & A	25	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The stock market today brought the first decided reaction for some time, stocks being weak almost from the opening. The only notable exception was Western Union, in which there was a small squeeze in the first hour, but stop orders for short account soon checked the rise, and later selling by insiders brought the price back to opening figures. There were more bear rumors on the street today than for a long time past, and the passenger rate war in the northwest looms up into large proportions, and from all accounts is extending to freight rates, with little or no prospect of a settlement. The market opened strong, ⅛ to ½ per cent higher. Prices began to decline immediately after the opening, except Western Union, which advanced sharply during the first hour, but later joined the general list in its downward movement. There was considerable feverishness characterizing dealings, and there were frequent small sales, which were almost invariably followed by a larger decline. The lowest prices of the day were reached in the last hour. Everything is lower tonight on the active list, and Hocking Valley and Lake Shore are each down 1¾ per cent, Missouri Pacific and New York Central each 1½, Omaha preferred 1⅛, Lackawanna 1, and the remainder for fractional amounts. Sales 390,000 shares.

Exchange 487. Money 1½@3. Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $129,043,000; currency $13,318,000. Governments dull but strong; 4s 126⅝; 3s 101¾ bid. State bonds dull but firm.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	105	N. & C.	43
do. Class B 5s	108	N. O. Pac. 1sts	61
Ga. 6s	*100½	N. Y. Central	106⅜
Ga. 7s mortgage	*102	Norfolk & W'n pre.	34⅛
N. C. 6s	119	Northern Pacific	25⅜
do. 4s	*95¼	do. preferred	60⅜
S. C. con. Brown	111	Pacific Mail	55½
Tennessee 6s	60	Reading	25½
Virginia 6s	*44	Rich. & Alleghany	3
Virginia consols	53	Richmond & Dan	125
Chesap'ke & Ohio	9⅛	Rich & W. P. Ter'l	30¼
Chicago & N. W	115⅝	Rock Island	127½
do. preferred	141¾	St. Paul	95⅝
Del. & Lack	131⅛	do. preferred	123
Erie	28½	Texas Pacific	11⅜
East Tenn	¾	Union Pacific	57¾
Lake Shore	85⅛	N. J. Central	54½
L. & N	40⅝	Missouri Pacific	107¼
Memphis & Char	36	Western Union	63⅞
Mobile & Ohio	15‡	†Offered. ‡Asked.	

*Bid. †Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 21, 1886.

New York—The cotton market shows no change. Spots, middling 9⅛c.

Net receipts two days 10,809 bales, against 1,549 bales last year; exports 27,982 bales; last year 18,012 bales; stock 401,218 bales; last year 338,709 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening	Closing
June	9.00@ 9.10	9.08@ 9.10
July	9.12@ 9.13	9.14@ 9.15
August	9.25@......	9.26@......
September	9.13@ 9.14	9.13@ 9.11
October	9.03@ 9.04	9.03@ 9.04
November	8.99@......	8.98@ 8.99
December	9.02@......	9.02@ 9.03
January	9.09@ 9.10	9.09@ 9.10

Closed steady; sales 42,200 bales.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	—
Air-Line Railroad	36
Georgia Railroad	—
Central Railroad	—
Western and Atlantic Railroad	3
West Point Railroad	—
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad	—
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
Total	39
Receipts previously	160,491
Total	160,530
Stock September 1	433
Grand total	160,963

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments today	—
Shipments previously	144,231
Local consumption previously	10,621
Total	154,852
Actual stock on hand	6,111

NEW YORK, June 21—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: Most of the business was confined to putting forward July contracts into August, and the market made no important fluctuations throughout the day, closing somewhat nominal at about Saturday's rates. No one cared to buy the old crop, and a fear about selling at ruling rates checked offerings some. A little covering of late months took place on reports of a less favorable nature from the crop section, but a majority of southern advices represent excellent conditions. Liverpool lacked tone, and private accounts were really tame.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, June 21—12:15 p.m.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 5⅛; middling Orleans 5 3-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 17,000; American 15,800; uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 5 4-64; July and August delivery 5 4-64; August and September delivery 5 5-64; September and October delivery 5 2 64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 21—1:00 p. m.—Sales of American 8,800 bales; uplands low middling clause June delivery 5 4-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 4 64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 4-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 5-64, value; September and October delivery 5 2-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 62-64, value; November and December delivery 4 61-64, buyers; December and January delivery 4 61-64, buyers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, June 21—4:00 p.m—Uplands low middling clause June delivery 5 3-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 3-61, buyers; July and August delivery 5 3-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 4-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 1-64, buyers; October and November delivery 4 62-61, sellers; November and December delivery 4 61-64, buyers; December and January delivery 4 61-64, buyers; futures closed dull.

NEW YORK, June 21—Cotton steady; sales 458 bales; middling uplands 9⅛; middling Orleans 9 5-16; net receipts none; gross 887; consolidated net receipts 4,001; exports to Great Britain 11,295; to France 310; to continent 4,518; stock 263,414.

GALVESTON, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; net receipts 15 bales; gross 15; sales 497; stock 11,438; exports coastwise 1,019.

NORFOLK, June 21—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 159 bales; gross 159; stock 9,835; sales 76; exports coastwise 325.

BALTIMORE, June 21—Cotton nominal; middling 9⅛; net receipts 29 bales; gross 50; sales none; stock 12,154; sales to spinners 300; exports to Great Britain 2,177.

BOSTON, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; net receipts 191 bales; gross 1,579; sales none; stock 6,310.

WILMINGTON, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 6 bales; gross 6; sales none; stock 793.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21—Cotton steady; middling 9⅜; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 14,350.

SAVANNAH, June 21—Cotton dull; middling 8 11-16; net receipts 459 bales; gross 552; sales none; stock 9,090; exports coastwise 737.

NEW ORLEANS, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 686 bales; gross 752; sales 800; stock 56,081; exports to Great Britain 4,383.

MOBILE, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; net receipts 55 bales; gross 55; sales 200; stock 10,018; exports coastwise 19.

MEMPHIS, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 389 bales; shipments 864; sales 125; stock 24,665.

AUGUSTA, June 21—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; net receipts 5 bales; shipments —; sales 5.

CHARLESTON, June 21—Cotton, nothing doing; middling 9; net receipts 1,596 bales; gross 1,596; sales none; stock 7,723; exports to continent 2,106; coastwise 2,112.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 21—On 'change today the conditions were more or less unsettled with prices, after a buoyant opening, tending somewhat downward. The announcement of a decrease of one million bushels in the visible supply was made during the day, and was considerably lower than had been counted upon by the trade, but was not sufficient to maintain prices, and the starting price for August was 76c, an advance of ⅜c over the official close of Saturday, and sold up at once to 76⅛c, but began to break off under free offerings and continued to decline, with few fluctuations, until 74⅞c, rallied and closed at 1 o'clock at 75⅜c. In the afternoon the feeling was easy, and August closed at 75 3-16c.

Both corn and oats ruled very slow with a somewhat easier tone and closed a trifle lower.

Provisions ruled steady and closed a little higher.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC,

CONSTITUTION OFFICE
ATLANTA, June 21, 1886

The following quotations indicate the fluctuation on the Chicago board of trade today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
WHEAT.				
June	72⅞	72⅞	72¾	72¾
PORK.				
June	8 90	8 90	8 90	8 90
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
June	5 60	5 60	5 60	5 60

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, June 21—Flour—Best patent $6.00@$6.25; extra fancy $5.40@$5.65; fancy $5.00@5.25; extra family $4.75@$4.90; choice family $4.00; family $3.50@$3.70; extra $3.25@$3.50. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.00@$1.05; No. 3 do. 95c. Bran—Large sacks 80c; small 82c. Corn meal—Plain 57c; bolted 60; pea meal $1.00. Grits—$3.00. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee 56c; No. 2 white mixed 55c; No. 2 mixed 55c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 45. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; small bales 95c; No. 1, large bales, 90c; small bales 90c; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock $1.10.

BALTIMORE, June 21—Flour easier and dull; Howard street and western superfine $2.50@$2.90; extra $3.00@$3.65; family $3.75@$4.50; city mills superfine $2.50@$3.00; extra $3.25@$4.00; Rio brands $4.50@$4.62. Wheat, southern dull and nominal; western higher and higher; southern red 82@84; amber 86@88. No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 81¾ asked. Corn, southern higher with an active demand; western firmer and dull; southern white 46@47; yellow 43@45.

NEW YORK, June 21—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $3.10@$3.65; good to choice $3.90@$5.45. Wheat spot a shade stronger; No. 2 July 84½@85; August 84¾@86. Corn 2@4c higher and quiet; No. 2 July 45¼@45¾; August 45¾@45¾. Oats ½@¼c better; No. 2 June 33@33⅛. Hops quiet; common to choice 7@15.

CHICAGO, June 21—Flour unchanged; southern inter wheat $4.45@$4.50. Wheat fairly active but generally easier; No. 2 June 72⅛@73⅛; July 73¼@74½; August 74⅞@76¼. Corn dull and easier; cash 34½; June 34⅛@35; July 35@35¼; August 36 3-16@36⅛. Oats dull and easy; No. 2 cash 27; July 27 5-16@27⅛; August 26¼@26⅛.

ST. LOUIS, June 21—Flour unchanged; family $2.75@$2.85. Wheat fairly active; No. 2 red cash 78; June 77¼; July 74¼. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed cash 30½@31½; June 30⅞. Oats firm and very dull. No. 2 mixed cash 26¾, July 24¼ bid.

CINCINNATI, June 21—Flour steady; family $3.60@$3.80; fancy $3.50@$4.10. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 81. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 35. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 29¼.

LOUISVILLE, June 21—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 No. 2 red 75. Corn, No. 2 mixed 37@37½; do. white 37. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 29¼.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, June 21—Coffee — Fancy Rio 13c; choice 11½@12½c; prime 10½@11c; fair 9¼@10; ordinary 9½@10c. Sugar — Standard granulated 7c; standard A 6⅝c; off A 6¼; white extra C 6¼c; yellow C 6c. Syrups — New Orleans fancy kettle 45c; choice kettle 43c; prime kettle 30@35c; choice centrifugal 35c; primecut 28@30c; fair do. 20@25c; fancy sugar syrup 45c; do. choice 40c; do. prime 27@30. Teas—Black 35@60; green 35@60. Nutmegs 75c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 14c. Mace 30c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 7½c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 4¼c; XXX do. 5c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel—No. 1 bbls. $6.50; No. 3 bbls $6.50; ½ bbls, $3.50; kits 50; pails 55. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 12½. Matches—Round wood, ⅌ gross, $1.13; ⅌ 200, $1.75; ⅌ 300, $3.50; ⅌ 400, $4.50. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes, 5½c. Rice, choice imported, 5½; prime, 5; fair, 4. Salt — Virginia, 80c. Cheese — Full cream, —; factory, 9@10c.

NEW ORLEANS, June 21—Coffee steady; Rio cargoes, common to prime 6¾@10¼. Sugar, Louisiana open kettle choice 5⅛; prime to strictly prime 5¼@5⅛; common to good common 4⅝; Louisiana centrifugals, plantation granulated 6⅝; choice white 6 1-16; off whise 6@6⅛; prime yellow clarified 5¼. Molasses dull; Louisiana open kettle good prime to strictly prime 32; prime 20@22; centrifugal, prime to strictly prime 15@19. Rice dull; Louisiana ordinary to good 3@4½.

NEW YORK, June 21—Coffee, fair Rio spot dull at 8⅝. Sugar steady and quiet; fair to good refining 4¾@4⅞; refined, C 5@5¼; extra C 6@6¼; white extra C 6@6½; yellow 4¾@5; off A 5⅞@6; mould A 6¾; standard A 6; confectioners A 6⅝; cut loaf and crushed 7@7¼; powdered 6 11-16@6¾; granulated 6¼; Cubes 6 11-16@6¾. Molasses steady and quiet; 50-test 17. Rice firm; domestic 4@7.

CINCINNATI, June 21—Sugar quiet; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 5@5¾.

CHICAGO, May 21—Sugar unchanged; standard A 6⅛; granulated 7⅛.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, June 21—Provisions quiet and strong. Pork $9.25. Lard 5.85. Bulk meats, loose long clear 5⅛; short ribs 5.35; short clear 5½; boxed lots, long clear 5.60; short ribs 5.80; short clear 5.90. Bacon, long clear 6.15@6.20; short ribs 6.25@6.40; short clear 6.37½@6 40; hams 10½@12.

CHICAGO, June 21—Mess pork steady and firm; cash and July $8.85@$8.90; August $8.95@$9.02½. Lard steady; cash 6.15; July 6.20; August 6.27½@6.30. Boxed meats steady; dry salted shoulders 4.85@4.90; short rib 5.50; short clear 5.80@5.85.

LOUISVILLE, June 21—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib 6⅞; sides 6.60; shoulders 4⅞. Bulk meats, clear ribs 5.30; clear sides 5¾; shoulders 5. Mess pork $9.75. Hams, sugar-cured 10½@12. Lard, choice leaf 7¾.

CINCINNATI, June 21—Pork quiet at $9.50. Lard active and higher at 5.95. Bulk meats higher; shoulders 4¾; short ribs 5¾. Bacon stronger; shoulders 5⅞; short ribs 6.40; short clear 6¾.

NEW YORK, June 21—Pork unchanged; old mess spot $9.25@$9.50. Middles dull; long clear 6. Lard very dull and without change; western steam spot 6 25; July 6.29@6.32.

ATLANTA, June 21—Bulk clear rib sides 6¼c. Sugar-cured hams, large average, 10½@11c; do. small average 11@11½c. Lard—Refined 6½c; prime leaf 7½c.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, June 21—Turpentine firm at 29; rosin firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at $1.25; crude turpentine firm; hards 85; yellow dip $1.40; virgin $1.80.

SAVANNAH, June 21—Turpentine firm at 29¼; sales — barrels; rosin steady; strained and good strained 90@$1.10; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, June 21—Turpentine quiet at 29; rosin quiet; good strained 85.

NEW YORK, June 21—Rosin dull at $1.00@$1.05; turpentine steady at 31¾@32.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, June 21— Market is steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule-shoes $5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½@20c. Iron-bound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 30@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well buckets $3.75. Cotton rope 15c. Swede iron 5c. rolled (or merchant bar) 2 rate. Cast-steel 12c. Nails $2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ⅌ lb 6c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle, $3.00; blasting $2.50. Bar-lead 6½c; shot $1.50.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, June 21— Apples—$5.50@6.00 ⅌ bbl Lemons—$6.00@$6.50 ⅌ box. Oranges—$.600@$6.50 ⅌ box. Cocoanuts—3½@4c. Pineapples—None. Bananas — $1.00@$2.00. Figs — 16@18c. Raisins —⅌ box $2.75; new London $3.75; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—60c ⅌ gal; $14 ⅌ bbl, California Pears $5.00 ⅌ box. Citron—15@40c. Almonds — 20c. Pecans — 12c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Dried Fruit—Peaches 2@3c; apples 2c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, June 21—Eggs—11@11½c. Butter—Jersey, 25c; choice Tennessee 18@20c; other grade 12@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@27c; spring chickens 11@18c; cocks 20c; ducks 25@27c. Irish potatoes—No demand. Sweet Potatoes—$1.00. Honey—Strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions—3.00@$3.25. Cabbage—1c.

Live Stock

ATLANTA, June 21—There is a fair supply of horses on the market. Plug $65@$90; drive $125@$140; good drivers $75@$200; fine, $250@$350. The supply of mules is limited. 14½ to 15 hands $125@$150; 13 to 15½ hands $150@$170.

CINCINNATI June 21—Hogs firm; common and light $3.50@$4.20; packing and butchers $3.80@$4.30.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, June 21 — Leather —Steady; G. D. 22@25c; P. D. 20@23; best 25@28c; whiteoak sole 36@40c; harness leather 30@38c; black upper 35@40c.

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Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR

Manufacutrer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts,
PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING.

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,
ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

THE OGLETHORPE HOTEL COMPANY, OF Brunswick, Georgia, will have plans for a brick hotel, estimated cost $60,000, at its office in Brunswick, for inspection, on and after June 15th, 1886. Sealed bids for the whole or any portion of the work will be received until June 25th, 1886, when contracts will be awarded.
Contractors are invited to call at company's office in Brunswick, Georgia, on and after June 15th, with a view to examine plans and make bids.
The company reserves right to reject any and all bids. W. E. BURBAGE, President.
W. E. KAY, secretary and Treasurer.

McGAHAN'S FLUE CLEANER.

THE BEST BOILER, TUBE AND FLUE CLEANer made. The following speaks for itself:

ATLANTA, Ga., May 27, 1886:—This is to certify that I have had the McGahan Boiler, Tube and Flue Cleaner on trial for two weeks, and find it saves fuel and gives entire satisfaction in every way. GEO. T. LONG, Day Engineer for Constitution Pub. Co.

Orders taken and Cleaners furnished by Guimarin, Paul & Gullatt, Plumbers, 5 N. Broad st. Will allow ten day's trial. If Cleaners don't give satisfaction, no charge for taking off. 12t sn wd fr

HOLMES' SURE CURE

MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, Ga. For sale by all druggists and dentists. d1y

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR



AND BREAKFAST BACON.

NONE GENUINE

UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A LIGHT METALLIC SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS, AS IN THE CUT.

S SALE.

Property of the Columbus Manufacturing Company.

Complete and fully equiped cotton factory, together with nearly a mile of the finest water power on the Chattahoochee river, just above the city of Columbus.

STATE OF GEORGIA, MUSCOGEE COUNTY—By virtue of the power vested in us under the terms and conditions of a certain deed of trust executed to the undersigned J. Rhodes Browne and A. Illges, trustees, by the Columbus manufacturing company, of Muscogee county, state of Georgia, dated March 1, 1884, whereby the said corporation conveyed to us all the property, real and personal, hereinafter described, in trust to secure the payment of its certain issue of bonds and the interest coupons thereof as in said trust deed specified and enumerated (all of which appears duly of record in Mortgage Deed Book "A", folios 367 to 373, March 5, 1884, in the clerk's office of superior court Muscogee county, Georgia and in Record Deeds, volume O O, pages 81 to 88 inclusive, March 22, 1884, office of the probate court in the county of Lee, state of Alabama, and in conformity with the directions and terms prescribed in the resolutions passed by the holders of said bonds, on April 24, 1886, under the authority conferred by said deed of trust.

We will sell in the city Columbus, Muscogee county, Georgia, on the 3d day of August, 1886, between the legal hours of sale, in front of the auction house of F. M. Knowles & Co., on the northwest corner of Broad street and Tenth (formerly Crawford street,) (being the usual place for sheriff's sales in said city of Columbus) at public outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property of the Columbus manufacturing company, to-wit: All those lots and parcels of land situated, lying and being, as follows: Fractional section number twenty-six (26) and the north half of fractional section number thirty-five (35), both in fractional township number eighteen (18), range number thirty (30) in formerly Russell now Lee county, state of Alabama. Also the following lots of lands lying and being in the eighth district of Muscogee county, state of Georgia, known as lots number eighty-six (86) and eighty-seven (87) and the west half of lot number seventy-four (74) and fractions numbered ninety-one (91) and ninety-two (92), and island number three (3) in Chattahoochee river, and a small enclosure situated east of the residence formerly occupied by J. R. Clapp, used as a residence and grazing lot, containing seven (7) acres more or less. All of said lands last described lying and being in the county of Muscogee and state of Georgia, and together with said lands in Lee county, Alabama, containing eight hundred and thirty (830) acres more or less.

Also, all of the said Columbus manufacturing company's buildings on said land in Muscogee county, Ga., operated as a cotton factory, and with all of the improvements in any manner appendant and appurtenant thereto, inclusive of the cards, spindles, looms, machinery and fixtures of every kind whatever contained in said buildings also all and singular the other improvements on all of the lands aforementioned and described; also the entire water power owned and controlled by said Columbus manufacturing company on and in said Chattahoochee river, together with all and singular the rights and franchises by the said Columbus manufacturing company held and possessed therein under the laws of Georgia.

The plant of said cotton factory consists at present of 4,544 spindles, 149 looms and other suitable machinery, all in good condition and producing good work. Present capacity 7,500 yards a day of heavy sheetings and shirtings, three yards to the pound

The operatives' houses and improvements generally in excellent condition, labor abundant, lands elevated and location of property unsurpassed for health, convenience and economical production—free from the burden of municipal taxes paid by all the other Columbus mills, yet within three miles of the city of Columbus and three quarters of a mile of Columbus and Rome railroad. The water power is the finest in the south, controlling and embracing the whole bed of the Chattahoochee river for the distance of about one mile along the lands of the company, said lands extending along its banks upon the Georgia and Alabama sides of the river. Only a small portion of the water power is required and utilized in running the present mill and the natural falls in the river render but a simple inexpensive dam of logs and plank necessary. This magnificent water power is easily controlled and has a fall of forty-two and a half (42½) feet within three-quarters (¾) of a mile. With a comparatively small expenditure upon a new dam, 125,000 (one hundred and twenty-five thousand) spindles with looms in proportion can be driven by this water power. Capital for the erection of additional mills and utilization of the immense power now wasted, is all that is needed to make this property the site of a prosperous and populous manufacturing village. The personal inspection of capitalists is invited. Full and satisfactory details will be furnished on application.

J. RHODES BROWNE,
A. ILLGES,
3m Trustees.

Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central or (20th Meridian time).

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 16th, 1886.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 16, 1886, PASsenger trains on these roads will run as follows

GOING FROM ATLANTA.

Lv. Atlanta D No 52	6:00 a m
Ar. Thomaston D E S	11:35 a m
" Carrolton D E S	5:00 p m
" Macon D No 52	9:30 a m
" Augusta D No 17	4:30 p m
" Savannah D No 52	4:07 p m
" Jacksonville	8:55 a m
" Perry D E S No 21	12:00 a m
" Fort Gaines D E S No 27	4:28 p m
" Blakely D E S No 25	6:53 p m
" Albany D No 25	2:45 p m
" Eufaula D No 1	3:58 p m
" Columbus D No 5	2:25 p m
" Montgomery D No 1	7:23 p m
Lv. Atlanta D No 2	3:10 p m
Av. Thomaston D E S	7:15 p m
" Carrollton	
" Macon D No 2	7:00 p m
" Augusta	
" Savannah	
" Jacksonville D	8:55 a m
" Perry D E S No 23	9:10 p m
" Fort Gaines	
" Blakeley	
" Albany D No 3	11:10 p m
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
Lv. Atlanta D No 54	[illegible]:00 p m
Ar. Thomaston	
" Carrollton	
" Macon D No 54	[illegible] p m
" Augusta	
" Savannah D No 54	[illegible] a m
" Jacksonville D	12 noon
" Perry D E S No 21	12:00 p m
" Fort Gaines E D S No 27	4:28 p m
" Blakeley D E S No 25	6:53 p m
" Albany D No 25	2:45 p m
" Eufaula D No 1	3:58 p m
" Columbus D No 5	2:25 p m
" Montgomery D No 1	7:23 p m

Sleeping cars on No 54, Atlanta, to Savannah; through sleeping and sitting cars on No 2 to Jacksonville via Albany and Waycross. Passengers for Wrightsville, Louisville and Sylvania, Ga., take train No. 52. Trains Nos. 2 and 52 make close connection at Albany with trains of S F & W Ry for Southwest Georgia and Florida points. Train No 2 connects at Albany with B & W R R. Trains 52 and 54 connect at Savannah with S F & W R'y for all Florida points.

COMING TOWARDS ATLANTA.

Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D	7:20 p m
" Jacksonville via Albany	
" Savannah D No 51	8:40 a m
" Albany D No 26	12:00 m
" Blakeley D E S No 26	8:00 a m
" Fort Gaines D E S No 28	10:05 a m
" Perry D E S No 22	3:00 p m
" Eufaula D No 2	10:55 a m
" Columbus D No 6	12:00 m
" Montgomery D No 2	7:40 a m
" Augusta D No 18	10:25 a m
" Macon D No 51	5:40 p m
" Thomaston	
" Carrollton D	5:00 a m
Ar. Atlanta D	9:30 p m
Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D	8:20 p m
" Jacksonville via Albany	
" Savannah D No 53	8:20 p m
" Albany	
" Blakeley	
" Fort Gaines	
" Perry	
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
" Augusta	
" Macon D No 53	3:35 a m
" Thomaston	
" Carrollton	
Ar. Atlanta D No 53	7:32 a m
Lv. Jacksonville via Savannah D	
" Jacksonville via Atlanta D	7:32 p m
" Savannah	
" Albany D	5:40 a m
" Blakely	
" Fort Gaines	
" Perry D E S No 24	7:35 a m
" Eufaula	
" Columbus	
" Montgomery	
" Macon D No 1	9:45 a m
" Thomaston D E S No 34	8:30 a m
" Carrollton	
Ar. Atlanta D No 1	1:35 p m

Sleeping cars on trains from Savannah to Macon and Atlanta to Augusta. Connection at Atlanta with all diverging roads to eastern and western points and local stations. Through sleeping and sitting cars on train leaving Jacksonville at 7:20 p. m., via Waycross, Atlanta and Macon. D—Dailey. D E S—daily except Sunday. Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union depot thirty minutes prior to leaving of all trains.

WM. ROGERS, Gen'l Sup't, Savannah, Ga.
T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga.
W. T. SHELLMAN, Traffic Manager.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, G. P. A., Savannah, Ga.
E. SCHMIDT, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, JUNE 22.

AMUSEMENTS—

ATLANTA-MEMPHIS — BASEBALL AT ATHLETIC PARK AT 3:30 P. M.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Pencil Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

NOTARIES PUBLIC COMMISSIONED.—Yesterday, Governor McDaniel ordered commissions to be issued to the following notaries public: J. S. Waley, seventy-first district, and William Warnoch, seventy-fifth district, Burke county.

COUNTY JUDGE APPOINTED.—By direction of Governor McDaniel, a commission was issued to Charles W. Ashmore to be judge of the county court of Liberty county. His term expired on the 13th instant, and he was reappointed to serve until the meeting of the next legislature.

SAYS SHE WAS UNFAITHFUL.—Horace F. Cross wants a total divorce from his wife, Nonie Cross. He says they were married in August, 1880, and lived together till the first day of July last year, when they played quits. It is alleged that she was unfaithful to him, though he was a faithful and affectionate husband.

GONE BACK TO CAMPBELL.—Welch, the man who was arrested Sunday afternoon by Officer Thompson, was taken back to Campbell county yesterday, by an officer who came up after him. The case against Welch seems to be a bad one, and his arrest has proven quite a satisfaction to the Campbell county people.

SHE WANTS HER COW.—Mrs. E. B. Henderson, who resides at 159 West Fair street, wants the thief who stole her cow Sunday night to bring her back. The cow was taken from a pen in the rear of the yard. The pen was surrounded by a high fence, and the gate was closed yesterday morning when the cow was found gone.

HE IS DOING WELL.—Carmack, the Alabaman, who had a rib taken out several days ago, is improving. He rests well and is in good spirits. The tube which was inserted in the opening has not been removed yet, and is performing the services for which it was inserted. Dr. Nicholson is quite hopeful of his patient's recovery.

MR. J. W. HARRIS.—Mr. J. W. Harris, the new chief clerk in the office of Colonel L. M. Terrell, superintendent of the railway mail service, arrived in the city yesterday and at once began the discharge of his duties. Mr. Harris has been in the mail service since 1877. He is thoroughly informed as to his duties, and is regarded as one of the most accurate and painstaking officials in his branch of the civil service.

LAUREL WREATH SEMINARY.—The annual reception of Laurel Wreath seminary occurs today and tonight at Concordia hall. The art reception and exhibition occurs at ten o'clock. Miss Annie Lou Love presides over the art department. The literary reception and social reunion takes place at eight o'clock tonight. Miss Bunnie Love presides over the literary department. A cordial invitation to both receptions is extended to the public.

A STREET CAR LINE PROJECTED.—The Atlanta Street Car company is considering the advissbility of extending the Marietta street line to Howell's, the new suburb on the west side of town. The line now reaches the Exposition cotton mills, and as Howell's is only a short distance further west the cost would be small. That section of the city is high and dry, and the buildings now going up in that locality indicates that a street car line would pay.

CHARTERS GRANTED.—Judge Marshall J. Clarke yesterday granted two charters. "The Dixie company," general printing and publishing business, granted a charter for twenty years. The incorporators are George B. Douglas, Charles H. Wells, and R. H. Richards, and the capital stock is $10,000 paid in. The "Franklin Hospital society," of which an extended notice was given in these columns a few weeks ago, was granted a charter for twenty years.

HE WILL RUN FOR THE LEGISLATURE.—Dick Hargiss, the well known and popular passenger conductor on the Western and Atlantic railroad, will be a candidate for the legislature in Bartow county this fall. Several petitions are now being circulated in that county and are being numerously signed. Conductor Hargiss, besides being one of the largest conductors in Georgia, is one of the most popular and clever men. Everybody along the line of road knows him and likes him.

A CHILD'S DEATH.—Maggie Clinch, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Clinch, died yesterday afternoon at their home on Calhoun street, near Harris. The child's death was unexpected and was a great shock to all her friends. She had been sick about two weeks but on Thursday was so much better that her recovery was never doubted. Sunday afternoon she suddenly became worse and continued to grow worse despite the careful attention of physicians. Her death occurred about five o'clock yesterday afternoon.

SHE DIDN'T GET IT.—Several days ago Nancy J. Farris made application to Ordinary Calhoun for twelve months support from the estate of Sommerfield Farris, deceased. The application was heard and the ordinary reserved his decision till yesterday. The applicant is the widow of Somerfield Farris, and at the time of his death and subsequently resided in the state of Tennessee. When Farris died he was a resident of Fulton county, and the ordinary held that Mrs. Farris being a non resident was not entitled to the year's support out of the estate, as against the creditors in this state. Mrs. Farris will appeal the case.

BECAUSE HE WAS CRAZY.—J. C. Forney, a member of the Chattanooga police force, passed through the city yesterday with a young white man who ran away from his home near Chattanooga. The young man is known as George Hines, and has been crazy for several months past. His parents have been caring for him at home but about three weeks ago he eluded their watchfulness and left home. A thorough search was made for him but he could not be found until Thursday last when he turned up in Charlotte where he was detained until an officer could reach him. Hines is about nineteen years of age and went crazy on the subject of religion.

DONATIONS FOR THE HOME.—The ladies of the Woman's Christian association have made arrangements to send for all donations of provisions where it is inconvenient for donors to send them. Address postal to Mrs. M. L. Bloss, 147 Marietta street, and donations will be sent for. There are thirteen woman and nine children in the home, the majority of whom are on the sick list. They need milk and all kinds of nourishing diet, as well as the substantial articles for the table. Help those women who began this good work dollar in without a the treasury, and who have been so well sustained for six months. A small donation from each household will not be missed, but will contribute largely to this worthy institution.

STATE TAXES.—Comptroller-General Wright and his associate are preparing to get the tax report ready for the printer. The returns of ten counties are yet to be received, but they will not alter the general totals more than three thousand dollars. On the 21st of June, 1885, the amount of taxes collected was $850,016.17. On the 21st of June, 1886, the amount was $856,996.63. The increase over last year is, therefore, $6,980.46. Last year, the value on property on the tax digest was $294,885,370. This year the value is $299,146,798. So that the increase is $4,261,428. None of the figures here given include the tax returns of the railroads, nor in the amount of taxes collected is the additional tax of one-half mill for the construction of the new capitol included. Our general taxes the rate remains the same as it was last year.

SECOND HAND CLOTHING

IS WHAT THE GENERAL COUNCIL IS NOW BOYCOTTING,

The Body Meets in Regular Session and Listen to the Reading of Petitions—The Committees Make Their Reports—The License Tax for Selling Domestic Wines—Details.

Second-hand clothing houses were boycotted by the general council yesterday afternoon.

During the presentation of petitions Clerk Goldsmith read a communication from the board of health calling the attention of the general council to the great danger that lurked in second-hand clothing, and suggesting that the council pass an ordinance directing the mayor to refuse licenses to second-hand clothing houses because of the importation of diseases thereby.

Mr. Cooper, chairman of the ordinance committee, introduced an ordinance prohibiting the sale. It was referred.

The street committee submitted an adverse report upon the petition of the Atlanta Street Railroad company to pave Whitehall street between the rails with rubble instead of belgian blocks.

"I am sorry," said Mr. Roy, as soon as the report had been read, "that the committee has made that report. The street railroad men want to place rubble there because the belgian blocks become so smooth that it is harder work for mules to travel. I think we should grant the petition."

"I can't see how we can do it," said Mr. Mitchell, chairman of the committee. "The ordinance says the street must be paved with granite. Suppose we have the opinion of the city attorney upon the question."

Mr. Goodwin stated that the petition could not be granted without violating the ordinance. "Granite blocks are better," he said, "than rubble, and citizens could justly complain. Now, if the ordinance called for rubble on the street, and the company wanted to put down granite, it could do so because they would then be given something better than was ordered."

The report of the committee was adopted.

The police committee submitted a favorable report upon the petition of D. N. Freeman & Co., for permission to hang a clock in front of the Kimball, provided that the clock was kept in good order and was regularly attedned.

The bids for the macadam on Crew street were reported as follows:

	PER SQR. YD.
Edward Cox	$1.09½
S. H. Venable & Co.	1.30
Kiley & Redmond	1.09
M. E. Maher	1.08
Joel Hurt	1.15

The contract was awarded to M. E. Maher.

The commissioner of public works, Mr. Mahoney, sent in a communication calling attention to the small, insufficient sewer on Crew street.

The police committee, having in charge Mr. Garrett's liquor ordinance, submitted through Mr. Beatie, the following:

Be it ordained by the mayor and general council of Atlanta, That on and after the first day of July, 1886, any person, firm or corporation, who shall keep for unlawful sale in any store, house, room, office, cellar, stand, booth, stall or other place, or shall have contained for unlawful sale in any barrel, keg, can, demijohn or other package any spirituous, fermental or malt liquors for such sale, shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, either or both in the discretion of the court. Adopted.

Mr. Cooper introduced a resolution touching the death of Mayor Hillyer's father. It read:

Resolved, That we extend our earnest and sincere sympathy to our worthy mayor and his family in their affliction on account of the death of the distinguished citizen, Judge Junius Hillyer, and we venture to add that the people of Georgia will mourn with them the loss of one of her oldest, best and purest sons.

Resolved further, That the general council attend the funeral service in a body.

The resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

Mr. Garrett moved that the council meet at the city hall and attend the funeral in a body. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Beatie, of the police committee, offered the following ordinance in compliance with the one introduced by Mr. Garrett at the last meeting of the general council:

Be it ordained that the tax ordinance for the year ending June 30, 1887, be amended by adding to section 28, which prescribes the license and fees to be paid for doing various kind of business, these words:

"Dealers in such wines as may be lawfully sold—a violation of liquor laws of force in Fulton county to work a forfeiture of license besides subjecting the dealer to lawful punishment—whether alone or in connection with any other business, $100 and clerk's fee of fifty cents.

Sec. 2. No dealer shall sell wines in less quantities than one quart, but this shall not be so construed as to prevent guests in hotels and restaurants from using, at their meals or in their rooms, wines bought by them in quantities of one quart or upwards.

"I move that the license tax be made $25 instead of $100," said Mr. Bell.

"I think the business will be sufficiently remunerative for a $100 license tax, and I am opposed to Mr. Bell's amendment," said Mr. Beatie.

The amendment was lost, and the original resolution was adopted.

The relief committee reported adversely upon the petition of Harriet Kennedy, the female shoemaker, for a free license to make shoes, and the report was adopted.

An electric light was ordered at Whitehall street crossing.

The ordinance to renumber houses was taken from the table and discussed. When submitted to the vote, seven members were in favor of the ordinance and seven were opposed to it. Mayor pro tem, Hutchison, voted against it and the ordinance was lost.

Mr. Garrett introduced an ordinance repealing the ordinance requiring the railroad companies to erect gates at the Loyd, Pryor, Whitehall and Forsyth street crossing.

"In introducing this ordinance," said Mr. Garrett, "I am sorry that Mr. Collier is not here, but we have all seen the gates tested and we know just what they are worth."

Mr. Garrett's ordinance was adopted.

Mr. Angier appeared in the role of a reformer by introducing the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that there be taught among the male pupils in the public schools, suitable text books, lectures, or other course of instruction, showing the effects of the excessive use of alcholic stimulants and the taxic cation of tobacco on the human system.

Messrs. P. and G. T. Dodd presented a petition for permission to improve their building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

Mr. Green moved that the petition be referred to the fire department committee, with power to act, and his motion was adopted.

Mr. Beatie thinks that the churches which have paid the street assess ment should be reimbursed, and introduced the following which was adopted:

Whereas, The supreme court has decided that church property is not legally liable for the assessment on account of street improvement and.

Whereas, A number of churches have paid such assessment and others have not.

Resolved, That the finance committee be instructed to investigate and report the amounts so collected, and from what churches, and whether in jussice and equity such money should be refunded.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Of E. D. Crawford, for a deed to Oakland cemetery lot. Referred to cemetery committee.

Of W. P. Galeran, for protection to his business as florist from persons beyond the city limits, who sell flowers without license. Referred to tax committee.

Of James Mitchell, for a free license to peddle. Referred to relief committee.

Of trustees of German Lutheran church, for pay for land taken by the city. Referred to claims committee.

Of J. A. Burns et al., to gutter new embankment on Anderson street. Referred to street committee.

Of trustees of German Lutheran church, to have deeds for paving street cancelled. Referred to tax committee.

Of W. C. Dunlap et al., for repairing sidewalks and street on Magnolia, between Vine and Mangum streets. Referred to street committee.

Of citizens, for a gas lamp midway between Pine street and Merritt's avenue. Referred to gas committee.

Of W. R. Grantham, to be relieved from paying for policeman at his flying jenny. Referred to tax committee.

Of citizens, for a gasoline lamp at the corner of Alexander and Scott streets. Referred to gas committee.

Of J. M. Berry et al., to have Stonewall street worked. Referred to street committee.

Of John Rodgers et al., to have sidewalk on west side Thompson street, between Garnett and Peters, worked. Referred to street committee.

Of Frank Schmidt et al., to have Williams street repaved from Mills to Hunnicutt street. Referred to street committee.

Of Louis Hess, for a larger and more perfect sewer system on Crew street. Referred to sewer committee.

Of Mrs. C. C. Rhodes, to remodle house, 58 Loyd street. Granted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The finance committee reports the finance pay roll of audited accounts to be $15,171.56.

The street committee reported favorably upon the petition of John W. Alexander to have Hill street worked out. Adopted; also, favorably upon the petition of C. S. Fisher and others to work out Lovejoy street. Adopted; also, favorably upon the petition J. F. Renard to have an entrance made to his lot, 24 Markham street, and have the gutters cleaned out. Adopted; also, favorably upon the petition of C. M. McCalla and others for sidewalk and curbing on east side of Jackson from Pine to Foster. Adopted; also, favorably upon the sewer through private property between Simpson and Fowler streets. Adopted.

The tax committee reported favorably upon the petition of the Atlanta university to have its lands exempt from taxes, adopted; also recommended that five dollars street tax be refunded to Sherman Felton, adopted; also adversly upon the petition of Mr. Lynch, for a reduction of assessment in his real estate, adopted. The lamp and gas committee reported adversly upon the petition for a gasoline lamp at junction Jones street and Jennings alley, adopted; also favorably upon petition for three gas lamps on Thompson street, adopted.

The fire department committee reported favorably upon the application for a building permit of G. E. Hopple at 62 Walton, adopted; also favorably upon petition of Thomas M. Morgan, on Ivy street, between Houston and Ellis street, adopted; also favorably upon petition of Baruch & Williams to erect a two-horse engine and boiler for renovating feathers on Mitchell street, adopted.

The claims committee recommended that Benjamin & Crenheim be paid $1.50 for placing sign on a glass broken by a policeman's shot, adopted; also that the Georgia railroad company be paid $100 for a house thrown down by excavating Calhoun street, adopted; also adversely upon the petition of Mary E. Roberts for $1,000 damages to lot on Powers and Spring streets, adopted.

The sewer committee reported adversely upon the resolution by Mr. Green for a sewer on Houston street, adopted by Mr. Beatie that an eight-inch sewer pipe be laid on Capitol avenue from Crumley street to Fulton street, and that the cost of the same be assessed to the abutting property owners, adopted.

By Mr. Cooper—That no discount for prompt payment of city tax will be allowed after July 1, 1886. Adopted.

THE FAMOUS FORTY-SECOND.

Preparing for the Reunion on July Twenty-Second.

On the 22d of next month the 42d Georgia regiment will hold their annual reunion at Ponce de Leon springs.

It is the anniversary of the great battle of Atlanta, in which the regiment participated, and for which services so much praise was given them.

This gallant old regiment was comnanded on many hard fought fields of battle by General R. J. Henderson, who was promoted for his services. Colonel R. F. Maddox, who also belonged to this command, was promoted to full colonel of another command. Colonel W. H. Hulsey and Colonel L. P. Thomas also followed in the footsteps of their first dashing commander, R. J. Henderson, and were proud of their regiment. All who ever belonged to the gallant command, whether promoted or transferred to other regiments, still claim identity with the 42d Georgia, and are urged to be present.

At this reunion the election for officers takes place, and the by-laws and constitution of the organization will be discussed. Much pleasure is anticipated. The citizens of Atlanta are always glad to see these veterans. It is understood that Mayor Hillyer will give them a hearty welcome and extend them the freedom of the city.

J. L. Norton Carroll, residing at Far Rockaway, Queens county, N. Y., was so crippled with inflammatory rheumatism, of ten years' standing, that he had to use crutches. He was completely cured by taking two Brandreth's Pills every night for thirty nights, and will answer any written or personal inquiries.

Try "Red Lion" Elixir.

Jewelry.

STILSON

RELIABLE GOODS FAIR DEA

53 Whitehall Street,

Clothing.

MY STOCK FOR SP

IS COMPLETE IN A

FINE CLOTHING FOR ME

IN GREAT

The Largest Stock of Chi

GIVE ME

LARGE LINE SAMPLES FOR SUITS TO ORDER.

GEOR

38 Whitehall street.

Tobacco, Etc.

ASK FOR AND USE DRUM

"J. T." Big Chunk an

BLUE RIBBON ON THEIR

THE ONLY GENUINE

BERG & FLYNN, MACON.
RIESER & STERN, SAVANNAH.
GUCKENHEIMER & SON, SAVANNAH.
FOLLIN BROS., CHARLESTON, S. C.
LORICK & LOWRANCE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

One Hundred best Artotype Steel Engravings which we will sell for the next 30 days at $1.00 each—just half price. Now is your chance. They must be sold.

PICTURE FRAMES.

Any size or style made to order. The best assorted stock of mouldings to select from. An elegant line of new designs just received. Will sell at greatly reduced prices for the next 30 days in order to meet competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in workmanship.

HAMMOCKS! HAMMOCKS!

100 best Mexican Hammocks $1.25.

CROQUET SETS.

A large lot from 75 cents to $5.00.

BASEBALL GOODS

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

STRETCHERS, SCREENS, EASELS,

Etc., made to order. Give us a call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

THORNTON & SELKIRK,
Successors to E. H. Thornton,
7p und mus n r m 28 Whitehall Street.

City Tax.

MY BOOK IS NOW OPEN FOR COLLECTING city tax, and the city council have authorized me to give a discount of 2 per cent until I have collected one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and then the discount closes.

D. A. COOK,
City Tax Collector.
May 15' 1886.1 sat mon wed 7th p, tf

D. N FREEMAN & CO.



D. N. FREEMAN & CO.

JEWELERS.

Corner Alabama and Whitehall Streets, - ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Jewelry.

JEWELER

LING AND BOTTOM PRICES,

Atlanta, Georgia.

Clothing.

RING AND SUMMER

LL DEPARTMENTS.

N, BOYS AND CHILDREN

VARIETY.

ldren's Suits in the City.

A CALL.

GE MUSE,

Tobacco, Etc.

MOND'S "HORSE SHOE"

d Natural Leaf Tobacco,

MERITS AT NEW ORLEANS.

NATURAL LEAF.

ANNER, CURIER & HEATH, ATLANTA.
M. J. O'BRIEN & CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN!
H. W. FERRY & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALA,
P & G, T. DODD, ATLANTA.

A. F. PICKERT,

THE JEWELER.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry & Silverware.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

PICKERT, 5 WHITEHALL ST.

7th page

ICE! FISH.

Wholesale and Retail, 5, 7 and 9 Wall St.

HENRY F. EMERY.

Send for prices. 7p

D. H. Dougherty & Co.

Our advertisement in last Sunday's issue holds good all this week. Notwithstanding the rain yesterday we were crowded with customers. Bargains will tell, and we have more of them than ever before.

Telephones. Telephones.

Below we give a list of new telephone subscribers connected with exchange since our last newspaper publication of May 25th, viz:

574—Atlanta Box Factory.
537—Brown & King, Mill Supplies.
570—Cheshire, L., Retail Groceries.
381—Collins, James D., Residence.
578—Coogle & Bro., J. F., Retail Groceries.
315—DeSaussure, John M., Flour, Grain, etc.
256—Holley, Rev. Byron, Rector St. Philips.
706—Mickelberry, W. M., Residence.
506—Morgan, D., Saddles, Harness, etc.
576—Oppenheim, J. H., Agent, Coal and Wood Yard.
577—Smith & Fenn, Millers.
548—Snow, H. Y., Fruits, Produce and Groceries.
677—Tompkins, H. B., Residence.
788—Wylie & Bliley, Undertakers.

We will be glad to furnish rates and put up telephones for all who need them.

W. T. GENTRY, Manager.
H. H. JACKSON, Assistant Manager.

Red Lion Elixir for OLD FOLKS and those weakened by sickness.

"As a counteractant to debilitating influences, lassitude, nervous depression, debility, malaria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, Liebig Co.'s Coca Beef Tonic is invaluable," says Professor F. W. HUNT, M.D., Honorary Member Imperial Medical Society, St. Petersburg, Russia, etc.

A Rare Chance.

The undersigned having leased the finest and best located building in the city of Birmingham, Ala., known as the Moore, Moore & Hanby, building joining the union depot. Will offer for the next thirty (30) days the upper stories of said building, with sufficient room in the lower story for office, dining room and kitchen, to be used as a restaurant and hotel on the European plan. In connection with the above will be a first-class saloon and billiard hall kept by S. WISE & Co.
7 or 8 p lm.

Washington street residence property at auction this afternoon, 5 o'clock. No. 114 and corner Washington and Clarke streets. Elegant surroundings. No other property like it on the market. Take Capitol Avenue cars at 4:30 and 4:45, free. Leak & Lyle.

Boy's and Children's Clothing.

We have made a reduction of twenty-five per cent on all of our boy's and children's clothing for the ensuing week. This it no idle talk, but a fact, and we would most respectfully ask an examination of our goods and prices. All we have to say is that we will make it to your interest to call and give us a chance to sell you clothing cheaper than you ever bought.

We have also a patent shirt waist, called the "Mother's Friend;" has to be seen to be appreciated.

A. & S. ROSENFELD,
su tu wed 24 Whitehall, corner Ala. st.

School of Phonography.

Advanced instruction in court, medical and other technical branches; ladies and gentlemen. W. Kay Tewksbury, 47 Fitten building. (Take elevator.) sun wed fri 1m

Blount Springs.

One of the pleasantest resorts in the south is Blount springs, Alabama. They are situated directly on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, in the prettiest and healthiest section of Alabama, and offer every advantage for both health and pleasure. The hot sulphur baths are among the finest to be found, and are too well known to need more said. For persons desiring to spend the summer at a delightful place, Blount springs can not be excelled.

AT AUCTION.

Today, 5 o'clock p. m, we sell that splendid property, 114 Washington street, and vacant lot on the corner of Washington and Clark streets. Take free car at corner Whitehall and Alabama streets for sale at 4:30 and 4:45 p. m. Leak & Lyle.

Clothing.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.



SPECIAL

Clearing Sale!

IN ORDER TO REDUCE STOCK DURING MONTH OF JUNE WE WILL MAKE GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES OF

MEN'S SUITS,
BOYS' SUITS,
Children's Suits,
Odd Pants.

OUR STOCK OF SHIRTS, DRAWERS, UNDERWEAR AND NECKWEAR THE LARGEST IN THE CITY.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 Whitehall St.

Groceries.

CHAS. C. THORN,

CHEAP CASH GROCER

118 Whitehall Street. Telephone 451.

11 pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
15 pounds Granulated Sugar	1 00
60 pounds Grits	1 90
50 pounds any Patent Flour	1 70
6 Cans Eagle Cond. Milk	1 00
15 pounds Head rice	1 00
20 pounds Fine Rice	1 00
Maple Syrup, per gallon	1 00
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound	15
Prunes per pound	7
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried Beef, whole, per pound	14
Dried Beef, chipped	16⅔
Lea & Perrin's Worcester Sauce	25
Babbitt's Soap, 5 bars	25
Horsford's powders	17½
2 pound Canned Corn Beef	17½
Water ground Meal, peck	15
Durkee's Salad Dressing	45
Dove Brand Hams, uncanvassed	11
Honey, new	15

I carry the most complete line of Price's Baking Powders and Extracts in the city. I have everything in his line and will save you money. These goods are all fresh. Come and see them.

Royal Baking Powder, 1 lb cans	45
Price's Baking Powder, 1lb cans	45

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.

Be sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.

CHAS. C. THORN.

The Last Week's Sale

OF

ART GOODS, Etc.

Auction Sale Every Night Next Week, Commencing

Monday NIGHT At 7:30.

At 19 Decatur Street, Kimball House } E. H. HORNE & CO.
GEO. H. PRATT, Auctioneer.

NOTICE!

I AM INSTRUCTED BY THE CITY COUNCIL to discontinue the 2 per cent discount after June 30th.

D. A. COOK, C. T. C.

Atlanta, June 21st, 1886.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT

jan29dly

WILSON & STIFF

Japanese Art Goods,
Sewing Machines,
and Lamp Goods.

Corner Peachtree and Walton Streets.

JAPANESE SCREENES,
STAND AND VASE LAMPS, ELECTRIC LAMPS,
BOHEMIAN WARE, MIKADO GOODS,
All kinds of
SEWING MACHINE GOODS,
Mosquito Nets and Frames,
Extension Iron Frames,
Extension Toilet and Window Frames and Screens.

Sewing Machines from $25.00 to $75.00.

A good Story or Newspaper one year and Sewing Machine for only 18 Dollars.

Call and see us sure

D. H. Dougherty & Co.

Our advertisement in last Sunday's issue holds good all this week. Notwithstanding the rain yesterday we were crowded with customers. Bargains will tell, and we have more of them than ever before.

Preferred Locals.

WATCHES & JEWELRY REPAIRED BY SKILLED WORKMEN. FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW 31 Whitehall St.

RARE GEMS OF ART AT McBRIDE'S.

Sunset, Satin Finished and Nacre de Perle, Glassware, China, etc.

BALDWIN'S DRY-AIR REFRIGERATOR

Gate City Stone Filters,

Show Cases, Ice Cream Freezers,

Wood, Tin and Crockery to trade at Factory Prices. McBRIDE & CO., 32 Wall Street.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A. U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, June 21, 9:00 P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named:

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	29.78	74	...	SE	7	.45	Fair.
Savannah	29.83	79	...	S	16	.03	Fair.
Jacksonville	29.86	78	...	S	14	.53	Cloudy.
Montgomery	29.80	67	64	NW	6	.13	Cloudy.
New Orleans	29.83	75	69	......	Calm.	.00	Clear.
Galveston	29.82	78	69	NE	9	.00	Fair.
Palestine	29.87	75	65	N	7	.00	Clear.
Fort Smith	29.90	74	...	......	Calm.	.00	Clear.
Shreveport	29.86	76	69	NE	Calm.	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
6 a. m.	29.97	64	59	E	18	.00	Cloudy.
10 a. m.	29.93	63	61	NE	24	.00	Lt rain.
2 p. m.	29.78	64	62	NE	22	.30	Lt rain.
6 p. m.	29.73	64	63	E	24	.00	Lt rain.
9 p. m.	29.72	63	62	E	19	.29	Lt rain.

Maximum ther. 80
Minimum ther. 62
Total rain fall .... .59

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—75th meridian.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Maximum Temp.	Minimum Temp.	Rainfall.
Atlanta, Ga.	70	62	.49
Anderson, S. C.	75	63	1.24
Cartersville, Ga.	75	63	.65
Columbus, Ga.	80	66	.86
Chattanooga, Tenn.	69	61	.11
Gainesville, Ga.	77	62	.86
Greenville, S. C.	74	60	1.06
Griffin, Ga.	78	62	1.12
Macon, Ga.	79	65	1.32
Newnan, Ga.	88	63	1.00
Spartanburg, S. C.	75	58	.47
Toccoa, Ga.	71	61	1.26
West Point, Ga.	80	65	.81

WATCHES.

J. P. STEVENS,

JEWELER,

47 WHITEHALL ST.

A SAFE, SPEEDY and POSITIVE CURE

THE GREAT FRENCH VETERINARY REMEDY



Prepared by J. E. GOMBAULT, ex-Veterinary Surgeon of the French Government Stud.

GOMBAULT'S CAUSTIC BALSAM

Has been in prominent use in the best Veterinary Practice of Europe for the past Twenty Years.

For Curb, Splint, Sweeny, Capped Hock, Strained Tendons, Founder, Wind Puffs, all Skin Diseases or Parasites, Thrush, all Inflammations, all Throat Difficulties, all Lameness from Spavin, Ringbone, and other bony tumors. Removes all Bunches or Blemishes, and many other diseases and ailments of Horses and Cattle. FAR SUPERIOR to a blister or cauterization in its beneficial effects, NEVER leaving Scars or Blemishes.

WE GUARANTEE that one tablespoonful of Caustic Balsam will produce more actual results than a whole bottle of any liniment or spavin cure mixture ever made.

Every bottle of CAUSTIC BALSAM sold is warranted to give satisfaction. Price $1.50 per bottle. Sold by druggists, or sent by express, charges paid, with full directions for its use.

LAWRENCE, WILLIAMS & CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sole Importers & Proprietors for the U. S. and Canada

For Sale by BRADFIELD & WARE, 26 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

may23—sun tue thu wk4 n r m 4pwk lastpd

WHY DO MOTHERS Put stiff corsets on their growing Children? Don't do it, but BUY FERRIS' PATENT GOOD SENSE CORSET WAISTS Fit all ages. All Physicians recommend them. Ask your merchants for them. Take no other.



Send for Circular

FERRIS BROS., Manuf'rs 81 White St., New York.

For sale by D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

G. S. MAY,

Successor to LaFontaine & May,

FINE WOOD MANTELS

Send for Catalogue and price list.

8p 139 WEST MITCHELL STREET.

D. H. Dougherty & Co.

Our advertisement in last Sunday's issue holds good all this week. Notwithstanding the rain yesterday we were crowded with customers. Bargains will tell, and we have more of them than ever before.

Notice to Real Estate Owners.

Those who wish to convert real estate into cash at reduced prices can do so by calling on me.

A. J. WEST,
Real Estate and Loan Office, 25 Peachtree St.

He Lost Seven Chickens.

Night before last a thief entered Mr. M. G. Simmons's premises at 203 Pryor street and stole seven chickens. The chickens were confined in a coop, and the coop was locked Sunday night by Mr. Simmons when he placed the chickens inside. The thief tore one of the planks off the side of the coop and took the chickens out through the opening thus made.

"Red Lion" Elixir is 25c, and $1,00 a bottle gettles.

It promised ca...

JUDGE JUNIUS HILLYER.

HIS DEATH YESTERDAY AT HIS HOME IN DECATUR.

A Great and Good Man Passes Into the Heavenly Kingdom—A Brief History of the Life of One of Georgia's Truest Sons—The Funeral Services this Afternoon.

Judge Junius Hillyer is dead!

This great and good man has fallen asleep.

At eleven o'clock yesterday Judge Hillyer died at his home in Decatur. He had only been sick since Friday night, and his death was wholly unexpected and is a terrible blow to those who knew and loved him. He was in the city Thursday last, hale and hearty, but upon returning home he was taken sick with something like cholera morbus, and grew gradually worse till yesterday, when he died.

A good man has fallen asleep. He has laid down by the wayside to rest.

The deceased was one of three brothers, Rev. John F. Hillyer, a noted Baptist divine of Texas, who is now eighty-two years old, and Rev. Shaler G. Hillyer, a Baptist minister of Washington, Ga., who is now in his seventy-eighth year. Both gentlemen have

BEEN IN THE PULPIT

for nearly sixty years. Judge Hillyer, at the time of his death had been a consistent member of the Baptist church for sixty years. The three brothers were born in Wilkes county, and were men of unusual mental and bodily vigor. The eldest and youngest still survive. Their father was Colonel Shaler Hillyer, one of the early settlers, and their mother was a daughter of Captain John Freeman, a noted partisan soldier of that region in the revolutionary war. Judge Hillyer graduated at the State university in the year 1828, and at once entered upon a successful career in the practice of law. Among his classmates were Charles and William Dougherty, Charles J. Jenkins, A. H. Stephens, John J. Floyd, Hines Holt, and other noted men of that elder day. He won his fame and success in the celebrated bar of the Western and Northern circuits, and ranked as a peer of Lumpkin, Clayton, the Cobbs, Hutchins, Hull, Cone, Holt, and Chief Justice James Jackson, and others of like fame.

EARLY IN HIS CAREER

he was elected solicitor-general of the Western circuit, and was soon promoted to the judgeship. He won high encomiums from the eminent bar with which he was associated. He was twice elected to congress, serving in that body from 1850 to 1854, and was solicitor of the treasury at Washington city for four years, and up to the time of the beginning of the war, when Georgia, having seceded, he resigned and cast his lot with the people of his state. After the war two of his sons, Mayor George Hillyer and Mr. Henry Hillyer, having settled in Atlanta, he moved to Decatur in order to be near them. At that place he lived principally in retirement, and was part of the time a member of the law firm of Hillyer & Brother. The latter years of his life were spent in easy retirement, with the moderate competency reserved to him by years of

INTEGRITY AND FRUGALITY.

All of his life he was an open, avowed and consistent witness, both in his walk and conversation, to the truths of religion. Whilst a strict member of the Baptist church, he was not at all sectarian in any invidious sense, but loved a good man of whatever name. It was his habit, especially in his latter years of life, to speak in church meetings, and his earnest, Christian life, sound theological views and earnest words were a marked factor for good in the community. His loss must necessarily be very deeply felt. He was a noted landmark of the sterling integrity, pure life, and high sense of honor of the noted men of a past generation, whose memories are to be cherished and whose examples are a light for our feet. His early associates and situations were such as to make him know more about the history of Georgia in that critical and most interesting period of her controversies in the days of

CLARKE AND TROUP

and Augustin S. Clayton, in regard to the removal of the Cherokee and Creek Indians, than any other man probably who has been spared to revive and live among us in the last twelve or fifteen years or more. It is understood that in the form of a journal and recollections written out in the latter years of his leisure, he has some very interesting memoirs on these and kindred subjects, which doubtless would be instructive and interesting if they ever find their way into print. He had in those times a personal acquaintance with John Howard Payne, the famous poet and author of "Home, Sweet Home," and would give to his friends probably the only correct account of the adventures of that celebrated man, when in the camps of the Cherokee Indians he was captured by the Georgia state troops, and after they had recognized him by one of them singing that famous air, the rigor of his captivity was mitigated, and he was sent on parole to Athens. Judge Hillyer got up and

CIRCULATED THE FIRST CALL

for a public meeting in the town of Athens which projected the building of the Georgia road, and he was a most active and effective promoter of that enterprise until it was finished. He was a stockholder and intimately associated in its affairs for many years afterwards. The course of his whole life, the active part of it, was singularly stirring and eventful, and a detailed account of it would be most interesting and instructive reading. He was a most remarkable mixture in his character of caution, forethought, justice and moderation, but mingled with a singular degree of vigor and firmness, so that whilst never aspiring to what might be called great brilliancy, yet disaster and defeat were almost unknown in any part of his career. Like all the brothers, he was blessed with an iron constitution, and until the day when he was attacked with his last and almost only illness, gave promise of strength that might well carry him through a half-score or more of years of

ENJOYMENT AND USEFULNESS.

But when the sands of his four score years were nearly run out, he died in a serene and good old age, surrounded by his friends and his children, all of whom were with him at his bedside in his last hours, except a daughter who lives in Mississippi.

Judge Hillyer has four sons, Dr. Ebin Hillyer, president of the Rome railroad; Mayor George Hillyer, of Atlanta; Mr. Carlton Hillyer, auditor of the Georgia railroad, Augusta; Mr. Henry Hillyer, one of the leading attorneys of this city. His daughters are: Mrs. Whitfield, of Columbus, Miss.; Miss Kate Hillyer, vice principal of the Atlanta Female institute, and Miss Eva Hillyer, who lived with him at his home up to the time of his death. One son, Shaler, died in Alabama in 1868. Judge Hillyer married Mrs. Daniel Foster, of Greene county, nearly fifty yeas ago. Mrs. Hillyer died in 1880. She was

A GOOD, TRUE CHRISTIAN

and a loving and devoted wife and mother.

The funeral services will be held from the residence, Decatur, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Dr. McDonald. The remains will be interred in Oakland cemetery, and ample accommodations by a special train, leaving the depot at 2:45, have been provided for all who desire to attend.

The following gentlemen have been requested to act as pallbearers:

Milton A. Candler,	Robert R. Billups,
J. R. Russell,	J. W. Pearce,
John D. Stewart,	John L. Hopkins,
P. L. Mynatt,	James W. Morrow,
James E. Reese,	C. T. Berry,
James A. Mason,	John Glenn,
J. F. M. Smith,	Joseph A. Ansley.

The supreme court adjourned for today in respect to the memory of Judge Hillyer.

The city council yesterday passed the following resolutions.

Resolved, That we extend our earnest and sincere sympathy to our worthy mayor and his family in their affliction on account of the death of the distinguished citizen, Judge Junius Hillyer, and we venture to add that the people of Georgia will mourn with them the loss of one of her oldest, best and purest sons.

Resolved further, that the general council attend the funeral in a body.

Ask your druggist to show you "Red Lion" Elixir.

A SUICIDE IN TEXAS.

A Man Who Once Lived Near West Point Kills Himself in Texas.

The Morris County Herald, published in Daingerfield, Texas, contains an account of the suicide of Mr. Ben. C. Williams, who up to a short while ago lived near West Point. The suicide occurred at Cason, on Thursday of last week. The young man shot himself through the head with a pistol. The Herald says:

When the fatal shot was fired there was no man on the place, but several ladies gave the alarm, and when the first men reached him he was drawing his last breath.

The rash act of Williams was caused by his wife quitting him. To begin at the first of the trouble, it is necessary to state that about the first of May, Williams and Miss Fomby (later his wife) became engaged to be married, but Miss Fomby's guardian, Mr. E. B. Fielder, objected to the marriage. By the assistance of her sister (Fielder's wife) Miss Fomby succeeded in running away with Williams, and they were married. They returned home (Fielder's house), but were not welcomed by Fielder, and they left, moving to Cason. There they lived happily together for a few weeks, but relatives of the wife were constantly after her to quit Williams, and on the 5th of June she quit him, telling him that she had never loved him, nor ever could. This seemed to shook him to such an extent that he could not stand it. Being well raised, and a man of much pride, he could not bear to face his relatives and friends after having been separated from his wife. He stood it for a few days, but as the days passed by his troubles seem to grow greater, and on the evening of the 10th he went to see his wife, and she told him she would not live with him any more. His last hope seemed in vain, and he returned home to end his troubles on this earth.

Williams was a sober, industrious young man, and since he has lived in this county a more deserving young man could not be found. The following letter to Williams's wife, and found among his effects, may give some light on the subject, or at least be of interest to the public. A name was signed to it, but is left off for reasons:

Darling Lizzie—I am sorry I ever helped you and Williams off. It will cause us much trouble, but you must not live with him much longer, for you know by us parting you all, it will save us, and you ought to love me better than the grand rascal you married, for he married you for what you had, and not because he loved you. Come Sunday and I can talk to you. Also, your brother wants to talk to you, Williams can come with you this time, but I will not let him come in my house any more.

On the back of the letter was written: "Burn this so Williams can't see it, and we'll keep him in the dark as well as in the cool."

ABOUT FLEISHMAN.

The Manager of the Mercantile Agency Denies the Embezzlement.

A few weeks ago THE CONSTITUTION printed a special telegram from Cincinnati, in which it was stated that J. N. Fleishman, of this city, who had been working for a commercial agency, had embezzled funds amounting to $500 and skipped out. Yesterday THE CONSTITUTION received the following letter from C. Fred Price, manager of the mercantile agency for which Fleishman worked:

CINCINNATI, June 17, 1886.—Atlanta Constitution: Dear Sir—My attention having been called to a most unjust and imaginative report you copied from the "Enquirer" here about one month since, in which Mr. J. N. Fleishman, or a person using his name, figured as an embezzler to the amount of $500, I write you, hoping that you will make the proper correction. Mr. Fleishman was employed here in this office, having come well recommended by two first-class Atlanta business houses, and while here did his work promptly and well. The highly fanciful report of his supposed "embezzlement" must have eminated from the brain of some enemy here, who waited until he had left the city to "stab him in the back." In justice to his family living, I understand, in Atlanta, I trust that you will "do the honorable." Respectfully yours, C. FRED PRICE.

Good Music.

Williams's famous orchestra, from Cincinnati, O., en route for New Holland springs, where they play for the season, will arrive in Atlanta this afternoon at 6 p. m., and will be quartered at the Kimball house. The weather permitting, they will discourse some of their elegant music at the Kimball house, Markham house and principal residence streets. Should they do so, it would be a delightful serenade. The managers of the Athletic baseball park have arranged for this band to give some of their elegant selections Wednesday afternoon during the game between Atlanta and Nashville. The music alone will be worth double the admission fee. Should the New Holland springs orchestra decide to remain over Wednesday, they will give exhibition music through the principal street about ten o'clock Wednesday morning. Lovers of good classical music, go out to the park Wednesday afternoon and enjoy a rich flow of music and the best game of ball of this season. This orchestra is composed of nine pieces, being a combination band of both brass and string instruments. The selection of this fine orchestra for New Holland springs is in keeping with the spirit of enterprise manifested by the management this season at this popular resort.

Fine Collection of Birds.

Professor Leon, of Mansfield, Ohio, put on exhibition this morning at 27 Marietta street, under opera house, the finest collection of birds ever in Atlanta. They are of the rarest kind and from every country on the globe, and it will certainly be a great treat to all who admire the feathered kingdom. Professor Leon takes great pleasure in explaining to the visitors the different kind, and makes it very entertaining to all. Among his collection he has the Vampire, or Human Blood Sucker, and it is certainly a rare sight and should be seen by all. Also the Golden Pheasant, with its beautiful plumage reigns queen of all birds. He also has a nice collection of animals.

From Earth to Heaven.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Holbrook died yesterday afternoon after an illness of only a few weeks. The little fellow was only on earth a short while, but he carried happiness to the hearts of father and mother. He has been transplanted from earth to heaven, and in heaven he awaits the coming of loved ones. The funeral services will be held this afternoon at three o'clock.

"Red Lion" Elixir is just what you need.

PERSONAL.

JUDGE T. J. SIMMONS, of Macon, is at the Kimball.

MR. H. H. SMITH, of Rome, was among the visitors to Atlanta yesterday.

MESSRS. F. R. LOGAN and P. C. Cashman have returned to the city after spending a week at Gordon Springs.

PROFESSOR H. W. CARD's full orchestra, of Macon, will furnish music for the guests the entire season at the Arlington. su tu thu

CAPTAIN H. H. COLQUITT left yesterday afternoon to visit Washington city and eastern cities. He will be absent several weeks.

WHEN you go to Gainesville, stop at the Arlington. Wink Taylor, proprietor. Commercial men special attention. sun tu thu

COLONEL NICHOLAS WILLIAMS, a prominent lawyer of Memphis, Tenn., is in the city spending a few days with his brother at the Talmadge.

MESSRS. JOHN C. ALLEN and Thad. G. Greene, of Eatonton, are visiting Atlanta. They are receiving treatment from Dr. A. W. Calhoun.

MR. LEW HUTZLER leaves this morning for Baltimore to attend the T. P. A. convention. Mr. Hutzler goes as the president of the Georgia division, and our drummer boys will be well taken care of by him.

A full line of Alapaca and Sicilian Coats and Vests, in sizes from 34 to 46 breast, in frocks, long and short sacques at A. & S. Rosenfeld's. su tu wed

WINK TAYLOR, proprietor of Arlington hotel, Gainesville, Ga., is an old traveling man, and also a member or the Traveler's Protective association. Give him a call. spn tu thu

THE Arlington is the only hotel in Gainesville that charges $2 per day, strictly, contains more rooms on the first floor than all other hotels combined. Telegraph, express, postoffice, bar, billiards and barber shop in building. sututh

AT THE KIMBALL: J G White, LaGrange; E N Sickles, N Y; J A Adams, Chattanooga, Tenn; J W White, Fort Wayne, Ind; A K Stewart, C W Jacobs, J H Thomas, Nashville, Tenn; J J Clay, C C Clao, W H Whitehead, Macon; R P Cane, Gainsville, W D Barnes, Jr, Fla; B B Lynch, Baltimore; Jos B Coxe and wife, two children and two nurses, Greenville, S C; J W Naams, Chattanooga, Tenn; N B Jones, Athens, C D Horne, Ga; D S Farmer, Sparta; W H Camp, New Holland springs; M C Kollock, Savannah, Florida and Western railway; B F Hallet, New York; T J Simmons, Macon; H G Williams, Washington, D C; George S Harrison, Chicago; M Arnstone, New York; Charles Hedges, Galveston, Texas; O B Fuller, Augusta; W B Thomas, Athens; H D Capers, Adairsville; S Pulaski, New York; J A Dewer, Tate, Ga; P H Ash, New York; H C Arnall, Newnan, Ga; T A Acrer, Camilla, Ga.

"Red Lion" Elixir for diarrhœa and bowel complaints.

AROUND THE BASES.

THE BALL AND THE BAT AND THE MEN WHO HANDLE THEM.

The Rain Prevents All Games in the Southern League And the Players Have an Idle Day—What will be Done Today—The Two Teams that Atlantians will See Today, etc., etc.

For the first time since the organization of the Southern league rain yesterday prevented every game scheduled for the day.

Atlanta, Chattanooga, Macon and Savannah, were all wet from morning till night.

The last games of the present series will be played today. Nashville will be here tomorrow and Memphis will go to Chattanooga, while Augusta goes home to entertain Savannah and Charleston drops into Macon. The game today will likely be largely attended. If the weathes is fine the clubs will put up a fine game. Manager Sneed says that he intends putting forward every effort to win the game, and has telegraphed for Black, the man who hits a home run every day. The teams will be as follows today:

ATLANTA.	POSITIONS.	MEMPHIS.
Conway	Pitcher	Brynan.
Mappes	Catcher	Earle.
Lynch	First base	Andrews.
Stricker	Second base	Phelan.
Lyons	Third base	McSorley.
Cline	Short stop	Fusslebach.
Purcell	Left field	Shea.
Shafer G.	Center field	Broughton.
Williams	Right field	Sneed.

A Game Tomorrow Morning.

Tomorrow, Wednesday, morning at nine o'clock the Marietta club will arrive in the city, and will at once be taken in charge and escorted to Athletic park by the newly formed "H. W. Grady" club, where game will be called promptly at ten o'clock. The latter club is composed of the best amateur material in the city, and their visitors will have to "play ball" to win. The public are invited. As this is the initiatory game, no admission fee will be charged, and good order will be preserved.

Baseball Summary.

New York—New York 7, Washington 3.
Staten Island—Metropolitans 4, Baltimore 1.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 8, Louisville 2.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati 5, St. Louis 6, thirteen innings.
Detroit—Chicagos 1, Detroit 4.
Kansas City—Kansas City 2, St. Louis 6.
Philadelphia—Athletics 8, Brooklyns 7.

Diamond Dust.

Cline is like a young girl and refuses to tell his age.

Local interest in the great Detroit-Chicago games is very high.

The baseball players all hung about the Kimball yesterday.

Stephen A. Ryan, one of the managing directors of the Atlantas, is in New York.

The Atlantas have made eighteen home runs this season in championship games.

Dundon wants to pitch all four of the games against Atlanta when he comes here.

"Tug" Arundell says that he can take the Atlanta team and beat the great Detroit sluggers.

McDonald, who played for Atlanta in the early part of the season, has just been released by Buffalo.

It is said that the St. Louis league club has sold Kirby, one of their pitchers, to the Nashville club for $500.

Augusta has purchased a new pitcher, and says that she intends being near the top in the pennant race.

This afternoon Conway and Mappes will be the battery for the home team, and Brynan and Earle for Memphis.

It is said that "Tug" Arundel cried yesterday because it rained, as he intended defeating the Nashville club again.

George Shafer, the new center fielder of the Atlantas, arrived from Philadelphia yesterday, and is in excellent condition.

Manager Sneed, of the Memphis club, is a relative of General Gordon, and is a graduate of the university of the south.

The Atlantas are regarded as the finest base runners in the Southern league, and have more stolen bases to their credit than any other club.

When Latham, of the St. Louis Browns, gets started he reminds one of a calliope, as he shoots off his mouth in one hundred different tones at the same time.

The Louisvilles are now playing finer ball than any club in the association. If they can get another pitcher to help Ramsey and Hecker they may yet be the champions.

President Proudfit has called a meeting of the directors of the Southern league, to be held in Macon on June 28th. Matters of vital importance will come up before the meeting.

The Atlanta public was very much disappointed at the rain preventing yesterday's Memphis-Atlanta game. Today being the last game between the celebrated clubs, a large crowd is expected.

Gus Schemltz was anxious to secure George Shafer who has just signed with Atlanta, but Atlanta, as usual got ahead of the balance of the world and secured the finest center fielder in the country.

Isaac G. Haas, the treasurer of the Savannah club, desires President Proutfit to order the meeting of the board of directors to be held at Atlanta, as that is a more convenient point than Macon.

Atlanta, Savannah, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga joined in a request to President Proudfit to call a meeting of the Southern league directors at an early date. The call was accordingly issued.

The New York club is to be strengthened. Gillespie will be replaced in left field by a better thrower and batsman, if he can be secured. Burns, of Newark, is wanted, and negotiations for his transfer are now pending.

In a game last week Dunlap, of the St. Louis League club, made three runs, four base hits, including a three-bagger and a home run, eight put outs, seven assists, and one error, which is the best individual record this season.

President Von der Ahe wants the charges preferred against Tony Mullane thoroughly ventilated, and with that in view sent the following to President Wycoff, of the association: "I think it is imperative for the good of the national pastime that a meeting of the board of directors of the American association be called immediately to investigate the charges of crookedness preferred against Tony Mullane."

The Chattanooga Times led off its base ball column yesterday with a poem, in five stanzas, dedicated to "Mikado" Baker, who allowed his opponents to make fourteen safe hits. Elsewhere the Times has the following: "Nashville's celebrated 'Mikado,' whom the Nashville papers claim to be the finest pitcher in the Southern league, was knocked silly, and at the close of the game looked like a picked chicken in a thunder storm."

All of the heavy batsmen in the American association are right-handed hitters, while in the league the left-handed sluggers lead in the batting averages. For instance, in the league, take Big Thompson and Brouthers of the Detroits; Roger O'Connor, of the New Yorks; Dalrymple and Gore, of Chicago; and Joe Start, of Washington—all of them left-handed. In the American association there is O'Neil and Foutz, of the Browns; Orr and Roseman, of the Mets; Stovey and Larkin, of the Athletics; Browning and Hecker, of the Louisvilles; and Jones, of the Cincinnatis, every one of whom wield the willow with their right.

WEST END NOTES.

Mr. Jake Schane will build on his Peeples street lot next spring.

Mr. and Mrs Malcolmn Johnston's youngest child has been quite ill for several days.

Mr. J. A. DeFort is building a two story residence on Lee street next door to Mr. John F. Morris's.

The families of Mr. W. L. Stanton and Mr. Howard will leave in a few days to spend some weeks in the mountains.

Dr. T. D. Longino has bought a lot on corner of Lee and Park streets, and will erect a commodicus residence thereon.

The preliminary hearing of Marshal R. L. Jones, for the killing of Mr. Frank P. Gray, has been postponed until next Monday.

Mr. James K. Polk has bought a lot on Peeples street, nearly opposite Captain Evan P. Howell's, and will erect a residence thereon.

Mr. George V. Gress, of the Gress Lumber company, has bought a lot on Peeples street, near Mrs. Mark Johnston's, and will improve the same.

Tickets of admission to West End academy entertainment can be obtained at the stores of Mr. R. H. Caldwell or Ovid I. Culberson, or at the door of Park-street church.

Negotiations are in progress looking to the extension of gas mains to West End. Nearly every resident of the place will be glad to obtain gas for lighting their homes.

The graduates of West End academy this year are Thomas Kicklighter, Benjamin F. Pickett, Maggie Wright Culberson, Flaville Humphries and Annie Cooledge Kent. The next graduating class, likely, will number over twenty.

Real estate in West End is commanding good prices, and there is much demand for residence lots by persons seeking pleasant suburban homes where they are afforded excellent school facilities. There is not a community in the state that better combines the conveniences of the city with the comforts of country life.

The closing exercises of West End academy for the spring term will occur at Park Street Methodist church Wednesday and Thursday evenings, commencing at 8 o'clock p. m. The medals will be awarded by Mr. J. H. Lumpkin, one of Atlanta's most graceful speakers, and the diplomas will be delivered by Mr. G. A. Howell, in behalf of the board of trustees.

C. S. A. IN THE WATER.

An Atlanta Journalist Gets a Ducking at Salt Springs Sunday.

"You know a gentleman living in Atlanta named Atwood?" asked Conductor Patterson, of the Georgia Pacific yesterday.

"C. S. Atwood you mean?"

"Don't know his given name."

"What kind of a looking man is he?"

"Oh, medium size, dark complexion, blue eyes, heavy mustache, quick walker, fast talker, and graceful gesticulator. He is about——

"What's he do?"

"Don't know certainly, but I think he has something to do with a newspaper. He went——

"Oh, that's C. S. Atwood, the C. S. A. of the afternoon Capitol. You have described him to a 't.' But why,"

"Oh, nothing. Just wanted to kow if you knew him."

"Yes, I know him, but what's the matter? What are you laughing at?"

"Oh, nothing. You didn't go up to Salt springs yesterday, did you?"

"No. Did he?"

"Havn't you seen him today?"

"Oh, yes; see him every day. Have to see him every day. It's in my line of business to swap stories with him. But why?"

"Did he tell you anything?"

"No; what is it?"

"Well, it's a good joke, but I don't like to tell it."

"Go ahead, I won't give it away."

"Well, he went up to Salt springs Sunday. He was decked out in a white duck suit—white as snow—and looked like the happiest man in the world. Well, after dinner he went down on the creek. Everybody was down there, and Atwood was standing on the bank of the creek gamboling like a lamb, when suddenly his foot slipped and into the creek he went, head first. As he went down the bank he gave a yell that woke the woods and brought everybody to the bank of the creek. He rose to the surface, and blowing a stream of water out of his mouth, made a dart for the bank, and when he came out his white duck suit was red with the red clay. Well, I tell you he made a fine picture, one I have never seen before and never expect to see again. There he stood on the bank, not a dry stitch on him, red from his waist down and white up. Now it so happened that not a man at the springs had an extra suit with him, but Atwood took his situation good humoredly. Not even a ducking twenty miles from dry clothes could shake his equanimity. He looked at the crowd and smiled. The crowd smiled back, and then he remarked:

"'Darn nice pickle, this. But just show me to a fire, and I'll be all right in a minute.'

"Some one led him to the engine in the bath house, and for two hours he stood there drying out. But don't you think it was a dry time for him? Oh, no; he had a regular levee. His friends flocked about him, and he entertained them with jokes. But didn't you hear about it?"

"No, I——."

"I think he's trying to keep it mum, for I heard him say this morning that he had a subscription list of four hundred at Salt springs, but——; all aboard!" and in a minute the conductor's train was pulling out.

NOVELTIES IN RUSTIC WORK.

New and Attractive Designs On Exhibition at the Gate City Guard Armory.

The prettiest collection of rustic work ever seen in the city is now on exhibition at the Gate City Guard armory on Peachtree street. The designs are all novel, and are executed with perfect taste. There are chairs, settees, and large flower urns together with pieces of exquisite bric-a-brac. All of these pieces are made from the wood of ivy, which is one of the hardest woods known, and is susceptible of high polish. For lawns and residences, and parks this work is exceedingly ornamental, and, in fact, in attractiveness is unexcelled. It is to the interest of everyone to call and see this work, for it is the most elegant ever seen in the city. The designs are original, and the work was constructed by Messrs. Tryon and Gates, of Lula, Ga. Among the pieces on exhibition is a flower urn which is composed of between four and five hundred pieces of wood, and is elegantly finished. The collection is most attractive and well worth going to see, whether one wishes to purchase or not.

THE SCRATCH PAD.

Paragraphs Picked Up on the Sidewalks and Elsewhere by Reporters.

Nine more days and the saloons close.

Ripe peaches sell for all they are worth.

The suburban streets are in a wretched condition.

The union passenger depot floor is undergoing repairs.

Mr. Homer Reid has an eleven pound tricycle rider at his house.

Cumberland island is proving the popular resort for Atlantians.

The cold rain yesterday kept the ice cream cake men off the streets.

Rattlesnakes are said to abound in the woods near Ponce de Leon springs.

Soda water did not sell worth a cent yesterday but hot drinks were in demand.

The rain yesterday inferfered with the belgian block work on Whitehall street.

Canteloupes are becoming plentiful and watermelons are showing up occasionally.

The registration books close on the 30th, and still half the voters have not registered.

Dr. G. G. Roy's son has just graduated at the Richmond, Va., college with high honors.

The board of directors of the chamber of commerce will meet in called session this morning.

The closing exercises of Means's high school, at DeGive's opera house, were well attended last night, despite the inclement weather.

What will become of the Whitehall gates now that the council has repealed the ordinance requiring the railroads to put them up.

Mr. Mahoney, the commissioner of public works, might give some man a day's work at driving the nails down in the Broad street bridge floor.

Mr. J. J. Woodsides smiles serenely. It is a ten pound girl, and Captain E. M. Roberts, its grandfather, says her name shall be Fannie Gordon.

Judge Pendleton has been selected as the speaker at the annual meeting of the DeKalb County Sunday School association, on the 4th of August.

Colonel Baum says that when he promised to have the artesian well working by July 1st, he did not think of rain. The colonel is evidently a dry man.

Mr. Gus Evans, the Floridian, whose serious illness, at 49 Hood street, was mentioned in the last issue of THE CONSTITUTION, died early yesterday morning.

Thrower, the plasterer, says that he can't find an idle plasterer in the city, and that he wants a dozen of them. Still some people say Atlanta is not improving.

Real Estate Notes.

Notwithstanding the extreme inclement weather for the latter part of June, N. R. Fowler, salesman for Sam'l W. Goode, closed up two important sales of real estate on yesterday.

PLENTY OF WEATHER.

RAIN, WIND AND BAD WEATHER GENERALLY.

A Talk with the Signal Observer, and what He Thinks of it—The Effect on Crops as Viewed by Commissioner Henderson and His Assistant, Mr. R. J. Redding.

Atlanta is having a bad case of weather.

In fact there are several places down with the same complaint.

It is January weather in June, and overcoats and fires are in demand. The poor fellows who soaked their spring overcoats feel like getting some one to kick them out of town, and the heads of families who were rejoicing over the idea that there would be no more coal bills to pay, are abusing old man Hazen.

It is bad weather. Rainy, muddy, cold, and windy; just such weather as makes one wish he had nothing to do but stay in doors, and those who could do so yesterday and last night did not venture out on the streets to face the rain and driving wind. The wind began blowing Friday night and shifted to the east. It

WAS COOL AND BRACING

Saturday and Sunday, and yesterday morning at six o'clock the rain began falling in a slow, drizzling kind of style. The rain and the wind continued throughout the entire day and last night. The wind blew steadily at the rate of twenty-four miles an hour during the twenty-four hours.

Late yesterday afternoon a CONSTITUTION man, wet and chilly, climbed up into the ceiling of the customhouse into the signal office, and was greeted with an eight by ten smile by Sergeant Beall, who was sitting near the window reading Puck.

"Bad day," said Mr. Beall.

"Well, yes," replied the reporter. "How many like it are we to have?"

"Oh, I think it will break tomorrow from present indications. It is over in Texas, and the lowest barometer was reached here today."

"And how did it stand?"

"About sixty. The wind makes one think it is colder than it really is."

"The rain fall has been what?"

"Only one-fourth of an inch up to four o'clock. The rainfall

HAS NOT BEEN HEAVY,

but it has been very steady."

"How long since we had such weather?"

"In June, 1884, there was a rainy spell, but there was less wind and it was not so cold. The rainfall in twenty-one days was 10½ inches. That was a bad installment of weather."

"And you think it will break tomorrow?"

"Yes. But of course I cannot be positive about that. The indications are very favorable."

THE EFFECTS ON THE CROPS.

Leaving the weather man the reporter sought Assistant Agricultural Commissioner Redding and asked:

"What effect will this weather have on the crops?"

"A bad one, I fear," was the reply.

"Any reports yet?"

"No, and when they do come, I expect gloomy ones."

"How soon will the reports be in?"

"By the latter part of the month. We have had very bad weather, and the farmers have been unable to do much. In May the weather was bad up to about the 20th. I rather dread to get our reports for I know they won't be what we want them to be. Commissioner Henderson has just returned from Newton county, and perhaps can give you some facts, as he is a very close observer."

The reporter sought Judge Henderson, and he said: "I have been as far down as Covington, and I found the cotton crop good—much better, in fact, than I expected."

"The corn crop?"

"Is looking unusually well, and I think will remain so. This rain may blow down and injure some of it, but it is young enough to recover. Some of the corn fields are grassy, but then there is time to save it. Most of it is too young to be damaged by the winds. I noticed the cotton leaned toward the sun, and has a heavy top, what is known as an umbrella top. I have never known this sign to fail; we will have a good crop. This weather is bad on the crops; but I think everything will be all right.

"Red Lion" Elixir for the bowels and stomach.

Cholera Morbus is about as sure to come as Summer is. It comes suddenly and without warning — Dangerous and often fatal.

...YOU PREPARED ...its coming? ...of your family are ...PROMPT action ...may save life. For 45 YEARS ONE medicine has ALWAYS cured CHOLERA, CHOLERA MORBUS, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY and all SUMMER COMPLAINTS. CHILDREN can take it with perfect safety. This medicine is

Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

To be on the safe side get some NOW and have it on hand. For sale by all Druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Props. PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Clothing.

OUR CLEARING SALE — NOW IN FULL BLAST.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN ALL LINES.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS!

THIN SUMMER GOODS IN IMMENSE VARIETY.

CHOICE STYLES! LOW PRICES!

Prepare Yourself Against the Warm Season!

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